

Roads Department of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia



BIDDING DOCUMENTS

for

Procurement of Design – Build and Take-Over of Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation (km 6 - km 15) of Jinvali – Barisakho – Shatili Road

under

Output - and Performance-based Contracting (OPRC) Methodology

IFB No: SLRPIII/CW/NCB-20

Project: Third Secondary and Local Roads Project (SLRP III)

Employer: Roads Department of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia

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PART 1 – BIDDING PROCEDURES

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1.1

Scope of Bid

Section I. Instructions to Bidders

A. General

In connection with the Invitation for Bids indicated in the Bid

Data Sheet (BDS), the Employer, as indicated in the BDS, issues these Bidding Documents for the procurement

ofWorks and Services as listed below for the award of an Outputand Performance-based Road *Contract* (OPRC). The Works and Services under the OPRC will coverthe Roads indicated in theBDS and will consist of: Maintenance Services or "Services" consisting of all (a) interventions on the Roads which are to be carried out by the contractor in order to achieve and keep the Road performance standards defined by the Service Level included in the Specifications in Section VI of these Bidding Documents, and all activities related to the management and evaluation of the road network under contract. Rehabilitation Works, when requested in the BDS for (b) the sections of the Road(s) indicated in the BDS, consisting of specific types of civil works described in the Specifications. Improvement Works, when requested in the BDS, (c) consisting of a set of specific interventions indicated in the Specifications to add new characteristics to the Roads in response to existing or new traffic and safety or other considerations. Works consistingofactivities needed to reinstate the (d) Roads and reconstruct their structure or their right of way which has been damaged as a result of natural phenomena with imponderable consequences, such as strong storms, flooding, and earthquakes. 1.2 Throughout these Bidding Documents: the term "in writing" means communicated in written form and delivered against receipt; except where the context requires otherwise, words indicating the singular also include the plural and words indicating the plural also include the singular; and "day" means calendar day. **Source of Funds** 2.1 The Borrower or Recipient (hereinafter called "Borrower") indicated in the BDS has applied for or received financing (hereinafter called "funds") from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International

Development Association (hereinafter called "the Bank") toward the cost of the project **named in the BDS**. The Borrower intends to apply a portion of the funds to eligible payments under the contract(s) for which these Bidding Documents are issued.

2.2 Payments by the Bank will be made only at the request of the Borrower and upon approval by the Bank in accordance with the terms and conditions of the financing agreement between the Borrower and the Bank (hereinafter called the Loan Agreement), and will be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions of that Loan Agreement. No party other than the Borrower shall derive any rights from the Loan Agreement or have any claim to the funds. The Loan Agreementprohibits a withdrawal from the loan account for the purpose of any payment to persons or entities, or for any import of equipment, plant, or materials, if such payment or import is prohibited by a decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations.

Corrupt Practices (a) 3.1 It is the Bank's policy to require that Borrowers (including beneficiaries of Bank loans), bidders, suppliers, contractors and their agents (whether declared or not), sub-contractors, sub-consultants, service providers or suppliers, and any personnel thereof, observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement and execution of Bank-financed contracts.¹ In pursuance of this policy, the Bank: defines, for the purposes of this provision, the terms set forth below as follows:

- (i) "corrupt practice"² is the offering, giving, receiving or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party;
- (ii) "fraudulent practice"³ is any act or omission, including a misrepresentation, that knowingly or recklessly misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party

¹In this context, any action to influence the procurement process or contract execution for undue advantage is improper.

² "Another party" refers to a public official acting in relation to the procurement process or contract execution]. In this context, "public official" includes World Bank staff and employees of other organizations taking or reviewing procurement decisions.

³ A "party" refers to a public official; the terms "benefit" and "obligation" relate to the procurement process or contract execution; and the "act or omission" is intended to influence the procurement process or contract execution.

to obtain a financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation;

- (iii) "collusive practice"⁴ is an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including to influence improperly the actions of another party;
- (iv) "coercive practice"⁵ is impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party;
- (v) "obstructive practice" is
 - (aa) deliberately destroying, falsifying, altering or concealing of evidence material to the investigation or making false statements to investigators in order to materially impede a Bank investigation into allegations of a corrupt, fraudulent, coercive or collusive practice; and/or threatening, harassing or intimidating any party to prevent it from disclosing its knowledge of matters relevant to the investigation or from pursuing the investigation, or
 - (bb) acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank's inspection and audit rights provided for under sub-clause 3.1(e) below.
- will reject a proposal for award if it determines that the Bidder recommended for award has, directly or through an agent, engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or obstructive practices in competing for the Contract in question;
- will cancel the portion of the loan allocated to a contract if it determines at any time that representatives of the Borrower or of a beneficiary of the loan engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive or coercive practices during the procurement or the execution of that contract, without the Borrower having taken timely and appropriate action satisfactory to the Bank to remedy the situation;
- will sanction a firm or individual, including declaring them ineligible, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time, to be awarded a Bank-financed contract if it at any time determines that they have, directly or through an agent, engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or

Eligible Bidders

obstructive practices in competing for, or in executing, a Bank-financed contract; and

- will have the right to require that a provision be included in Bidding Documents and in contracts financed by a Bank Loan, requiring bidders, suppliers, contractors and consultants to permit the Bank to inspect their accounts and records and other documents relating to the Bid submission and contract performance and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the Bank.
- 3.2 Furthermore, Bidders shall be aware of the provision stated in Sub-Clause 59.2.1 (c) of the Particular Conditions.
- 4.1 A Bidder may be a natural person, private entity, governmentowned entity—subject to ITB 4.5—or any combination of such entities supported by a letter of intent to enter into an agreement or under an existing agreement in the form of a joint venture or association (JVA). In the case of a joint venture or association:
 - (a) unless otherwise specified in the BDS, all partners shall be jointly and severally liable, and
 - theJVA shall nominate a Representative who shall have the authority to conduct all business for and on behalf of any and all the partners of the JVA during the bidding process and, in the event the JVA is awarded the Contract, during contract execution.
 - 4.2 A Bidder, and all parties constituting the Bidder, may have the nationality of any country as defined under the *Guidelines: Procurement under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits* (hereinafter referred to as the Guidelines), subject to the restrictions specified in Section V, Eligible Countries. A Bidder shall be deemed to have the nationality of a country if the Bidder is a citizen or is constituted, incorporated, or registered and operates in conformity with the provisions of the laws of that country. This criterion shall also apply to the determination of the nationality of proposed subcontractors or suppliers for any part of the Contract including related Services.
 - 4.3 A Bidder shall not have a conflict of interest. All Bidders found to have a conflict of interest shall be disqualified. A Bidder may be considered to have a conflict of interest with one or more parties in this bidding process, if :

⁴ "Parties" refers to participants in the procurement process (including public officials) attempting to establish bid prices at artificial, non competitive levels.

⁵A "party" refers to a participant in the procurement process or contract execution.

(a) they have controlling partners in common; or

- (b) they receive or have received any direct or indirect subsidy from any of them; or
- (c) they have the same legal representative for purposes of this bid; or
- (d) they have a relationship with each other, directly or through common third parties, that puts them in a position to have access to information about or influence on the bid of another Bidder, or influence the decisions of the Purchaser regarding this bidding process; or
- (e) a Bidder participates in more than one bid in this bidding process. Participation by a Bidder in more than one Bid will result in the disqualification of all Bids in which the party is involved. However, this does not limit the inclusion of the same subcontractor in more than one bid; or
- (f) a Bidder participated as a consultant in the preparation of the design or technical specifications of the works that are the subject of the bid; or
- (g) a Bidder was affiliated with a firm or entity that has been hired (or is proposed to be hired) by the Employer or Borrower as Engineer for the Contract implementation..
- 4.4 A Bidder that has been determined to be ineligible by the Bank in relation to the Bank's Guidelines: Procurement under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits, the Bank's Guidelines: Selection and Employment of consultants by World Bank Borrowers, or the Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines on Preventing and Combating Corruption in Projects Financed by IBRD Loans and IDA Credits and Grants, shall not be eligible to be awarded a contract.
- 4.5 Government-owned entities in the Employer's country shall be eligible only if they can establish that they are legally and financially autonomous and operate under commercial law. Also, they shall not be dependent agencies of the Employer.
- 4.6 Bidders shall provide such evidence of their continued eligibility satisfactory to the Employer, as the Employer shall reasonably request.
- 4.7 Firms shall be excluded if:
 - (a) as a matter of law or official regulation, the Borrower's country prohibits commercial relations with that country, provided that the Bank is satisfied that such exclusion does not preclude effective competition for the supply of goods or related services required; or

Eligible Materials,

Services

Document

Equipment, and

- by an act of compliance with a decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, the Borrower's country prohibits any import of goods or contracting of Works or services from that country or any payments to persons or entities in that country.
- 4.8 This bidding is open only to prequalified Bidders, unless stated otherwise in the **BDS**.
- 5.1 The materials, equipment and services to be supplied under the Contract and financed by the Bank may have their origin in any country subject to the restrictions specified in Section V, Eligible Countries, and all expenditures under the Contract will be limited to such materials, equipment, and services. At the Employer's request, Bidders may be required to provide evidence of the origin of materials, equipment and services.
 - For purposes of ITB 5.1 above, "origin" means the place 5.2 where the materials and equipment are mined, grown, produced or manufactured, and from which the services are provided. Materials and equipment are produced when, through manufacturing, processing, or substantial or major assembling of components, a commercially recognized product results that is substantially in its basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components.

B. Contents of Bidding Document

Sections of Bidding 6.1 The Bidding Documents consist of Parts 1, 2, and 3, which include all the Sections indicated below, and should be read in conjunction with any Addenda issued in accordance with ITB 8.

PART 1 Bidding Procedures

- Section I. Instructions to Bidders (ITB) •
- Section II. Bid Data Sheet (BDS)
- Section III. Evaluation Criteria and Qualification Criteria
- Section IV. Bidding Forms .
- Section V. Eligible Countries •

PART 2 Specifications for Works and Services

Section VI. Specifications for Works and Services

PART 3 Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms

- Section VII. General Conditions (GC) •
- Section VIII. Particular Conditions (PC) •

- Section IX. Annex to the Particular Conditions -Contract Forms
- 6.2 The Invitation for Bids issued by the Employer is not part of the Bidding Document.
- 6.3 The Employer is not responsible for the completeness of the Bidding Documents and their addenda, if they were not obtained directly from the source stated by the Employerin the Invitation for Bids.
- 6.4 The Bidder is expected to examine all instructions, forms, terms, and specifications in the Bidding Document. Failure to furnish all information or documentation required by the Bidding Documents may result in the rejection of the bid.
- 7.1 A prospective Bidder requiring any clarification of the Bidding Document shall contact the Employer in writing at the Employer's address indicated in the BDS or raise his enquiries during the pre-bid meeting if provided for in accordance with ITB 7.4. The Employer will respond in writing to any request for clarification, provided that such request is received no later than twenty-one (21) days prior to the deadline for submission of bids. The Employer shall forward copies of its response to all Bidders who have acquired the Bidding Document in accordance with ITB 6.3, including a description of the inquiry but without identifying its source. Should the Employer deem it necessary to amend the Bidding Document as a result of a request for clarification, it shall do so following the procedure under ITB 8 and ITB 22.2.
 - 7.2 The Bidder is required to visit and examine the Site of the Roadsand its surroundings and obtain for itself andon its own responsibility all information that may be necessary for preparing the bid and entering into a contract for construction of the Works. The costs of visiting the Site shall be at the Bidder's own expense.
 - 7.3 The Bidder and any of its personnel or agents will be granted permission by the Employer to visit the Roads and surrounding lands for the purpose of such visit, but only upon the express condition that the Bidder, its personnel, and agents will release and indemnify the Employer and its personnel and agents from and against all liability in respect thereof, and will be responsible for death or personal injury, loss of or damage to property, and any other loss, damage, costs, and expenses incurred as a result of the inspection.
 - 7.4 The Bidder's designated representative is required to attend a pre-bid meeting, **if provided for in the BDS**. The purpose of

Clarification of Bidding Document, Site Visit, Pre-Bid Meeting the meeting will be to clarify issues and to answer questions on any matter that may be raised at that stage.

- 7.5 The Bidder is requested, as far as possible, to submit any questions in writing, to reach the Employer not later than one week before the meeting.
- 7.6 Minutes of the pre-bid meeting, including the text of the questions raised, without identifying the source, and the responses given, together with any responses prepared after the meeting, will be transmitted promptly to all Bidders who have acquired the Bidding Documents in accordance with ITB 6.3. Any modification to the Bidding Documents that may become necessary as a result of the pre-bid meeting shall be made by the Employer exclusively through the issue of an Addendum pursuant to ITB 8 and not through the minutes of the pre-bid meeting.
- 7.7 Nonattendance at the pre-bid meeting will not be a cause for disqualification of a Bidder.
- Amendment of Bidding8.1At any time prior to the deadline for submission of bids, the
Employer may amend the Bidding Documents by issuing
addenda.
 - 8.2 Any addendum issued shall be part of the Bidding Documents and shall be communicated in writing to all who have obtained the Bidding Document from the Employerin accordance with ITB 6.3.
 - 8.3 To give prospective Bidders reasonable time in which to take an addendum into account in preparing their bids, the Employer may, at its discretion, extend the deadline for the submission of bids, pursuant to ITB 22.2

C. Preparation of Bids

- **Cost of Bidding** 9.1 The Bidder shall bear all costs associated with the preparation and submission of its Bid, and the Employer shall not be responsible or liable for those costs, regardless of the conduct or outcome of the bidding process.
- Language of Bid
 10.1 The Bid, as well as all correspondence and documents relating to the bid exchanged by the Bidder and the Employer, shall be written in the language specified in the BDS. Supporting documents and printed literature that are part of the Bid may be in another language provided they are accompanied by an accurate translation of the relevant passages in the language specified in the BDS, in which case, for purposes of interpretation of the Bid, such translation shall govern.
- **Documents** 11.1 The Bid shall comprise the following:

Comprising the Bid

- (a) Letter of Bid
- (b) completed schedules as required, including priced Bills of Quantities, in accordance with ITB 12 and 14;
- (c) Bid Security, in accordance with ITB 19;
- (d) alternative bids, if permissible, in accordance with ITB 13;
- (e) written confirmation authorizing the signatory of the Bid to commit the Bidder, in accordance with ITB 20.2;
- (f) documentary evidence in accordance with ITB 17 establishing the Bidder's qualifications to perform the contract if its Bid is accepted;
- (g) Technical Proposal in accordance with ITB 16; and
- (h) any other document required in the **BDS**.
- 11.2 In addition to the requirements under ITB 11.1, bids submitted by a JVA shall include a copy of the Joint Venture Agreement entered into by all partners. Alternatively, a Letter of Intent to execute a Joint Venture Agreement in the event of a successful bid shall be signed by all partners and submitted with the bid, together with a copy of the proposed agreement.
- Letter of Bid, and Schedules
 12.1 The Letter of Bid and Schedules, including the Bills of Quantities, shall be prepared using the relevant forms furnished in Section IV, Bidding Forms. The forms must be completed without any alterations to the text, and no substitutes shall be accepted. All blank spaces shall be filled in with the information requested.
- Alternative Bids 13.1 Unless otherwise indicated in the BDS, alternative bids shall not be considered.
 - 13.2 When alternative times for reaching the required Service Levels or for the completion of Rehabilitation or Improvement Works are explicitly invited, a statement to that effect **will be included in the BDS**, as will the method of evaluating different times for completion.
 - 13.3 Except as provided under ITB 13.4 below, Bidders wishing to offer technical alternatives to the requirements of the bidding document must first price the Employer's design as described in the bidding document and shall further provide all information necessary for a complete evaluation of the alternative by the Employer, including drawings, design calculations, technical specifications, breakdown of prices, and proposed construction methodology and other relevant details. Only the technical alternatives, if any, of the lowest

Bid Prices and

Discounts

evaluated Bidder conforming to the basic technical requirements shall be considered by the Employer.

- 13.4 When specified in the BDS, Bidders are permitted to submit alternative technical solutions for specified parts of the Rehabilitation and/or Improvement Works, and such parts will beidentified in the BDS, as will the method for their evaluating, and described in Section VI, Work's Requirements.
- 14.1 The prices and discounts quoted by the Bidder in the Letter of Bid and in the Bills of Quantities shall conform to the requirements specified below.
- 14.2 The Bidder shall fill in rates and prices for all items of the Works and Services described in the Bills of Quantities. Items against which no rate or price is entered by the Bidder will not be paid for by the Employer when executed and shall be deemed covered by the rates for other items and prices in the Bills of Quantities.
- 14.3 The price to be quoted in the Letter of Bid, in accordance with ITB 12.1, shall be the total price of the Bid, excluding any discounts offered.
- 14.4 The Bidder shall quote any unconditional discounts and the methodology for their application in the Letter of Bid, in accordance with ITB 12.1.
- 14.5 Unless otherwise provided in the BDS and the Contract, the rates and prices quoted by the Bidder are subject to adjustment during the performance of the Contract in accordance with the provisions of the Conditions of Contract. In such a case, the Bidder shall furnish the indices and weightings for the price adjustment formulae in the Schedule of Adjustment Data and the Employer may require the Bidder to justify its proposed indices and weightings.
- 14.6 If so indicated in ITB 1.1, bids are being invited for individual lots (contracts)or for any combination of lots (packages). Bidders wishing to offer any price reduction for the award of more than one Contract shall specify in their bid the price reductions applicable to each package, or alternatively, to individual Contracts within the package. Price reductions or discounts shall be submitted in accordance with ITB 14.4, provided the bids for all lots (contracts) are submitted and opened at the same time.
- 14.7 All duties, taxes, and other levies payable by the Contractor under the Contract, or for any other cause, as of the date 28 days prior to the deadline for submission of bids, shall be

included in the rates and prices and the total Bid Price submitted by the Bidder.

- Currencies of Bid and
Payment15.1The currency(cies) of the bid and the currency(ies) of
payments shall be as specified in the BDS.
 - 15.2 Bidders may be required by the Employer to justify, to the Employer's satisfaction, their local and foreign currency requirements, and to substantiate that the amounts included in the unit rates and prices and shown in the Summary of Payment Currency Schedule, in which case a detailed breakdown of the foreign currency requirements shall be provided by Bidders.
- Documents16.1The Bidder shall furnish a Technical Proposal including a
statement of work methods, equipment, personnel, schedule
and any other information as stipulated in Section IV, in
sufficient detail to demonstrate the adequacy of the Bidders'
proposal to meet the requirements of Section VI,
Specifications.
- Documents17.1To establish its qualifications to perform the Contract in
accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification
Criteria, the Bidder shall provide the information requested in
the corresponding information sheets included in Section IV,
Bidding Forms.
 - 17.2 Domestic Bidders, individually or in joint ventures, applying for eligibility for domestic preference shall supply all information required to satisfy the criteria for eligibility as described in ITB 33.
- Period of Validity of Bids
 18.1 Bids shall remain valid for the period specified in the BDS after the bid submission deadline date prescribed by the Employer. A bid valid for a shorter period shall be rejected by the Employer as non responsive.
 - 18.2 In exceptional circumstances, prior to the expiration of the bid validity period, the Employer may request Bidders to extend the period of validity of their bids. The request and the responses shall be made in writing. If a bid security is requested in accordance with ITB 19, it shall also be extended for twenty-eight (28)days beyond the deadline of the extended validity period. A Bidder may refuse the request without forfeiting its bid security. A Bidder granting the request shall not be required or permitted to modify its bid, except as provided in ITB 18.3.
 - 18.3 In the case of fixed price contracts, if the award is delayed by a period exceeding fifty-six (56) days beyond the expiry of the initial bid validity, the Contract price shall be adjusted by a factor specified in the request for extension. Bid evaluation

Bid Security

shall be based on the Contract Price without taking into consideration the above correction.

- 19.1 **Unless otherwise specified in the BDS**, the Bidder shall furnish as part of its bid, a bid security in original form and in the amount and currency **specified in the BDS**.
- 19.2 The bid security shall be a demand guarantee at the Bidder's option, in any of the following forms:
 - (a) an unconditional bank guarantee;
 - (b) an irrevocable letter of credit;
 - (c) a cashier's or certified check; or
 - (d) another security indicated in the BDS,

from a reputable source from an eligible country. If the bid security furnished by the Bidder is in the form of a bond issued by an insurance or bonding institution located outside the Employer's Country, it shall have a correspondent financial institution located in the Employer's Country to make it enforceable. The bid security shall be submitted either using the Bid Security Form included in Section IV, Bidding Forms, in the case of a bank guarantee, or in another substantially similar format approved by the Employer prior to bid submission. In either case, the form must include the complete name of the Bidder. The bid security shall be valid for twenty-eight (28)days beyond the original validity period of the bid, or beyond any period of extension if requested under ITB 18.2.

- 19.3 Any bid not accompanied by an enforceable and compliant bid security, if one is required in accordance with ITB 19.1, shall be rejected by the Employer as non responsive.
- 19.4 The bid security of unsuccessful Bidders shall be returned as promptly as possible upon the successful Bidder's furnishing of the performance security pursuant to ITB 41.
- 19.5 The bid security of the successful Bidder shall be returned as promptly as possible once the successful Bidder has signed the Contract and furnished the required performance security.
- 19.6 The bid security may be forfeited:
 - (a) if a Bidder withdraws its bid during the period of bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid Form, except as provided in ITB 18.2 or
 - (b) if the successful Bidder fails to:

- (i) sign the Contract in accordance with ITB 40; or
- (ii) furnish a performance security in accordance with ITB 41.
- 19.7 The bid security of a JVA shall be in the name of the JVA that submits the bid. If the JVA has not been legally constituted at the time of bidding, the Bid Security shall be in the names of all future partners as named in the letter of intent referred to in ITB 4.1.
- 19.8 If a bid security is not required in the BDS, and
 - (a) if a Bidder withdraws its bid during the period of bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid Form, except as provided in ITB 18.2, or
 - (b) if the successful Bidder fails to:
 - (i) sign the Contract in accordance with ITB 40; or
 - (ii) furnish a performance security in accordance with ITB 41;

the Borrower may, **if provided for in the BDS**, declare the Bidder ineligible to be awarded a contract by the Borrower for a period of time **as stated in the BDS**.

- Format and Signing of Bid
 Bid
 20.1 The Bidder shall prepare one original of the documents comprising the bid as described in ITB 11 and clearly mark it "ORIGINAL." Alternative bids, if permitted in accordance with ITB 13, shall be clearly marked "ALTERNATIVE." In addition, the Bidder shall submit copies of the bid, in the number specified in the BDS and clearly mark them "COPY." In the event of any discrepancy between the original and the copies, the original shall prevail.
 - 20.2 The original and all copies of the bid shall be typed or written in indelible ink and shall be signed by a person duly authorized to sign on behalf of the Bidder. This authorization shall consist of a written confirmation **as specified in the BDS** and shall be attached to the bid. The name and position held by each person signing the authorization must be typed or printed below the signature. All pages of the bid where entries or amendments have been made shall be signed or initialed by the person signing the bid.
 - 20.3 Any inter-lineation, erasures, or overwriting shall be valid only if they are signed or initialed by the person signing the bid.

D. Submission and Opening of Bids

Sealing and Marking
of Bids21.1The Bidder shall enclose the original and all copies of the bid,
including alternative bids, if permitted in accordance with
ITB 13, in separate sealed envelopes, duly marking the

		envelopes as "ORIGINAL," "ALTERNATIVE," and "COPY."
		These envelopes containing the original and the copies shall then be enclosed in one single envelope.
	21.2	The inner and outer envelopes shall:
		(a) bear the name and address of the Bidder;
		(b) be addressed to the Employer in accordance with ITB 22.1;
		(c) bear the specific identification of this bidding process indicated in the BDS 1.1; and
		(d) bear a warning not to open before the time and date for bid opening.
	21.3	If all envelopes are not sealed and marked as required, the Employer will assume no responsibility for the misplacement or premature opening of the bid.
Deadline for Submission of Bids	22.1	Bids must be received by the Employer at the address and no later than the date and time indicated in the BDS . When so specified in the BDS , bidders shall have the option of submitting their bids electronically. Bidders submitting bids electronically shall follow the electronic bid submission procedures specified in the BDS .
	22.2	The Employer may, at its discretion, extend the deadline for the submission of bids by amending the Bidding Document in accordance with ITB 8, in which case all rights and obligations of the Employer and Bidders previously subject to the deadline shall thereafter be subject to the deadline as extended.
Late Bids	23.1	The Employer shall not consider any bid that arrives after the deadline for submission of bids, in accordance with ITB 22. Any bid received by the Employer after the deadline for submission of bids shall be declared late, rejected, and returned unopened to the Bidder.
Withdrawal, Substitution, and Modification of Bids	24.1	A Bidder may withdraw, substitute, or modify its bid after it has been submitted by sending a written notice, duly signed by an authorized representative, and shall include a copy of the authorization in accordance with ITB 20.2, (except that withdrawal notices do not require copies). The corresponding substitution or modification of the bid must accompany the respective written notice. All notices must be:
		(a) prepared and submitted in accordance with ITB 20 and ITB 21 (except that withdrawals notices do not require copies), and in addition, the respective envelopes shall be

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clearly marked "WITHDRAWAL," "SUBSTITUTION," "MODIFICATION;" and

- (b) received by the Employer prior to the deadline prescribed for submission of bids, in accordance with ITB 22.
- 24.2 Bids requested to be withdrawn in accordance with ITB 24.1 shall be returned unopened to the Bidders.
- 24.3 No bid may be withdrawn, substituted, or modified in the interval between the deadline for submission of bids and the expiration of the period of bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid Form or any extension thereof.
- Bid Opening
 25.1 The Employer shall open the bids in public, in the presence of Bidders` designated representatives and anyone who choose to attend, and at the address, date and time specified in the BDS. Any specific electronic bid opening procedures required if electronic bidding is permitted in accordance with ITB 22.1, shall be asspecified in the BDS.
 - 25.2 First, envelopes marked "WITHDRAWAL" shall be opened and read out and the envelope with the corresponding bid shall not be opened, but returned to the Bidder. No bid withdrawal shall be permitted unless the corresponding withdrawal notice contains a valid authorization to request the withdrawal and is read out at bid opening. Next, envelopes marked "SUBSTITUTION" shall be opened and read out and exchanged with the corresponding bid being substituted, and the substituted bid shall not be opened, but returned to the Bidder. bid substitution shall be permitted unless the No corresponding substitution notice contains a valid authorization to request the substitution and is read out at bid opening. Envelopes marked "MODIFICATION" shall be opened and read out with the corresponding bid. No bid modification shall be permitted unless the corresponding modification notice contains a valid authorization to request the modification and is read out at bid opening. Only envelopes that are opened and read out at bid opening shall be considered further.
 - 25.3 All other envelopes shall be opened one at a time, reading out: the name of the Bidder and whether there is a modification; the Bid Price(s), including any discounts and alternative offers; the presence of a bid security, if required; and any other details as the Employer may consider appropriate. Only discounts and alternative offers read out at bid opening shall be considered for evaluation. If so requested by the Employer in the BDS, the Letter of Bid andtheBill of Quantities are to be initialed by representatives of the Employer attending bid opening in the manner indicated in

the BDS. No bid shall be rejected at bid opening except for late bids, in accordance with ITB 23.1.

25.4 The Employer shall prepare a record of the bid opening that shall include, as a minimum: the name of the Bidder and whether there is a withdrawal, substitution, or modification; the Bid Price, per lot if applicable, including any discounts and alternative offers; and the presence or absence of a bid security, if one was required. The Bidders' representatives who are present shall be requested to sign the record. The omission of a Bidder's signature on the record shall not invalidate the contents and effect of the record. A copy of the record shall be distributed to all Bidders.

E. Evaluation and Comparison of Bids

- **Confidentiality** 26.1 Information relating to the evaluation of bids and recommendation of contract award shall not be disclosed to Bidders or any other persons not officially concerned with such process until information on Contract award is communicated to all Bidders.
 - 26.2 Any attempt by a Bidder to influence the Employer in the evaluation of the bids or Contract award decisions may result in the rejection of its bid.
 - 26.3 Notwithstanding ITB 26.2, from the time of bid opening to the time of Contract award, if any Bidder wishes to contact the Employer on any matter related to the bidding process, it may do so in writing.
- **Clarification of Bids** 27.1 To assist in the examination, evaluation, and comparison of the bids, and qualification of the Bidders, the Employer may, at its discretion, ask any Bidder for a clarification of its bid. Any clarification submitted by a Bidder that is not in response to a request by the Employer shall not be considered. The Employer's request for clarification and the response shall be in writing. No change in the prices or substance of the bid shall be sought, offered, or permitted, except to confirm the correction of arithmetic errors discovered by the Employer in the evaluation of the bids, in accordance with ITB 31.
 - 27.2 If a Bidder does not provide clarifications of its bid by the date and time set in the Contracting Agency's request for clarification, its bid may be rejected.

Deviations,	28.1	During the evaluation of bids, the following definitions apply:
Reservations, and Omissions		(a) "Deviation" is a departure from the requirements specified in the Bidding Document;
		(b) "Reservation" is the setting of limiting conditions or withholding from complete acceptance of the requirements specified in the Bidding Document; and
		(c) "Omission" is the failure to submit part or all of the information or documentation required in the Bidding Document.
Determination of Responsiveness	29.1	The Employer's determination of a bid's responsiveness is to be based on the contents of the bid itself, as defined in ITB11.
	29.2	A substantially responsive bid is one that meets the requirements of the Bidding Document without material deviation, reservation, or omission. A material deviation, reservation, or omission is one that,
		(a) if accepted, would
		 (i) affect in any substantial way the scope, quality, or performance of the Works specified in the Contract; or
		 (ii) limit in any substantial way, inconsistent with the Bidding Document, the Employer's rights or the Bidder's obligations under the proposed Contract; or
		(b) if rectified, would unfairly affect the competitive position of other Bidders presenting substantially responsive bids.
	29.3	The Employer shall examine the technical aspects of the bid submitted in accordance with ITB 16, Technical Proposal, in particular, to confirm that all requirements of Section VI, Specifications have been met without any material deviation or reservation.
	29.4	If a bid is not substantially responsive to the requirements of the Bidding Document, it shall be rejected by the Employer and may not subsequently be made responsive by correction of the material deviation, reservation, or omission.
Nonmaterial Nonconformities	30.1	Provided that a bid is substantially responsive, the Employer may waive any nonconformities in the bid that do not constitute a material deviation, reservation or omission.
	30.2	Provided that a bid is substantially responsive, the Employer may request that the Bidder submit the necessary information or documentation, within a reasonable period of time, to rectify nonmaterial nonconformities in the bid related to documentation requirements. Requesting information or

documentation on such nonconformities shall not be related to any aspect of the price of the bid. Failure of the Bidder to comply with the request may result in the rejection of its bid.

- 30.3 Provided that a bid is substantially responsive, the Employer shall rectify nonmaterial nonconformities related to the Bid Price. To this effect, the Bid Price shall be adjusted, for comparison purposes only, to reflect the price of a missing or non-conforming item or component. The adjustment shall be made using the method indicated in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
- 31.1 Provided that the bid is substantially responsive, the Employer shall correct arithmetical errors on the following basis:
 - (a) if there is a discrepancy between the unit price and the total price that is obtained by multiplying the unit price and quantity, the unit price shall prevail and the total price shall be corrected, unless in the opinion of theEmployer there is an obvious misplacement of the decimal point in the unit price, in which case the total price as quoted shall govern and the unit price shall be corrected;
 - (b) if there is an error in a total corresponding to the addition or subtraction of subtotals, the subtotals shall prevail and the total shall be corrected; and
 - (c) if there is a discrepancy between words and figures, the amount in words shall prevail, unless the amount expressed in words is related to an arithmetic error, in which case the amount in figures shall prevail subject to (a) and (b) above.
- 31.2 If the Bidder that submitted the lowest evaluated bid does not accept the correction of errors, its bid shall be disqualified.
- Conversion to Single
Currency32.1For evaluation and comparison purposes, the currency(ies) of
the bid shall be converted into a single currency as specified
in the BDS.
- Margin of Preference 33.1 Unless otherwise specified in the BDS, a margin of preference shall not apply.
- **Evaluation of Bids** 34.1 The Employer shall use the criteria and methodologies listed in this Clause. No other evaluation criteria or methodologies shall be permitted.
 - 34.2 To evaluate a bid, the Employer shall consider the following:

Design-Build and Take-Over of Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation

Correction of Arithmetical Errors

- (a) the bid price, excluding Provisional Sums and the provision, if any, for contingencies in the Summary Bill of Quantities;
- (b) price adjustment for correction of arithmetic errors in accordance with ITB 31.1;
- (c) price adjustment due to discounts offered in accordance with ITB 14.4;
- (d) converting the amount resulting from applying (a) to (c) above, if relevant, to a single currency in accordance with ITB 32;
- (e) adjustment for nonconformities in accordance with ITB 30.3;
- (f) the evaluation factors indicated in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria;
- 34.3 The estimated effect of the price adjustment provisions of the Conditions of Contract, applied over the period of execution of the Contract, shall not be taken into account in bid evaluation.
- 34.4 If these Bidding Documents allows Bidders to quote separate prices for different lots (contracts), and the award to a single Bidder of multiple lots (contracts), the methodology to determine the lowest evaluated price of the lot (contract) combinations, including any discounts offered in the Letter of Bid Form, is specified in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
- 34.5 If the bid, which results in the lowest Evaluated Bid Price, is seriously unbalanced or front loaded in the opinion of the Employer, the Employer may require the Bidder to produce detailed price analyses for any or all items of the Bill of Quantities, to demonstrate the internal consistency of those prices with the construction methods and schedule proposed. After evaluation of the price analyses, taking into consideration the schedule of estimated Contract payments, theEmployermay require that the amount of the performance security be increased at the expense of the Bidder to a level sufficient to protect theEmployeragainstfinancial loss in the event of default of the successful Bidder under the Contract.
- 34.6 The price of the Rehabilitation and Improvement Works included in each bid shall not be higher than the threshold **indicated in the BDS**. If the Bidder estimates that its costs for the Rehabilitation and Improvement Works are higher than the threshold indicated in the BDS, it shall include the portion above the threshold in its price for the Maintenance

	25.1	Services. If the bid which results in the lowest Evaluated Bid Price is above the threshold indicated in the BDS for the Rehabilitation and Improvement Works, the Employer may reject the bid.
Comparison of Bids	35.1	The Employer shall compare all substantially responsive bids to determine the lowest evaluated bid, in accordance with ITB 34.2.
	35.2	After application of the criteria established in Sub-Clauses 34.1 to 34.6, the Evaluated Bid Price for comparison of bids will be:
		(a) The lump-sum price offered by the Bidder for the Maintenance Services; plus
		(b) The lump-sum price offered by the Bidder for the Rehabilitation Works, if the bidding documents require prices for this type of works; plus
		(c) The total price of the priced Bill of Quantities for the Improvement Works, if the bidding documents require prices for this type of works, plus
		(d) The total price of the pricedBill of Quantities for the Emergency Works.
Qualification of the Bidder	36.1	The Employer shall determine to its satisfaction whether the Bidder that is selected as having submitted the lowest evaluated and substantially responsive bid meets the qualifying criteria specified in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
	36.2	The determination shall be based upon an examination of the documentary evidence of the Bidder's qualifications submitted by the Bidder, pursuant to ITB 17.1.
	36.3	An affirmative determination shall be a prerequisite for award of the Contract to the Bidder. A negative determination shall result in disqualification of the bid, in which event the Employer shall proceed to the next lowest evaluated bid to make a similar determination of that Bidder's qualifications to perform satisfactorily.
Employer's Right to Accept Any Bid, and to Reject Any or All Bids	37.1	The Employer reserves the right to accept or reject any bid, and to annul the bidding process and reject all bids at any time prior to contract award, without thereby incurring any liability to Bidders. In case of annulment, all bids submitted and specifically, bid securities, shall be promptly returned to the Bidders.

F. Award of Contract

- Award Criteria38.1The Employer shall award the Contract to the Bidder whose
offer has been determined to be the lowest evaluated bid and
is substantially responsive to the Bidding Document,
provided further that the Bidder is determined to be qualified
to perform the Contract satisfactorily.
- **Notification of Award** 39.1 Prior to the expiration of the period of bid validity, the Employer shall notify the successful Bidder, in writing, that its bid has been accepted. The notification letter (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms called the "Letter of Acceptance") shall specify the sum that the Employer will pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution and completion of the Works (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms called "the Contract Price") and the requirement for the Contractor to remedy any defects therein as prescribed by the Contract. At the same time, the Employer shall also notify all other Bidders of the results of the bidding and shall publish in UNDB online and in the *dgMarket* the results identifying the bid and lot numbers and the following information: (i) name of each Bidder who submitted a Bid; (ii) bid prices as read out at Bid Opening; (iii) name and evaluated prices of each Bid that was evaluated; (iv) name of bidders whose bids were rejected and the reasons for their rejection; and (v) name of the winning Bidder, and the Price it offered, as well as the duration and summary scope of the contract awarded.
 - 39.2 Until a formal contract is prepared and executed, the notification of award shall constitute a binding Contract.
 - 39.3 The Employer shall promptly respond in writing to any unsuccessful Bidder who, after notification of award in accordance with ITB 39.1, requests in writing the grounds on which its tender was not selected.
- **Signing of Contract** 40.1 Promptly after notification, the Employer shall send the successful Bidder the Contract Agreement.
 - 40.2 Within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt of the Contract Agreement, the successful Bidder shall sign, date, and return it to the Employer.
- **Performance Security** 41.1 Within twenty-eight (28) days of the receipt of notification of award from the Employer, the successful Bidder shall furnish the performance security in accordance with the conditions of contract, subject to ITB 34.5, using for that purpose the Performance Security Form included in Section IX, Annex to the Particular Conditions Contract Forms, or another form acceptable to the Employer. If the performance security furnished by the successful Bidder is in the form of a bond, it shall be issued by a bonding or insurance company that has

been verified by the successful Bidder to be acceptable to the Employer. A foreign institution providing a bond shall have a correspondent financial institution located in the Employer's Country.

41.2 Failure of the successful Bidder to submit the abovementioned Performance Security or sign the Contract shall constitute sufficient grounds for the annulment of the award and forfeiture of the bid security. In that event the Employer may award the Contract to the next lowest evaluated Bidder whose offer is substantially responsive and is determined by the Employer to be qualified to perform the Contract satisfactorily.

Section II. Bid Data Sheet

ITB Clause Reference	Bid Data				
	A. Introduction				
ITB 1.1	TB 1.1 The number of the Invitation for Bids is: SLRPIII/CW/NCB-20				
ITB 1.1	The Employer is: Roads Department of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia, Kazbegi Avenue 12, 0160 Tbilisi, Georgia				
ITB 1.1	The name of the NCB is: Design-Build and Take-Over of Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation under Output and Performance-based Road Contracting Methodology				
ITB 1.1	The identification number of the NCB is: SLRPIII/CW/NCB-20 This Bidding Document covers the Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section identified				
	on the location map included in the specifications. The Scope of the Bid for Works to which this bidding documents refers, among others, comprise:				
	- Detailed Design from Chainage 3+100 to 13+103				
	- Rehabilitation Works from Chainage 3+100 to 13+103				
ITB 1.1 (b)	Rehabilitation Works are required for Chinti - TvaliviRoad Section in a total length of 10.003 km from Chainage 3+100 to Chainage 13+103.				
ITB 1.1 (c)	Improvement Works and Maintenance Works are NOT required.				
ITB 2.1	The Borrower is: Georgia				
ITB 2.1	The Name of the Project is: Third Secondary and Local Roads Project (SLRPIII) The total estimated cost of proposed works is GEL 10,438,718.64 including all taxes, duties and other governmental levies as elaborated under clause ITB - 14.7. However, it is the responsibility of the bidder to submit a bid price, which could be below or above the estimated cost, based on the				
	current market prices and any other factors which may influence the pricing of the proposed works.				
ITB 4.1 (a)	The individuals or firms in a joint venture or association shall be jointly and severally liable.				
ITB 4.8	The bidding process is open to all interested bidders and requiring post- qualification				
	B. Bidding Documents				
ITB 7.1	For clarification purpose s only, the Employer's address is:				

ITB 7.4	Requests for clarification should be submitted through the Georgian E-Government Procurement System. Requests for clarification should be received by the Employer no later than: 14 days prior to the deadline for submission of bids. A Pre-Bid meeting will take place at the following date, time and place: Street/Address: Kazbegi Avenue 12 Floor/Room number: 3 rd Floor, Conference Room City: Tbilisi Country: Georgia Date: October 21 st 2016 Time: 15:00 hours local time				
	<u>Time: 15:00 hours local time</u> A site visit conducted by the Employer <u>will not be organized</u> , but the bidder, at his own expense, responsibility and risk is encouraged to visit and examine the site of works and its surroundings and obtain all information that may be necessary for preparing the bid and entering into a contract for construction of the works.				
	Bidders are also strongly advised to visit the site under this contract before the date of the pre-bid meeting.				
	C. Preparation of Bids				
ITB 10.1	The language of the bid is: <i>English</i>All correspondence exchange shall be in <i>English</i>.Language for translation of supporting documents and print literature is as given above.				
ITB 11.1 (h)	Bidding documents together with all documentation necessary to back up claims made in support of the bidder's qualification statements. As a minimum this should include, but not be limited to:				
	 Bidders shall submit partners'/shareholders' decision empowering Director of the company to sign the bid on behalf of the bidder. If the bid is signed by any other person, other than a director, the bidder shall submit a written Power of Attorney authorizing the person to sign the bid on behalf of the bidder. Failing to meet such requirement the bid shall be rejected. Details of any JV arrangement, including agreement or draft agreement (stating among others shares of works distributed among the members of the JV and respective financial arrangements between 				
	 the parties); Letter of Intent of subcontracting (for design services Letter of Intent shall be submitted; for other works Letter of Intent shall be submitted if applicable); 				
	The Bidder shall submit with its bid the following additional documents:				
	 Technical Implementation Requirements Information: i.e. Contracting Entity, Site Organization (i.e. Detailed Organizational Structure of the Contracting Entity including but not limited to Work Division between the parties; Functions and Assignments; and all other elements indicating the level of understanding of the Contracting 				

ITB 12.1	 Entity regarding the OPRC concept to be implemented in this project, as also the role and relevant information on Subcontractor(s). Construction Equipment and Materials Availability; Initial Tentative Program of Performanceand resource based Work Plan & time Table; CVs of the key staff listed in the para. 2.5 "Personnel" of the Section III. Evaluation and Qualification Criteria; Quality Control Program; consultant Bidders will present their Bid Price for:
	The Rehabilitation Works (in the form of a lump-sum amount, while indicating the required measurable outputs to be executed in order that the road achieves the performance standards specified in the bidding documents. Payment for Rehabilitation Works shall be made based on the work outputs satisfactorily completed in conformity with the Specifications as measured by the Contractor and verified by the Project Manager. It is important to note that the only payments to the contractor are the lump-sum for Rehabilitation Works (price of preparation of detailed design shall not be stated separately, but included in the price of rehabilitation works).
ITB 13.1	Alternative bids shall not be permitted.
ITB 13.2	Alternative times for completion of the Works shall not be permitted.
ITB 13.4	Alternative technical solutions shall not be permitted.
ITB 14.5	The prices quoted by the Bidder shall be fixed; consequently, the Bidder is not required to furnish the indices and weightings for the price adjustment formula in the Schedule of Adjustment Data"
ITB 15.1	The currency(cies) of the bid and the currency(ies) of payments shall be: Georgian Laris (GEL)
ITB 18.1	The bid validity period shall be 90 (ninety) days .
ITB 19.1	 The Bidder shall furnish a bid-securing declaration. The Bid-Securing Declaration shall be for the following period of time: <u>1</u> <u>year</u> starting on the date of the bid opening stated in ITB 25.1. Bidders are reminded that the format of the Bid-Securing Declaration should be in accordance with the form of Bid-Securing Declaration included in Section 4.
ITB 19.2 (d)	Other types of acceptable securities are: None
ITB 20.1	In addition to the original of the bid, the number of copies is: N/A
ITB 20.2	The written confirmation of authorization to sign on behalf of the Bidder shall consist of: (a) Bidders shall submit partners'/shareholders' decision empowering Director of the company to sign the bid on behalf of the bidder. If the bid is signed by any other person, other than a director, the bidder shall submit a written Power of Attorney authorizing the person to sign the bid on behalf of the bidder. Failing to meet such requirement the bid shall be

	rejected; and (b) In the case of Bids submitted by an existing or intended JV an undertaking signed by all parties (i) stating that all parties shall be jointly and severally liable, (ii) nominating a Representative who shall have the authority to conduct all business for and on behal of any and all the parties of the JV during the bidding process and, in the event the JV is awarded the Contract, during contract execution (iii) stating the proportion of the works to be carried out by each member and (iv) details of financial arrangements between the parties;			
	D. Submission and Opening of Bids			
ITB 21.1	Bidders <i>shall submit</i> their bids electronically through Georgian E-Government Procurement System.			
	Government procurement procedures SHALL NOT apply for this procurement. Bid submission and bid opening will take place electronically using Georgian E-Government Procurement System with certain modifications. Major modifications to the Georgian E-Procurement System are:			
	- Functionality of the three round safe-Reverse auction is removed. Rounds will not be applicable.			
	- The estimated cost of the contract is disclosed in the E-Procurement system and bidders can submit a bid price, which could be below or above the estimated cost, however pricing the bid is the responsibility of the bidder, which shall be based on the current market prices and any other factors which may influence the pricing of the proposed works.			
	Please note that bidding is conducted under National Competitive Bidding (NCB) procedures as specified in the World Bank's Guidelines: Procurement of Goods, Works and Non-Consulting Services under IBRD Loan sand IDA Credits & Grants by World Bank Borrowers, January 2011, revised July 2014 ("Procurement Guidelines").			
ITB 21.2 and 21.3	N/A			
ITB 22.1	Bidders shall follow the electronic bid submission procedures of Georgian E- Government Procurement System.			
	Bidders <i>shall submit</i> their bids <i>electronically</i> through Georgian E-Government Procurement System.			
ITB 25.1	ITB Clause 25.1 is modified to read the following:			
	Bid opening will take place electronically using Georgian E-Government Procurement System with certain modifications. Major modi fications to the Georgian E-Procurement System are:			
	- Functionality of the three round safe-Reverse auction is removed. Rounds will not be applicable.			
	- The estimated cost of the contract is disclosed in the E-Procurement system and bidders can submit a bid price, which could be below or above the estimated cost, however pricing the bid is the responsibility of the bidder,			

	which shall be based on the current market prices and any other factors, which may influence the pricing of the proposed works.The Minutes of the Bid Opening will be uploaded in the E-Procurement System following the bid opening.		
ITB 25.3	The Letter of Bid and Bills of Quantities shall not be initialed by representatives of the Employer.		
	E. Evaluation and Comparison of Bids		
ITB 31.1	 Add point "(d)" to the sub-clause "31.1 Correction of Arithmetical Errors" with the following wording: "if there is a discrepancy between total bid price quoted in the Electronic Procurement System (SPA) web-page, the Letter of Bid and the Summary of Bill of Quantities, the Bill of Quantities shall prevail subject to (a), (b) and (c) above." 		
ITB 32.1	The currency that shall be used for bid evaluation and comparison purposes to convert all bid prices expressed in various currencies into a single currency is: Georgian Lari (GEL) The source of exchange rate shall be: N/AThe date for the exchange rate shall be: N/A		
ITB 33.1	A margin of preference shall not apply.		
ITB 34.6	Not applicable		

Section III. Evaluation and Qualification Criteria (Post-Qualification)

This Section contains all the criteria that the Employer shall use to evaluate bids and qualify Bidders. In accordance with ITB 34 and ITB 36, no other factors, methods or criteria shall be used. The Bidder shall provide all the information requested in the forms included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.

1. Evaluation

In addition to the criteria listed in ITB 34.2 (a) – (e) the following criteria shall apply:

1.1 Financial Strength of Applicant

The data submitted by the bidder shall clearly demonstrate that it has the financial strength to undertake the proposed works. In particular it shall show that the applicant has the necessary financial backing to carry out the whole of the works within the period specified in Particular Conditions of the Contract.

In order to demonstrate this, the Bidder must provide comprehensive evidence that it has readily available working capital to meet the costs of works (excluding Provisional Sums) and to meet the requirements given in the table of Qualification Criteria below. Information shall be provided using the Forms CCC and FIN-1 provided in Section IV, Bid Forms, Current Commitments/Financial Resources accompanied by the audited accounts stipulated.

1.2 Technical Strength of the Applicant

The bidder shall clearly demonstrate that it has the technical strength to carry out the project. This shall be demonstrated through the qualification of the key staff listed in the para. 2.5 "Personnel" of the Section III. Evaluation and Qualification Criteria personnel who will be deployed, by the adequacy of the equipment available for the project and through the experience of the Bidder in the different areas of work required.

1.3 Adequacy of Technical Proposal

Evaluation of the Bidder's Technical Proposal will include an assessment of the Bidder's understanding of the project requirements and his ability to meet them. This will be judged on the quality of the bidders:

- Site Organization
- o Method Statement
- Mobilization Schedule
- Construction Schedule

1.5 Composition of the Bidder or Bidding Group

The Particular Conditions allow for the use of sub-contractors across a wide range of activities, however, if sub-contractor's experience is to be used to provide a part of the

Bidder's qualifications then that (or those) sub-contractor(s) must be named in these qualification data and complete details provided as for members of a joint venture.

The bidder must provide sufficient details of the work expected to be allocated to each named sub-contractor and sufficient details of the sub-contractor's financial strength to demonstrate that the the sub-contractor has the financial strength to undertake the proportion of the proposed works allocated to him.

Similar data must be provided for named subcontractors as for JV partners and the forms for JV information should also be completed for such subcontractors.

It must be noted that there cannot be a Joint Venture (JV) Agreement between the Contractor and the consultant; this derives from the "joint and several" responsibilities expected of one and the other in case one of the contracting parties went bankrupt or was unable to perform for other reasons. Given the above requirement, it is clear that the association between the contractor and the consultant will be a sub-consultancy arrangement. However, a contractor can form a JV with another contractor.

1.6 Completion Time

No alternative completion times will be permitted.

1.7 Technical Alternatives

There will be no evaluation of technical alternatives.

1.8 Additional Qualification CriterionBidder shall demonstrate that it has the capacity to handle the contract for the proposed works, while executing any outstanding works the bidder has already committed with the Employer or any other agencies. The Bidder shall submit the outstanding works In the form CCC (Current Contract Commitments/Works in Progress) with the bid.

"The Bidder's capacity is calculated as follows: AT1 = AT2 - OWWhere:

AT1 – The bidder's Available Annual Capacity (cumulative amount of contract(s) that can be awarded to the bidder)

AT2 - Average Annual Construction Turnover of the Bidder as submitted in FORM FIN 3.2

OW – Annual Value of Outstanding Work including contracts awarded but work not yet started as submitted in Form CCC.

The bidder shall complete this table:

	GEL
Average Annual Turnover (AT2)	
Annual Value of Outstanding Work (OW)	
Available Annual Capacity (AT1)	

Notes:

"For contracts with intended completion period not exceeding 12 months, and/or for contracts with remaining intended completion period not exceeding 12 months, the sum of REMAINING Balance Works will be taken into account while determining Bidders' Annual Capacity (AT1)".

2. Qualification

Factor	2.1 ELIGIBILITY										
			Criteria								
				Bidder			-				
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint V	enture, Consor Association	rtium or	Named Subcon-	Documentation Required				
			All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	tractor					
2.1.1 Nationality	Nationality in accordance with ITB 4.2.	Must meet requirement	Existing or intended JVA must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	Form ELI –1.1 and 1.2, with attachments				
2.1.2 Conflict of Interest	No- conflicts of interests as described in ITB 4.3.	Must meet requirement	Existing or intended JVA must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	Letter of Bid				
2.1.3 Bank Ineligibility	Not having been declared ineligible by the Bank as described in ITB 4.4.	Must meet requirement	Existing JVA must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	Letter of Bid				
2.1.4 Government Owned Entity	Compliance with conditions of ITB 4.5	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	Form ELI –1.1 and 1.2, with attachments				

Factor	2.1 ELIGIBILITY									
			Criteria							
				Bidder						
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Vo	enture, Consor Association	tium or	Named Subcon-	Documentation Required			
			All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	tractor				
2.1.5 Ineligibility based on a United Nations resolution or Borrower's country law	Not having been excluded as a result of the Borrower's country laws or official regulations, or by an act of compliance with UN Security Council resolution, in accordance with ITB 4.7	Must meet requirement	Existing JVA must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	Letter of Bid			

Factor	2.	2 HISTORI	ICAL CON	TRACT NO	on-Perfo	RMANCE	
			Criteria				
				Bidder			
Sub-Factor	Paguiromont	C' I	Joint V	Venture, Conso Association	rtium or	Named	Documentation Required
Requirement	Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor		
2.2.1 History of non- performing contracts	Non-performanceofacontract6didnotoccurwithinthelastfive(5)yearspriortothedeadlineforapplicationapplicationsubmission,basedonallinformationonfully settleddisputesdisputesorlitigation.Afullysettleddisputeorlitigationisonethat hasbeenresolvedinaccordanceDisputeResolutionMechanismunder	requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement by itself and as partner to past or existing JVA	N/A	Must meet requirement	Form CON - 2

⁶ Non performance, as decided by the Employer, shall include all contracts where (a) nonperformance was not challenged by the contractor, including through referral to the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract, and (b) contracts that were so challenged but fully settled against the contractor. Non performance shall not include contracts where Employers decision was overruled by the dispute resolution mechanism. Non performance must be based on all information on fully settled disputes or litigation, i.e. dispute or litigation that has been resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract and where all appeal instances available to the Bidder have been exhausted.

Factor	2.3	2.2 HISTORICAL CONTRACT NON-PERFORMANCE									
			Criteria								
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Size - Le	Joint	Bidder Venture, Conso Association	rtium or	Named	Documentation Required				
	Requirement	Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	-				
	respective contract, and where all appeal instances available to the bidder have been exhausted.										
2.2.2 <i>Pending</i> <i>Litigation</i>	All pending litigation shall in total not represent morethantenty percent (20 %) of the Bidder's ⁷ net worth and shall be treated as resolved against the Bidder.	Must meet requirement by itself and as partner to past or existing JVA	N/A	Must meet requirement by itself and as partner to past or existing JVA	N/A	Must meet requirement	Form CON – 2				

⁷The Bidder shall provide accurate information on the letter of Bid about any litigation or arbitration resulting from contracts completed or ongoing under its execution over the last five years. A consistent history of court/arbitral awards against the Bidder or any member of a joint venture may result in disqualifying the Bidder.

Factor		2	2.3 FINAN	CIAL SITU	ATION		
			Criteria				
				Bidder			
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Circ al a	Joint V	Venture, Conso Association	ortium or	Named	Documentation Required
		Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	
2.3.1 Historical Financial Performance	Submission of audited balance sheets or if not required by the law of the bidder's country, other financial statements acceptable to the Employer, for the last five (5) years (from 2011 to/including 2015) to demonstrate the current soundness of the bidders financial position and its prospective long term profitability.	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	N/A	N/A	Form FIN – 3.1 with attachments
2.3.2. Average Annual Turnover	Minimum average annual turnover of GEL 11,000,000.00 , calculated as total certified payments received for contracts	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	Must meet twenty percent (20%) of the requirement	Must meet fifty percent (50%) of the requirement	N/A	Form FIN –3.2

Factor		2.3 FINANCIAL SITUATION									
		Criteria									
				Bidder							
Sub-Factor	Requirement	C: I	Joint V	Venture, Conso Association	ortium or	Named	Documentation Required				
		Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor					
	completed, within the last five (5) years (from 2011 to/including 2015) divided by five (5);										
2.3.2 (b)	Minimum Available Annual Capacity of GEL 7,400,000 calcualted as specified in Section III	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	Must meet twenty percent (20%) of the requirement	Must meet fifty percent (50%) of the requirement	N/A	Form FIN –3.2 and Form CCC				

Factor		2.3 FINANCIAL SITUATION									
			Criteria								
				Bidder							
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Charal a	Joint V	enture, Cons Association		Named	Documentation Required				
		Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor					
2.3.3. Financial Resources	The Bidder must demonstrate access to, or availability of, financial resources such as liquid assets, unencumbered real assets, lines of credit, and other financial means, other than any contractual advance payments to meet: (i) the following cash-flow requirement: GEL 1,800,000.00 and (ii) the overall cash flow requirements for this contract and its current commitments.	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet at least 50 percent (50%) of the requirement	N/A	Form FIN –3.3				

Factor							
			l	Bidder			-
Sub-Factor	Requirement		Joint V	enture, Conso Association	ortium or	Named	Documentation Required
	Kequitement	Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	
2.4.1 General Experience	Experience under contracts in the role of contractor, subcontractor, or management contractor for at least the last five (5) years (starting January 1 st 2011) prior to the bid submission deadline	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement	N/A	N/A	Form EXP-4.1
2.4.2 (a) Specific Experience	(a)Participation as a JV member ⁸ , contractor, management contractor, or subcontractor, in at least one (1) road rehabilitation and/or	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Must meet requirement of at least one Contract	N/A	Form EXP 2.4.2(a)

⁸For contracts under which the Bidder participated as a joint venture member or sub-contractor, only the Bidder's share, by value, shall be considered to meet this requirement.

¹¹In the case of JV, the value of contracts completed by its members shall not be aggregated to determine whether the requirement of the minimum value of a single contract has been met. Instead, each contract performed by each member contributing to meeting the requirement shall satisfy the minimum value of a single contract as required for single entity. In determining whether the JV meets the requirement of total number of contracts, only the number of contracts completed by members each of value equal or more than the minimum value required shall be aggregated.

Factor	2.4 EXPERIENCE									
Sub-Factor	Requirement	61 1	Joint V	enture, Cons Association		Named Subcon- tractor	Documentation Required			
		Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner					
	construction contract on or after the first day of the calendar year during the period stipulated in 2.4.1 above, with a value of at least GEL 8,000,000.00 that have been successfully and substantially ⁹ completed and that are similar ¹⁰ to the proposed Works.									

⁹ Substantial completion shall be based on 80% or more works completed under the contract.

¹⁰The similarity shall be based on the physical size, complexity, methods/technology and/or other characteristics described in Section VII, Work's Requirements. Summation of number of small value contracts (less than the value specified under requirement) to meet the overall requirement will not be accepted.

Factor							
			Criteria	D.11			
Sub-Factor	Requirement		Joint V	Bidder Venture, Cons Association		Named	Documentation Required
	Kequitement	Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	Kequireu
2.4.2 (b) Specific Experience	 b) For the above or other contracts executed during the period stipulated in 2.4.2(a) above, a minimum experience in the following key activities: At least 65,000 m² of pavement rehabilitation / construction completed during any one year; At least 250 m² of of bridge deck rehabilitation / construction completed during any one year; 	Must meet requirement s	Must meet requirement s	N/A	Must meet at least one of the two requirements	Must meet the requirement in proposed activity	Form EXP-2.4.2(b)

Factor			2.4 Ex	XPERIENC	E					
		Criteria								
				Bidder			_			
Sub-Factor	Requirement	Circ al a	Joint V	Venture, Cons Association		Named	Documentation Required			
		Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	•			
2.4.2 (c) Specific Design Experience	(c) The bidder shall meet requirements for engineering design by proposed subconsultant(s). For the purpose of this bidding a Letter of Intent of subcontracting should be submitted with the Bid.	Must meet requirement	N/A	N/A	N/A	Must meet requirement s	FormEXP-2.4.2 (c)			

Factor							
				Bidder			
Sub-Factor	Requirement	C ! 1	Joint V	enture, Conse Association		Named	Documentation Required
	Acquirement	Single Entity	All partners combined	Each partner	At least one partner	Subcon- tractor	
	Over the period on or after the first day of the calendar year during the period stipulated in 2.4.1 above the sub-consultant should have experience in at least two (2) successfully completed contracts of Detailed Design for paved roads rehabilitation / reconstruction / construction works with a value of at least GEL 250,000.00 for each detailed design contract.						

2.5 Personnel

The Bidder must demonstrate that it has the personnel for the key positions that meet the following requirements:

A. Design Stage

The following table summarizes the requirements for key staff during the Design Stage. The detailed requirements are presented below the table.

Note: The Design Phase is simultaneous with mobilization and also simultaneous with Rehabilitation stage.

No.	Position	Total Similar Experience (years)	In Similar Works Experience (years)
1	Road Manager/Design Team Leader	15	10
2	Road Design Engineer	15	10
3	Bridge Design Engineer	15	10
4	Drainage Engineer	10	8
5	Topographical Surveyor	8	5
6	Pavement / Materials Engineer	10	8

The consultant shall have an adequate representation in situ at all times. The size of that representation may vary in accordance with the various stages of the Project.

B. Rehabilitation Stage

The following table summarizes the requirements for key staff during and Construction Stage. The detailed requirements are presented below the table.

No.	Position	Total Work Similar Experience (years)	In Similar Works Experience (years)
1	Road Manager	<u>15</u>	10
2	Road Construction Engineer	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>
3	Bridge Construction Engineer	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>
4	Material Engineer	<u>10</u>	8
5	Quality Control Engineer	<u>8</u>	5

The Bidder shall provide details of the proposed personnel and their experience records using Forms PER-1 and PER-2included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.

2.6 Equipment

The Bidder must demonstrate that it has the key equipment listed hereafter:

No.	Equipment Type and Characteristics	Minimum Number required
1	Bulldozer (>245 HP)	1
2	Excavator 0,3 m3	1
3	Tipper Tuck 12 ton	10
4	Water Bowser 3000 litre	1
5	Vibration Drum Roller 10 ton	2
6	Pneumatic Roller 12 ton	2
7	Bitumen Distributor 2000 litre	1
8	Asphalt Mixing Plant min. 80 ton/h	1
9	Asphalt Paver, self leveling, 3 m wide	1
10	Concrete Batching Plant (>60m3/h)	1
11	Transport Mixer (>6m3)	4
12	Motor Grader (>135 HP)	2

The Bidder shall provide further details of proposed items of equipment using Form EQU in Section IV, Bidding Forms.

Section IV. Bidding Forms

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Technical Proposal	
Current Commitments / Financial Resources / Experience	
Form of Bid Security	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Bills of Quantities / Payment Schedule	

Letter of Bid

Date: ______ ICB No.: _____ Invitation for Bid No.:

То: _____

We, the undersigned, declare that:

- (a) We have examined and have no reservations to the Bidding Document, including Addenda issued in accordance with Instructions to Bidders (ITB)8_____;
- (b) We offer to execute in conformity with the Bidding Document the following Works:

- (c) Our bid price, excluding any discounts offered in item (d) below, is composed of the following components:
 - A single Lump Sum price for the Works and Services included in the Contract comprising the Detailed Design and Rehabilitation of the subject road section;
 - A Sum for Emergency / Physical Contingency Works;
 - A Provisional Sum for Unforseen Conditions;

	Description	Amount in GEL (in numbers)
Α.	Contract Works	
	(a) Detailed Design and Rehabilitation Works in an amount of [amount in words] Georgian Lari (GEL).	
	(b) Emergency Works in an amount of [amount in words] Georgian Lari (GEL).	
в.	Provisional Sums	
	Provisonal Sum for Unforeseen Condition in an amount of five hundred thousand Georgian Lari (GEL).	500,000.00 GEL
	TOTAL = A+B	
с.	VAT (18%) = A*18%	
то	TAL Bid Price: A+B+C	

(d) The discounts offered and the methodology for their application is:

- (e) Our bid shall be valid for a period of **90 days** from the date fixed for the bid submission deadline in accordance with the Bidding Document, and it shall remain binding upon us and may be accepted at any time before the expiration of that period;
- (f) If our bid is accepted, we commit to obtain a performance security in accordance with the Bidding Document;
- (g) We, including any subcontractors or suppliers for any part of the contract, have or will have nationalities from eligible countries, in accordance with ITB-4.2;
- (h) We, including any subcontractors or suppliers for any part of the contract, do not have any conflict of interest in accordance with ITB-4.3;
- (i) Weare not participating, as a Bidder or as a subcontractor, in more than one bid in this bidding process in accordance with ITB-4.3, other than alternative offers submitted in accordance with ITB-13;
- (j) We, including any of our subcontractors or suppliers for any part of the contract, have not been declared ineligible by the Bank, under the Employer's country laws or official regulations or by an act of compliance with a decision of the United Nations Security Council;

(k) We are not a government owned entity/We are a government owned entity but meet the requirements of ITB-4.5;¹²

(1) We have paid, or will pay the following commissions, gratuities, or fees with respect to the bidding process or execution of the Contract:

Name of Recipient	Address	Reason	Amount

(If none has been paid or is to be paid, indicate "none.")

- (m) We understand that this bid, together with your written acceptance thereof included in your notification of award, shall constitute a binding contract between us, until a formal contract is prepared and executed; and
- (n) We understand that you are not bound to accept the lowest evaluated bid or any other bid that you may receive.

¹²Bidder to use as appropriate

(o) We hereby certify that we have taken steps to ensure that no person acting for us or on our behalf will engage in bribery.

Name	In the capacity of	
Signed		
Duly authorized to sign the bid for and on bel	nalf of	
Dated on	_ day of,,	

Form of Bid-Securing Declaration

Date: [insert date (as day, month and year)] Bid No.: [insert number of bidding process] Alternative No.: [insert identification No if this is a Bid for an alternative]

To: [insert complete name of Employer]

We, the undersigned, declare that:

We understand that, according to your conditions, bids must be supported by a Bid-Securing Declaration.

We accept that we will automatically be suspended from being eligible for bidding in any contract with the entity that invited Bids for the period of time of **1 year** *[update as necessary]* starting on *[insert date]*, if we are in breach of our obligation(s) under the bid conditions, because we:

- (a) have withdrawn our Bid during the period of bid validity specified in the Letter of Bid; or
- (b) having been notified of the acceptance of our Bid by the Employer during the period of bid validity, (i) fail or refuse to execute the Contract, if required, or (ii) fail or refuse to furnish the Performance Security, in accordance with the ITB.

We understand this Bid-Securing Declaration shall expire if we are not the successful Bidder, upon the earlier of (i) our receipt of your notification to us of the name of the successful Bidder; or (ii) twenty-eight days after the expiration of our Bid.

 Name of the Bidder*
 [insert complete name of person

 signing the Bid]
 [insert complete name of person

Name of the person duly authorized to sign the Bid on behalf of the Bidder** [insert complete name of person duly authorized to sign the Bid]

Title of the person signing the Bid [insert complete title of the person signing the Bid]

Signature of the person named above *[insert signature of person whose name and capacity are shown above]*

Date signed _[insert date of signing]day of [insert month], [insert year]

*: In the case of the Bid submitted by joint venture specify the name of the Joint Venture as Bidder

**: Person signing the Bid shall have the power of attorney given by the Bidder to be attached with the Bid[*Note: In case of a Joint Venture, the Bid-Securing Declaration must be in the name of all members to the Joint Venture that submits the bid.*]

Appendix to Bid

Schedule of Adjustment Data

In Table A below, the Bidder shall (a) indicate its amount of local currency payment, foreign currency payment and shall use the rates of exchange as specified in Section II Bid Data Sheet, ITB 32.1.

Table A. Summary of Payment Currencies – N/A

Bill of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works

- 1. The Bills of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works shall be read in conjunction with the Instructions to Bidders, Conditions of Contract, Specifications and the Drawings, if any.
- 2. The bidder shall have undertaken a detailed assessment of road conditions at the time of bid and shall have determined, to his own satisfaction, the location, type and quantity of all works considered necessary to reach the required Service Levels.

3. Although the bidding document may show estimated quantities of Rehabilitation Works, it is the responsibility of the bidder to prepare his own estimate for the quantity of work required for each rehabilitation activity.

4. On completion of Works, the road length given in the table below as "Proposed Length of Rehabilitation Works" must all comply with the Specifications and Employer's requirements for satisfactory completion of Rehabilitation including both Strength (FWD) and Roughness (IRI) criteria together with all other requirements.

The total price bid for Rehabilitation/Improvement Works shall, except insofar as is otherwise provided under the Contract, include all costs of whatsoever nature, including, but not limited to: all necessary design and engineering services, all plant, equipment, labour, supervision, materials, erection, quality control, maintenance of traffic, insurance, guarantees, profit, taxes and duties, together with all general risks, liabilities and obligations of whatsoever nature set out or implied in the Contract. The prices shall also include the cost of all measures needed to prevent or mitigate environmental and social impacts (identify, through a screening exercise and field survey, potential need for land acquisition and other types of involuntary resettlement activities)

safety measures and full compliance with laws and regulations of Georgia and the Road Department and Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure, in particular requirements set out in Environmental and Social Assessment document which includes Environmental and Social Management Plan, site specific Resettlement Action Plan (if necessary), which have to be prepared in accordance with the Resettlement Policy Framework and the World Bank's OP/BP 4.12 Involuntary Resettlement and is hereby attached as part of the design report.

RDMRDI will ensure through its existing resettlement division (RRDRD) which will be responsible for the general management of the planning and implementation of all tasks ralated to land acquisition and resettlement.

5. The prices shall be quoted and the payment will be made entirely in local currency.

- 6. Bidders must consider all relevant sections of the Contract documentation and ensure that they have a complete understanding of the required works before entering any sum against any item in the Letter of Bid or this Schedule.
- 7. The final amount payable for the total cost of all Improvement/Construction Works of whatsoever nature necessary to reach the specified Level of Service on road (including but not limited to all bridges, structures etc. included in the project area) scheduled for Improvement/Construction shall be the Lump Sum quoted in the Letter of Bid for such works and derived in this Schedule.

- 8. The method of measurement of completed work for payment shall be in accordance with the measurement and payment provisions of the relevant section of the Specifications.
- 9. Arithmetical errors discovered prior to award of the Contract will be corrected by the Employer pursuant to the Instructions to Bidders.

Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation

Bill of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works						
Item No.	Activity	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Write in Full	Total Price
1	Rehabilitation of Road (all inclusive, except of items below)	10.01 ¹³	Km			
2	Bridge no. 3 Rehabilitation at km 4+517	1	Unit			
3	Bridge no. 4 New Construction at km 5+317	1	Unit			
4	Road Signage, Marking and Furniture	10.01	Km			
	RICE FOR REHABILITATI 8 % for VAT on Bid Price for			S		
Total]	Price for Rehabilitation Work	s incl. VAT	to be carr	ied to Lett	ter of Bid	

Bill of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works

Note:

- 1. The cost of design shall not be indicated separately and shall be included in the items above.
- 2. The length for road rehabilitation works includes also length of all bridges, but the price should be submitted for road rehabilitation only (excluding the price of bridge rehabilitation) because the bridges should be priced separately (individually) and will be paid accordingly during execution of the Contract.

¹³ This length also includes length of all bridges, but the price should be submitted for road improvement/construction only (excluding the price of bridge construction) because the bridges should be priced separately (individually) and will be paid accordingly during execution of the Contract.

Bill of Quantities for Emergency (Physical Contingency) Works

- a. The Schedule for Emergency Works shall be read in conjunction with the Instructions to Bidders, Conditions of Contract, Specifications and the Drawings.
- b. The quantities given in the Bill of Quantities for Emergency Worksare hypothetical and provisional to provide a common basis for bidding. Actual quantities for Emergency Works will be specified in Work Orders, issued by the Project Manager in accordance with the General and Particular Conditions and with the Specification. The basis of payment for Emergency Works will be the actual quantities of work ordered and carried out, as measured by the Contractor and verified by the Project Manager and valued at the unit rates and prices bid in the priced Bill of Quantities, where applicable, and otherwise at such unit rates and prices as may be agreed or determined by the Project Manager under the provisions of the Contract.
- c. The unit rates and prices bid in the priced Schedule shall, except insofar as is otherwise provided under the Contract, include all costs of whatsoever nature, including, but not limited to: all plant, equipment, labor, supervision, materials, erection, insurance, profit, taxes and duties, together with all general risks, liabilities and obligations set out or implied in the Contract.
- d. The unit rates and prices shall be quoted entirely in local currency.
- e. A unit rate or price shall be entered against each item in the Schedule. The cost of items against which the Bidder has failed to enter a unit rate or price shall be deemed to be covered by other unit rates and prices and lump sums entered in the Schedule.
- f. General directions and descriptions of work and materials are not repeated or summarized in the Schedule. Bidders must consider all relevant sections of the Contract documentation and ensure that they have a complete understanding of the required works before entering rates or prices against each item in the Schedule.
- g. To the extent that measurement of works is used to establish payments due, the method of measurement of completed work for payment shall be in accordance with the measurement and payment provisions of the relevant section of the Specifications.
- h. Arithmetical errors discovered prior to award of the Contract will be corrected by the Employer pursuant to Clause 29 of the Instructions to Bidders.

Note that the cost derived here for the Emergency works is a Contingency Sum, there is no guarantee that the works will be required and there shall be no amendment to the rates payable in the event that the quantities shown are not used in full or are exceeded, no matter the extent of such omission or addition. The sum as derived above will be included in the evaluated bid price and will be used in the comparison of tenders.

Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation

Bill of Quantities for Emergency (Physical Contingencies) Works

Item	Bill of Quantities for Emergency (Phys Description	Unit	Quantity	Rate	Amount
no.	- ···· P ·····				
100	Work				
101	Excavate landslide material from, or	m ³	5,000		
	adjacent to the road and stockpile for reuse				
	or dispose of as directed.				
102	Excavate in water courses to reinstate or	m ³	500		
	redirect flows and dispose of material.				
103	Excavate to clear side drains and restore	m ³	500		
	free flow.				
104	Construct new reinforced concrete	m ³	200		
	retaining walls				
105	Construct new gabions	m ³	100		
106	Construct new culvert barrel using	m ³	50		
	approved concrete pipe with concrete				
	surround				
107	Construct new pavement comprising	m ²	1,800		
	subgrade prep., sub base, base and asphalt				
	layers in conformance with original				
	approved design				
108	Construct new road safety guardrails	m	100		
109	Construct new New Jersey Barriers	m ³	100		
110	Reinforced concrete works	m ³	100		
200	Supply of Labor, Equipment & Material				
201	Skilled Labor	hrs	500		
202	Operator	hrs	1000		
203	Tipper truck	hrs	800		
204	Loader	hrs	300		
205	Excavator	hrs	300		
206	Concrete mixer	hrs	100		
207	Cement Concrete	m ³	100		
208	Asphalt Concrete	tn.	100		
209	Grader	hrs	100		
210	Crane	hrs	50		
211	Dozer	hrs	100		
BID PR	ICE FOR EMERGENCY WORKS				
A dd 10	0/ for VAT on Did Drice for Emergence Weel	20			
4uu 1ð	% for VAT on Bid Price for Emergency Worl	KD			
Fotal Bi	d Price for Emergency Works incl. VAT to be	e carried	to Letter of	Bid	

Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section Rehabilitation

	Bill of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works					
Item No.	Activity	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Write in Full	Total Price
1	Rehabilitation of Road (all inclusive, except of items below)	10.01 ¹⁴	Km			
2	Bridge no. 3 Rehabilitation at km 4+517	1	Unit			
3	Bridge no. 4 New Construction at km 5+317	1	Unit			
4	Road Signage, Marking and Furniture	10.01	Km			
5	Emergency (Physical Contingency) Works	1	Lump Sum*			
6	Provisional Sum for Unforeseen Conditions	1	Lump Sum	500,000.00	Five Hundred Thousand GEL	500,000.00
<mark>5);</mark>	Add 18 % for VAT on Bid Price for Rehabilitation and Emergency Works (items					
Total 1	Total Price for Rehabilitation Works incl. VAT to be carried to Letter of Bid = A+B + item #6 (Provisional Sum for Unforseen Conditions)					

Summary Bill of Quantities

* Emergency Works –Please refer to GCC Clause #29.

¹⁴ This length also includes length of all bridges, but the price should be submitted for road improvement/construction only (excluding the price of bridge construction) because the bridges should be priced separately (individually) and will be paid accordingly during execution of the Contract.

Technical Proposal

The bidder's Technical Proposal shall include the following elements:

SCHEDULE A.	The Contractor (Contracting Entity)
SCHEDULE B.	Subcontractors
SCHEDULE C	Projected Cash Flow
SCHEDULE D.	Site Organizations
SCHEDULE E.	Contractor's Equipment
SCHEDULE F.	Initial Tentative Program of Performance
SCHEDULE G.	Key Personnel Proposed
SCHEDULE H.	Quality Control Program

Instructions on how to present the various schedules of the Technical Proposal are given on the following pages.

SCHEDULE A

THE CONTRACTOR (THE CONTRACTING ENTITY)

The Bidder shall present the organizational structure of the Contracting Entity. He should demonstrate strong construction capacity to be supported by design, quality control, and financial expertise among other characteristics required in order to implement a successful OPRC Project.

Bidders shall list the members of the Contracting Entity and the type of partnership (Joint Venture/Association/Consortium). The Contracting Entity must present the specific project agreement between partners to execute this contract.

It must be noted that there cannot be a Joint Venture (JV) Agreement between the Contractor and the consultant; this derives from the "joint and several" responsibilities expected of one and the other in case one of the contracting parties went bankrupt or was unable to perform for other reasons. Given the above requirement, it is clear that the association between the contractor and the consultant will be a sub-consultancy arrangement. However, a contractor can form a JV with another contractor.

Each Entity will present their respective roles and responsibilities.

It is emphasized that the Design capabilities shall be provided by an experienced Consultancy firm, which is one of the companies that form the Contracting Entity, and **not** by a Design Unit that is an integral part of any of the companies forming the Contracting Entity.

Bidder shall complete the following forms ELI 1.1 and ELI 1.2.

Bidder's Information				
Bidder's legal name				
In case of JV, legal name of each partner				
Bidder's country of constitution				
Bidder's year of constitution				
Bidder's legal address in country of constitution				
Bidder's authorized representative				
(name, address, telephone numbers, fax numbers, e- mail address)				
Attached are copies of the	following original documents.			
□ 1. In case of single entity, articles of incorporation or constitution of the legal entity named above, in accordance with ITB 4.1 and 4.2.				
2 . Authorization to rep	present the firm or JV named in above, in accordance with ITB 20.2.			
□ 3. In case of JV, letter	of intent to form JV or JV agreement, in accordance with ITB 4.1.			
□ 4. In case of a government-owned entity, any additional documents not covered under 1 above required to comply with ITB 4.5.				

Form ELI – 1.1: Bidder's Information Sheet

Form ELI – 1.2: JV Information Sheet

Each member of a JV must fill in this form

JV / Specialist Subcontractor Information				
lidder's legal name				
V Partner's or ubcontractor's legal ame				
V Partner's or ubcontractor's country f constitution				
V Partner's or ubcontractor's year of onstitution				
V Partner's or ubcontractor's legal ddress in country of onstitution				
V Partner's or ubcontractor's uthorized epresentative nformation name, address, telephone umbers, fax numbers, e- nail address)				
Attached are copies of the following original documents.				
 Articles of incorporation or constitution of the legal entity named above, in accordance with ITB 4.1 and 4.2. 				
□ 2. Authorization to represent the firm named above, in accordance with ITB 20.2.				
□ 3. In the case of government-owned entity, documents establishing legal and financial autonomy and compliance with commercial law, in accordance with ITB 4.5.				

SCHEDULE B

SUBCONTRACTORS / PARTNERS

Bidders shall list below those parts of the Works and Services which they propose to subcontract, and state the approximate value of those parts and the names and addresses of the proposed subcontractors, if those are known at bidding stage. Bidders shall also list other business partners involved in the execution of the contract and their respective roles and responsibilities.

Bidders should note that they MUST clearly identify and give full details of any subcontractor whose experience or other qualities they may be relying on to provide qualifying strengths (use the Form EL 1.2 given on the previous page).

Part of Works / Services: Approximate value: Name and address of proposed subcontractor / partner:

Part of Works / Services: Approximate value: Name and address of proposed subcontractor / partner:

Part of Works / Services: Approximate value: Name and address of proposed subcontractor / partner:

Part of Works / Services: Approximate value: Name and address of proposed subcontractor / partner:

SCHEDULE C

Projected Cash Flow

(1) Based on their Initial Programme of Performance, Bidders shall tabulate, in the format below, estimates on a month by month basis of:

(a) On the expenditure side, the cost to the bidder of the work which will be carried out;

(b) On the revenue side, the net payments to which the bidder will become entitled with due allowance for the advance payment, advance repayments, materials prepayments, but excluding price adjustments and provisional sums for emergency works.

(c) The projected net cash flow during the contract period.

(2) The prospective successful bidder may be required to submit full details to substantiate his estimates before award of contract.

(3) Note that to complete this table properly it will be necessary to make separate assessments for the cost of rehabilitation works with due allowance for the permitted duration of the works and add the results together and then to make the adjustments across the whole project for advance, advance repayment, and materials prepayments.

Period (Months)	Cost of Rehabilitation	Net Payments to	Net Cash Flow
	Works [indicate	be received	
	amount and	[indicate amount	
	currency]	and currency]	
Start Date	Insert Mobilisation	Insert Advance	
	Costs	Payment	
Month 1			
Month 2			
Monthly up to			
Month 12			
Total			

SCHEDULE D

Site Organization and Methodology

Bidders shall give below full particulars of the organisation they propose to establish, to direct and administer the performance of the Contract and the general methodology by which they propose to deliver the required outputs: including their proposals to deal with the control and certification of the quality of the works.

The proposals for delivery of the outputs/results required under this contract, keeping in focus the philosophy of Output and Performance Based Contracting, shall be checked based on the approach of the bidder to the following factors:

- Final design of rehabilitation works.
- Construction works
- Programme development
- Financial management of contract.
- Management of identified risks
- Quality assurance

The bidders are required to provide a detailed written description and clearly describe their approach to each factor mentioned above.

The Organisation chart and narrative shall clearly demonstrate the number and type of administrative and technical personnel to be deployed and shall illustrate how the proposed numbers will be adequate to fulfil project requirements. In particular, bidders shall indicate the location of site camps and the resources they intend to allocate.

To illustrate their site organisation the bidders shall provide, as a minimum:

- 1. Comprehensive Written Methodology
- 2. Site Organization Chart
- 3. Narrative Description of Site Organisation Chart
- 4. Outline Quality Assurance Plan

SCHEDULE E

Contractor's Equipment

Form EQU

The Bidder shall provide adequate information to demonstrate clearly that it has the capability to meet the requirements for the key equipment listed in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria. A separate Form shall be prepared for each item of equipment listed (with a current new purchase price exceeding GEL 5.000), or for alternative equipment proposed by the Bidder.

Item of equipme	nt				
nem of equipme	III				
Equipment	Name of manufact	urer		Model and power rating	
information					
	Capacity			Year of manufacture	
	1				
Current status	Current location				
	Details of current commitments				
9		.1 • .			
Source	Indicate source of				
	□ Owned	□ Rented	\Box Leased	□ Specially manufactured	

Omit the following information for equipment owned by the Bidder.

Owner	Name of owner			
	Address of owner			
	Telephone	Contact name and title		
	Fax	Telex		
Agreements	Details of rental / lease / manufacture agreements specific to the project			
	Attach a copy of the lease/rental agreement or of a letter of commitment from the owner certifying that the equipment will be available to you for the project			

SCHEDULE F

Initial Tentative Program of Performance and Workplan

To demonstrate a clear understanding of the requirements of the Contract, and in accordance with the General Conditions requirements (par. 17), bidders shall provide a detailed Work Plan and Initial Tentative Program of Performance that include at least the following:

- i) Division of the project into construction sections and stages with narrative description. The activities shall be described clearly
- ii) Narrative description of utilization of equipment, material and personnel including its integration with the data given previously.
- iii) A bar chart (M.S. Project or Similar) sub-divided into sections for each road showing the major activities to be carried out for Rehabilitation Works. The activities shall be shown against time, with linkages shown between related/sequential activities as far as possible and appropriate. The sequence of the activities must be logical and realistic.
- iv) A bar chart or schedule showing the usage of Contractor's Equipment, including resources allocation shown for the various stages presented. major plant, including those listed in Schedule (Contractor's Equipment).

This program and Performance Resource based (personnel and equipment) Work Plan should be linked to the Organizational Structure and should show clearly the interaction between them.

SCHEDULE G

Key Personnel proposed

Form PER -1

Key Personnel proposed by Bidder

The Contractor should have the following minimum key staff:

Design Stage

Design Team Leader (Name): Road Design Engineer (Name): Drainage Engineer (Name): Topographical Surveyor (Name): Pavement / Materials Engineer (Name):

Note: Design stage is simultaneous with Mobilization stage and also simultaneous with Rehabilitation/Construction Stage.

Construction Stage

ConstructionManager (Name): Road Construction Engineer (Name): Material Engineer (Name): Quality Control Engineer (Name)

The CV's (or resumes) for each of the proposed key personnel are presented in Forms PER -2 below.

The above positions are considered to be the minimum requirements for meeting the project objectives. The bidder in his submissions of Organisation and Programme must clearly show the actual numbers of such staff that he requires and indicate their utilization.

Form PER-2

Resume of Proposed Personnel

Name of Bidder		

Position					
Personnel information	Name	Date of birth			
	Professional qualifications				
Present employment	Name of employer				
	Address of employer				
	Telephone	Contact (manager / personnel officer)			
	Fax	E-mail			
	Job title	Years with present employer			

Summarize professional experience over the last 20 years, in reverse chronological order. Indicate particular technical and managerial experience relevant to the project.

From	То	Company / Project / Position / Relevant technical and management experience

SCHEDULE H

Quality Control Program

As specified in clause 25 of the General Conditions, The Bidders shall give detailed description of the QC Program and all procedures that will guarantee the high quality of work in order to meet the minimum required level of service. Towards this, the Contractor shall establish a Self Control Unit to monitor the Quality Control Program.

1. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND GOALS

The description will contain performance of tasks that will assure that the final product will meet all the specification requirements and the expectations level of service as defined.

2. QUALITY CONTROL ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

Demonstrate how the quality control system and organization works intertwined with the organizational structure of the project including the subcontractors. The role of the quality control manager and quality control engineers, their responsibilities and authority.

3. QUALITY CONTROL DUTIES

Detail the QC team duties, procedures, reporting, tests, work approvals, Non compliance, lab control, auditing and training.

4. LABORATORIES

Description of how the quality control team will approve the field and supplier's laboratories personnel and lab equipment before any work is performed. Demonstrate how to insure that they meet the work scope according to the contractor's work plan.

5. **REPORTING**

Full description of the preliminary and routine quality control, submittal and nonconformance reports, computer information system and reports to the supervision using the relevant forms. Description of statistical analysis to be submitted in the reports.

6. AUDITING

Description of auditing procedures, their frequency and how the auditing activities will be reported to the supervision.

7. TRAINING

Description of the training activities to all relevant personal, the main subjects to be trained, frequency, methods and feedback.

Current Commitments / Financial Resources / Experience

Form CCC

Current Contract Commitments / Works in Progress

Bidders and each partner to a JVA should provide information on their current commitments on all contracts that have been awarded, or for which a letter of intent or acceptance has been received, or for contracts approaching completion, but for which an unqualified, full completion certificate has yet to be issued.

Name of contract	Employer, contact	Value of outstanding work	Estimated completion date	Average monthly invoicing over
	address/tel/fax	(current GEL equivalent)	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	last six months (GEL/month)
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
etc.				

Form CON – 2: Historical Contract Non-Performance

[The following table shall be filled in for the Bidder and for each partner of a Joint Venture]

Bidder's Legal Name: _____ Date: _____ Joint Venture Party Legal Name: _____ ICB No. and title: _____ Page _____ of ____ pages

Ν	Non-Performing	Contracts in accordance with Section III, Qualific	ation C	riteria and		
		Requirements				
	-	mance did not occur during the years and Requirements, Sub-Factor 2.1.	specifie	ed in Section III,		
	tract(s) not perfo Requirements, re	prmed during the years specified in Section equirement 2.1	III, Qu	alification Criteria		
Year	Non performed portion of contract	Contract Identification		Total Contract Amount (current value, GEL equivalent)		
		Contract Identification:				
		Name of Employer:				
		Address of Employer:				
		Reason(s) for non performance:				
Pending L	itigation, in accor	dance with Section III, Qualification Criteria and F	Require	ments		
Fact	or 2.2.	in accordance with Section III, Qualification Criter		•		
	fing litigation in or 2.2 as indicate	accordance with Section III, Qualification Criteria	a and k	Requirements, Sub		
Year	Outcome as	Contract Identification Total Contract				
	Percentage of Total Assets			ount (current value, GEL equivalent)		
		Contract Identification: Name of Employer: Address of Employer:		· · · · ·		

Matter in dispute:

Form FIN – 3.1: Financial Situation

Each Bidder or member of a JV must fill in this form

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.: _		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

Financial Data for Previous 3 Years [GEL Equivalent]				
Year 1:	Year 2:	Year 3:	Year 4:	Year 5:

Information from Balance Sheet

Total Assets			
Total Liabilities			
Net Worth			
Current Assets			
Current Liabilities			

Information from Income Statement

Total Revenues			
Profits Before Taxes			
Profits After Taxes			

Attached are copies of financial statements (balance sheets including all related notes, and income statements) for the last three years, as indicated above, complying with the following conditions.

- All such documents reflect the financial situation of the Bidder or partner to a JV, and not sister or parent companies.
- Historic financial statements must be audited by a certified accountant.
- Historic financial statements must be complete, including all notes to the financial statements.
- Historic financial statements must correspond to accounting periods already completed and audited (no statements for partial periods shall be requested or accepted).

Form FIN – 3.2: Average Annual Construction Turnover

Each Bidder or member of a JV must fill in this form

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.: _		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

	Annual Turnover Data for the Last 3 Years (Construction only)				
Year	Amount Currency	Exchange Rate	GEL Equivalent		
	Average Annual Construction T				

The information supplied should be the Annual Turnover of the Bidder or each member of a JV in terms of the amounts billed to clients for each year for work in progress or completed, converted to GELs at the rate of exchange at the end of the period reported.

*Average annual turnover calculated as total certified payments received for work in progress or completed over the number of years specified in Section III (Evaluation and QualificationCriteria), Sub-Factor 2.3.2, divided by that same number of years.

Form FIN – 3.3: Financial Resources

Specify proposed sources of financing, such as liquid assets, unencumbered real assets, lines of credit, and other financial means, net of current commitments, available to meet the total construction cash flow demands of the subject contract or contracts as indicated in Section III (Evaluation and Qualification Criteria)

	Financial Resources				
No.	Source of financing	Amount (GEL equivalent)			
1					
2					
3					

In addition to specifying Financial Resources on this form, Bidders shall provide audited balance sheets or if not required by the law of the bidder's country, other financial statements acceptable to the Employer, for the last five [5] years to demonstrate the current soundness of the bidders financial position.

Verification of a Bidder's financial resources is a key element in assessing qualification to undertake the project. The information submitted should be such as to allow reliable estimation of the actual resources a bidder is able to deploy exclusively for the implementation of this project.

Form EXP – 4.1: General Construction Experience

Each Bidder or member of a JV must fill in this form

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.:		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

			General Construction Experience	
Starting Month Year	Ending Month Year	Years*	Contract Identification and Name Name and Address of Employer Brief Description of the Works Executed by the Bidder	Role of Bidder
			Contract name: Brief Description of the Works performed by the Bidder: Name of Employer: Address:	
			Contract name: Brief Description of the Works performed by the Bidder: Name of Employer: Address:	
			Contract name: Brief Description of the Works performed by the Bidder: Name of Employer: Address:	
			Contract name: Brief Description of the Works performed by the Bidder: Name of Employer: Address:	

*List calendar year for years with contracts with at least nine (9) months activity per year starting with the earliest year

Form EXP – 2.4.2 (a): Specific Construction Experience

Fill up one (1) form per contract.

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.:		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

Contract of Similar Size and Nature						
Contract Noof	Contract Identification					
Award Date		Completion Date				
Role in Contract	Contractor	□ Management Contractor	□ Subcontractor			
Total Contract Amount		GEL				
If partner in a JV or subcontractor, specify participation of total contract amount	Percent of Total	Amount				
Employer's Name Address Telephone/Fax Number E-mail						
Descript		ance with Criteria 2.4.2(a) of Sec	410n 111			

Form EXP – 2.4.2 (b): Specific Construction Experience in Key Activities

Fill up one (1) form per contract

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.:		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

	Contract with Sin	nilar Key Activities	
Contract No of 	Contract Identification		
Award Date		Completion Date	
Role in Contract	Contractor	Management Contractor	Subcontractor
Total Contract Amount		GEL	
If partner in a JV or subcontractor, specify participation of total contract amount	Percent of Total	A	mount
Employer's Name Address Telephone Number Fax Number E-mail			
	of the key activities in accor		

Form EXP – 2.4.2 (c): Specific Design Experience

Fill up one (1) form per contract

Bidder's Legal Name:	Date:		
JV Partner Legal Name:	Bidding No.:		
Subcontractor's Legal Name:	Page	of	pages

	Contract with Sin	nilar Key Activities		
Contract No of	Contract Identification			
Award Date		Completion Date		
Role in Contract	Designer	Designer Design Sub- consultant		
Total Contract Amount		GEL		
If partner in a JV or subcontractor, specify participation of total contract amount	Percent of Total	А	amount	
Employer's Name Address Telephone Number Fax Number E-mail				
Description	of the key activities in accor	dance with Criteria 2.4.2	(c) of Section III	

Section V. Eligible Countries

Eligibility for the Provision of Goods, Works and Services in Bank-Financed Procurement

1. In accordance with Para 1.10 of the Guidelines: Procurement of Goods, Works and Non-Consulting Services under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits & Grants by World Bank Borrowers (January, 2011), the Bank permits firms and individuals from all countries to offer goods, works and services for Bank-financed projects. As an exception, firms of a Country or goods manufactured in a Country may be excluded, if:

Para 1.10 (a) (i): as a matter of law or official regulation, the Borrower's Country prohibits commercial relations with that Country, provided that the Bank is satisfied that such exclusion does not preclude effective competition for the supply of the Goods or Works required, or

Para 1.10 (a) (ii): by an Act of Compliance with a decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, the Borrower's Country prohibits any import of goods from, or payments to, a particular country, person, or entity.

- 2. For the information of borrowers and bidders, at the present time firms, goods and services from the following countries are excluded from this bidding:
 - (a) With reference to paragraph 1.10 (a) (i) of the Guidelines: No Countries Excluded
 - (b) With reference to paragraph 1.10 (a) (ii) of the Guidelines: No Countries Excluded

PART 2 – SPECIFICATIONS

Section VI. Specifications

Part A: Performance Specifications

DEFINITIONS

Alternatives (of design): Differing paving or rehabilitation courses of action that will satisfy pavement design and management objectives.

Analysis period: The time period used for comparing design alternatives. An analysis period may contain several maintenance and rehabilitation activities during the life cycle of the pavement being evaluated.

Annual Average daily traffic (AADT): The estimate of typical traffic on a road segment for all days of the week over the period of a year.

Asphalt Concrete (AC): A controlled mixture of asphalt cements and graded aggregate compacted to a dense mass. Also, hot-mixed asphalt (HMa), hot mixed asphalt concrete (HMAC), bituminous concrete (BC), plant mix (PM).

Asphalt Concrete surface: Asphalt concrete used as a surface course. Also, dense-graded asphalt concrete, asphalt surface, asphalt carpet.

Axle load: The sum of all tire loads on an axle

Base: layer of specified or select material of designed thickness placed on a subbase or subgrade to support a surface course or binder.

Backcalculation: A mathematical methodology for estimating mechanical properties of pavement materials and layers from the results of pavement deflection tests.

Bill of Quantities means the priced and completed Bill of Quantities forming part of the Contractor's Bid.

CBR:California Bearing Ratio. Bearing capacity of one material compared with a standard wellgraded crush stone.

Contracting Entity; (CE); The Contractor: Any combination of companies that has inter-alia Construction capabilities, Design capabilities., It is emphasized that the Design capabilities shall be provided by an experienced, Consultancy firm, which is one of the companies which form the CE, and **not** by a Design Unit that is an integral part of any of the companies forming the CE.

Contractor's Bid is the completed bidding document submitted by the Contractor to the Employer.

Contract Price is the price stated in the Letter of Acceptance and thereafter as adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

Days are calendar days; months are calendar months.

Deflection: Vertical deformation of a pavement under an applied load.

Design life of pavement: The length of time for which a pavement structure is being designed.

Drawings include calculations and other information provided by the Contractor for the execution of the Contract.

Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC): It is a common form of contracting arrangement within the construction industry. Under an EPC contract, the contractor will design the installation, procure the necessary materials and construct it.

Employer is the party who employs the Contractor to carry out the Works and Services.

Equipment is the Contractor's machinery and vehicles brought temporarily to the Site to construct the Works and to carry out the Services.

Equivalent Single Axle Load (ESAL): A numerical factor that expresses the relationship of a given axle load to another axle load in terms of the relative effects of the two loads on the serviceability of a pavement structure. Often expressed in terms of 18 kips (8.2 tons) single axle loads.

Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD): Non destructive equipment used to measure the deflection bowl or basin of a given pavement structure. Indicator of the structural condition of the road.

GDP: Gross Domestic Product - a basic measure of an economy's economic performance, is the market value of all final goods and services made within the borders of a nation in a year

International Roughness Index (IRI): A pavement roughness index computed from a longitudinal profile measurement.

Intervention (type): The type of intervention to be carried out on a road section, based on the current condition (structural and functional).

Lane distribution factor: A factor describing the percentage (of traffic in one direction) of a given vehicle class using a given lane.

Lifespan: Period of time during which something is functional, referred as the period of the project.

Milestone: is the end of a stage that marks the completion of a work package or phase

Net Present Value (NPV): indicator that compares the value of Employer's payments undertaken at different schedules for different business models.

Overlay: a layer placed on top of an existing pavement structure to improve their performance and strength.

Pavement condition: A quantitative representation of pavement distress at a given point in time.

Pavement performance: Measure of accumulated service provided by a pavement. Often referred to the record of pavement condition or serviceability over time or with accumulated traffic.

Pavement rehabilitation: Works undertaken to extend the service life of an existing facility. This includes placement of additional surfacing material and/or other work necessary to return an existing roadway, including shoulders, to a condition of structural or functional adequacy. This could include the complete removal and replacement of a portion of the pavement structure.

Pavement structure: A combination of subbase, base course, and surface course placed on a subgrade to support the traffic load and distribute it to the roadbed.

Performance Period: Period of time that an initial pavement structure will last before it needs rehabilitation.

Periodic Payment Report: The report prepared by Contracting Entity specifying their entitlements and substantiated payments

Project Internal Rate of Return (PIRR): Represents the yield of the project regardless of the financing structure.

Present serviceability Index (PSI): An index derived by formula for estimating the serviceability rating from measurements of physical features of the pavement.

Project Manager is the person named in the PC who is responsible for the overall administration of the Contract on behalf of the Employer, and the supervision of works and services to be performed there under. The Project Manager may delegate through a written instrument some of his functions to any other competent person, retaining however the overall responsibility for the actions of that person. The Project Manager may not delegate the overall administrative control of the Contract.

Reliability: The probability that serviceability will be maintained at adequate levels from a user's point of view, throughout the design life of the road. Probability that a pavement section designed using the process will perform satisfactorily over the traffic and environmental and social conditions for the performance period.

Rehabilitation: The act of restoring a pavement to a former condition.

Rehabilitation Works are specific and clearly defined civil works the Contractor is required to carry out under the conditions of the Contract, as defined in the Specifications.

Resilient Modulus: Modulus of Elasticity that represents the resistance of one material to deformation under load.

Right of Way: Land authorized to be used or occupied for the construction, operations, maintenance, and termination of a project or facility passing over, under, or through such land.

Roadbed: The graded portion of a highway between top and side slopes, prepared as a foundation for the pavement structure and shoulder.

Road means the road or network of roads for which the Works and Services are contracted under the Contract

Road Management Office is the location indicated by the Contractor from which the Road Manager operates, and where the Contractor shall receive notifications.

Road Manager is a person appointed by the Contractor who is in charge of managing all activities of the Contractor under the Contract. He is also the Contractor's Representative for the purposes of this contract.

Road Section:Minimum portion of the total length of the road to measure level of service for approval and payments purposes.

Road Surface Profiler (RSP): Equipment Class 1 measuring the IRI.

Service Levels are the minimum performance standards for the level of quality of conditions of the Road defined in the Specifications which the Contractor shall comply with.

Service Life is defined as the time in years from construction to the first major structural rehabilitation or to an unacceptable condition of the pavement.

Serviceability: It is the ability of the pavement to serve the type of traffic which uses the facility during the performance period.

Structural number: represents the strength of a pavement structure or a layer.

Specifications means the Specifications of the Works and Services included in the Contract and any modification or addition made or approved by the Project Manager.

Subbase: The layer or layers of specified or selected materials of designed thickness placed on a subgrade to support a base course.

Subcontractor is a person or corporate body who has a contractual agreement with the Contractor to carry out certain activities related to the services to be provided under the contract, which may include work on the Site.

Subgrade: the top surface of a roadbed upon which the pavement structure and shoulders are constructed.

Traffic growth factor: A factor used to describe the annual growth rate of traffic volume on a roadway.

World Bank: Referred to the World Bank Group. International financial institution that provides credits, loans and grants.

PART A1: BASIC CONCEPT OF OUTPUT AND PERFORMANCE BASED ROAD CONTRACTS.

INTRODUCTION PREFACE: Output- and Performance Based Contracting for Roads:

This introductory preface summarizes the concept of **Performance Based Contracts (PBC)**. For legal and contractual purposes the text of the main body of this Specification (the General Specification and the Particular Specification which follow) is binding and takes precedence over this preface in the event of any discrepancy between the two.

Output- and Performance-based contracting for Roads is designed to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of road asset management and maintenance. It should ensure that the physical condition of the roads under contract is adequate for the needs of road users, over the entire period of the contract which is normally several years. This type of contract significantly expands the role of the private sector, from the simple execution of works to the management and conservation of road assets.

In traditional road construction and maintenance contracts, the Contractor is responsible for the execution of works which are normally defined by the Road Administration or the Employer, and the Contractor is paid on the basis of unit prices for different work items, i.e. a contract based on "inputs" to the works. The results of traditional road contracts are in many cases less-than-optimal. The problem is that the Contractor has the wrong incentive, which is to carry out the maximum amount of works, in order to maximize his turnover and profits. Even if the work is carried out according to plan and considerable amount of money is spent, the overall service quality for the road user depends on the quality of the design given to the Contractor who is not accountable for it. In many cases the roads do not last as long as they should because of deficiencies in the original design, aggravated by inadequate maintenance.

The OPRC as a model for road asset management is similar to Design, Build, Maintain, Operate and Take-Over (DBMOT) model of contracts which addresses the issue of inadequate incentives. During the bidding process, contractors compete among each other by essentially proposing fixed lump-sum prices for bringing the road to a certain service level and then maintaining it at that level for a relatively long period. It is important to understand that contractors are not paid directly for "inputs" or physical works (which they will undoubtedly have to carry out), but for achieving specified Service Levels, i.e., the Rehabilitation of the road to pre-defined standards, the maintenance service of ensuring certain Service Levels on the roads under contract, and specific improvements, all represented in outputs or outcomes, expressed in Service-Levels criteria. A lump-sum periodic remuneration paid to the Contractor will cover all physical and non-physical services provided by the Contractor, except for unforeseen emergency works which are remunerated separately. In order to be entitled to these periodic payments, the Contractor must ensure that the roads under contract comply with the Service Levels which have been specified in the bidding document. It is possible that during some months he will have to carry out a rather large amount of physical works in order to comply with the required Service Levels and very little work during other months. However, his periodic payment remains the same as long as the required Service Levels are complied with.

A fundamental feature of the OPRC is that the "Contractor" must not necessarily be a traditional works contractor, but can be any type of firm or business venture "Contractor" having the necessary technical, managerial and financial capacity to fulfil the contract. In any case, the

contractor is responsible for designing and carrying out the works, services and actions he believes are necessary in order to achieve and maintain the Service Levels stated in the contract. The Service Levels are defined from a road user's perspective and from a "strength of the pavement" point of view and may include factors such as riding comfort, safety features, residual strength of pavement, etc. If the Service Level is not achieved in any given month, the payment for that month may be reduced or even suspended.

Under the OPRC, the Contractor has a strong financial incentive to be both efficient and effective whenever he undertakes work. In order to maximize profits, he must reduce his activities to the smallest possible volume of well-designed interventions, which nevertheless ensure that predefined indicators of Service Level are achieved and maintained over time. This type of contract makes it necessary for the Contractor to have a good management capacity. Here, "management" means the capability to define, optimize and carry out on a timely basis the physical interventions which are needed in the short, medium and long term, in order to guarantee that the roads remain above the agreed Service Levels. In other words, within the contract limitations and those required to comply with local legislation, technical and performance specifications and environmental and social regulations, as well as with Resettlement Policy Framework and the World Bank's OP/BP 4.12 Involuntary Resettlement Safeguards Policy, the Contractor is entitled to independently define (within the limits indicated in the schedule of payment): (i) what to do, (ii) where to do it, (iii) how to do it, and (iv) when to do it. The role of the Road Administration and of the Employer is to enforce the contract by verifying compliance with the agreed Service Levels and with all applicable legislation and regulations. The Contractor will be responsible for the detailed design of the rehabilitation and other consequent phases included in the life-span of the project (the Contractor is not entitled to any payment for the design). The Design Standards and specifications shall be recommended by the Project Manager and the Contractor's design shall meet at least the minimum specified design standards The bidder can propose higher standards if it better serves his optimal Programming for the project period and the need to meet specified handover standards at the end of the project.

The project management triangle is composed of the Employer, Contractor and the Project Manager from the Monitoring consultant. In order to guarantee the success of the OPRC project the Employer will select a qualified and experienced Monitoring consultant to monitor/supervise the project as a Project Managing entity.

In the specific case of this Contract the maintenance aspect of a typical OPRC Contract is not included.

Road conditions and Service Levels are defined through output and performance measures, and these are used under the OPRC to define and measure the desired performance of the Contractor. In the OPRC, the defined performance measures are thus the accepted thresholds for the quality levels of the roads for which the Contractor is responsible.

The performance criteria should cover all aspects of the contract, and be clearly defined and objectively measurable. Criteria can be as as outlined below:

Road Service Level measures, which can be expressed in terms such as:

- Road Roughness
- Road and lane width
- Longitudinal and cross profiles

- Pavement strength
- Rutting
- Skid resistance
- Vegetation control
- Visibility of road signs and markings
- Availability of each lane-km for use by traffic
- Drainage systems

Some emergency works arealso foreseen under this contract, which mean to remedy unexpected damage which occurs as a result of extraordinary natural phenomena, and which affect the normal use of the road network, or the safety and security of the users. For emergency works, the contract limits the responsibility of the Contractor, establishing that the Employer will approve execution of services and separate remuneration based on specific work order issued by a Project Manager for each case, on the basis of volume of works estimated at each time and on unit prices included in the bid and in the contract.

The key stakeholders in the OPRC Contract are the Employer, the Contractor and the Project Manager. Their essential roles and responsibilities and the basic requirements for communication among them are presented below. In addition to these three key stakeholders in the contract there are other important stakeholders in the project as a whole; principally the general public but also those concerned with environmental and social issues arising from the project and from the works.

The general major roles and responsibilities of the Key Stakeholders are listed below. However, the actual performance and duties of these entities in any specific case is governed by the terms and conditions of the contract.

The Employer shall:

- i) Provide a governance role in setting standards and procedures that will protect the long term integrity of the network and the Road Reserve (also known as Right of Way)
- ii) Confirm the name of the Project Manager
- iii) Notify the extent to which the Project Manager is empowered to act for the Employer
- iv) Administer the contract including the issuance of necessary instructions and certificates in an efficient and timely manner including the confirmation of any time extensions granted.
- v) Make payment to the Contractor on all certified payment requests within the required time frames
- vi) Minimize barriers to effective communication with the Contractor
- vii) Communicate all contractual matters and decisions to the Contractor in writing as quickly and efficiently as possible.
- viii) Support the Contractor in fulfilling the objectives of the OPRC model and encourage his development and experience with performance based road contract
- ix) Facilitate a cooperative and trusting contractual environment with the Contractor and facilitate the Contractor's interaction and liaison with other line departments of the Government of Georgia and the Roads Department.

x) Confirm the evaluation of the Contractor's performance at the required frequencies.

The Contractor shall:

- i) Perform all necessary engineering surveys and investigations necessary to deliver the contract works.
- Prepare all required detailed engineering designs and working drawings for all of the improvement/rehabilittion components of the contract including associated Environment, Social, Health, Safety and Social Management Plan and Resettlement Action Plan and drainage studies as necessary.
- iii) Execute all the Works necessary to bring the roads to the required service levelsrespecting the relevant plans, procedures, specifications, drawings, codes and any other documents as specified in the Specifications.
- iv) Develop, implement, and manage systems and procedures that:
 - Ensure all performance criteria are met.
 - Demonstrate physical works conformance including the achievement of minimum design standards post construction and the implementation of appropriate corrective actions.
- v) Complete all work, including the rework of any defects or failures resulting from material, construction, workmanship or quality issues under the control of the Contractor, required to maintain the condition of the Contracts assets within the lump sum price for the duration of this contract.

The Monitoring consultant shall act as the Project Manager as defined in and required by this Contract. The Project Manager, in accordance with the devolvement of powers agreed with the Employer, and communicated to the Contractor, shall:

- i) In general, be responsible, on the Employer's behalf, for
 - Reviewing and commenting/approving the Contractor's designs for the improvement/construction works
 - Monitoring the Contractor's execution of the works, ensuring, through observation and testing that the works conform to the specified requirements
 - Review and comment/approve the Contractor's Programs and required Plans, including those dealing with Quality Control, Traffic Management, Health and Safety, and Data Acquisition and management
- ii) Check presence of the required licenses and permits in the possession of Contractor.
- iii) Audit the systems, procedures and records of the Contractor to ensure sufficient inspections, tests, etc. are being completed to enable the achievement of the Performance Requirements.
- iv) Certify the Completion of discrete lengths of improved/constructed road and certify relevant payment.
- v) Where appropriate issue instructions to the Contractor on behalf of the Employer.
- vi) Monitor and value any required Emergency Works

- vii) Supervise the Contractor's execution of longer term test programmes including FWD and roughness.
- viii) Supervise the Contractor's compilation of road data for submission to RD

PART A2: DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED

1. SCOPE OF SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 7 of the contract, the services to be provided by the Contractor include all activities, physical or others, which the Contractor needs to, carry out, in order to comply with the Service Levels and other output and performance criteria indicated under the contract, or with any other requirements of the contract. In particular, they include management tasks and physical works associated with the following road-related assets and items:

- Pavements (paved roads)
- Shoulders
- Signaling and road safety furniture
- Bridges
- Drainage structures
- Vegetation control
- Slopes (cuts and embankments)
- Retaining structures
- Rock Fall Protection
- Traffic Management

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT AREA

Background

Improvement of the secondary and local road networks is important for regional integration and poverty reduction. Roads are the lifeline of the economic activities of most Georgians and a reliable transport network is needed to stimulate both the industry and tourism, and to reduce poverty in the rural area.

Geographical location

Georgia is located in the south of the Caucasus region and borders with Russia in the north, Azerbaijan in the south-east, Armenia in the south, Turkey in the south-west and the Back Sea in the west. Georgia has an area of 69,700 square kilometers. Two thirds of Georgian territory is occupied by mountains. The rugged Caucasus Mountains stretch across the northern third, while central and south, the Lesser Caucasus Mountains dominate the landscape.

Jinvali-Barisakho-Shatili road is the only road connecting Pshav-Khevsureti with the rest of Georgia. It is a secondary road with a gravel surface and located in a mountainous terrain. The province where this road is located is an attractive place for tourism, which is the main sector of employment there. The number of local and international tourists visiting Pshav-Khevsureti has been increasing in the past years.

The project road section starts after the village Chinti at km 5 and moves through the Tvalivi village end ends exactly at km15 post of the Jhinvali – Barisakho - Shatiliroad. The road lies along Jinvali reservoir and connects it to the international road Mtskheta-Stepantsminda-Larsi (Georgian military road). Most of the road sectionsare located in non-settled rural areas.

Climate

Georgian's climate is affected by subtropical influences from the west and Mediterranean influences from the east. The Greater Caucasus Range moderates local climate by serving as a barrier against cold air from the north. Georgia covers different climatic zones, which are determined by distance from the Black Sea and by altitude. The climatic zones are ranging from humid subtropical to the eternal snow and glaciers. The country experiences severe winters from November to April at higher altitudes and December to March at lower altitudes.

Information of climate condition of the project area is based on meteorological station data of Jhinvali (109). The data are obtained by construction climatologically standard (pn 01.05-08).

According to climate regionalization map of Georgia the region belongs to II climatic and II-b sub-region. Average temperature in January is from -5^{0} to -2^{0} but average temperature in July ranges between $+21^{0}$ C and $+25^{0}$ C.

In the following tables the average temperatures during the year for each month are shown as well as maximum and minimum values for the hottest and coldest periods.

Table 2.5.1, Average monthly temperatures

	Month						lear erage					
Ι	II	III	IV	v	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	XI	XII	Year Averag
-2.5	-1.0	3.5	8.7	13.9	17.3	20.5	20.5	16.2	10.7	5.0	-0.1	9.4

mum	imum	mum Aonth	Coldest od	Coldest	Coldest		mperature at 1 o.m
Absolute Minimum	Absolute Maximum	Average Maximum of the Hottest Month	Average of the Coldest 5-Day Period	Average of the (Day	Day of the Period	The Coldest Month	The Hottest Month
-28	36	27.8	-11	-16	-2.6	1.6	26.0

Table 2.5.2, Minimum and maximum temperatures

Other key weather indicators are as follows:

- Quantity of atmosphere precipitation average per year :743 mm;
- Maximum amount of Precipitation a day: 103 mm;
- Number of days with snow cover: 44.
- Wind pressure normative value w0 once in 5 years is 0.23kpa;
- Wind pressure normative value w0 once in 15 years is 0.23kpa.
- Wind with 14m/sec velocity :once a year;
- Wind with 18m/sec velocity :once in 5 years;
- Wind with 20m/sec velocity :once in 10 years;
- Wind with 20m/sec velocity :once in 15 years;

• Wind with 31m/sec velocity: once in 20 years.

Geological Overview of the Project Area

The area along the study road is located in Jhinvali-Gombori subzone of Mestia-Tianeti flysch zone. Within the mentioned area engineering-geological conditions are almost homogeneous. The relief surface is wavy-steppy.

At Jhinvali water reservoir, at left side of the road, olistostromes are continuously outcropped in quite a long distance; they are basically structured by Mesozoic volcanogenic and sedimentary deposits, among them by upper Jurassic limestones, Cretaceous carbonated- terrigenous deposits and Bajocian porphyrite material (olistoliths). Upper Jurassic reef limestones, e.g. Alevi rock and the village Aranisi limestone rocks, are characterized with the biggest size (several hundred m³).

According to E. Gamkrelidze and others (2009) these outcrops are in second locations in upper Eocene deposits. According to the same authors, limestone rocks are moving in several kilometer distances be means of underwater landslide from cordilier located to North. The new pirin tectonical phase, reaching maximum in late Eocene age, caused landslides and development of underwater landslide events connected to them. In olistostromes palaeozoic granite materials are rarely observed.

Olistoliths are located in upper Eocene aluerolite-pelite deposits, dated by nummulitic fauna. Olistostromes are located in Jhinvali-Gombori subzone of Mestia-Tianeti flysch zone.

According to tectonical regionalization scheme of Georgia the territory is located in Transcaucasian intermountane area, in Eastern sinking molasse zone, Kartli molasse subzone. The site belongs to Bazaleti block.

Among geological events and processes side erosive events are remarkable. For period of rains and snow melting, rock fall from slopes adjacent to road is expected. Erosive process takes place locally along the existing road.

Along the studied road section no natural outlets of groundwater by springs or leakage have been observed.

According to seismic regionalization scheme of Georgia the investigation territory Tvalivi (#1903), areas is located in 9 scale (MSK64) seismic region (un-dimensioned coefficient of seismicity A is 0.24), but Chinti (#1913) is located in 8 scale (MSK64) seismic region – undimensioned coefficient of seismicity A is 0.22 (Construction Norms and Rules "Seismic Resistance Construction" – pn 01.01-09).

Hydrology

The project road to the east of Jhinvali reservoir is crossed by 39 gullies, which originates on the west slope of Kartli ridge. From above mentioned gullies the biggest is Sakanapi gully that originates at 1340 m asl. The length of the gully up to rehabilitation road crossing is 7.30 km, total head 623 m, average gradient is 85.0‰, and watershed area is 32.6 km². Between gullies the smallest one is gully #21 length of which up to rehabilitation road crossing is 0.22 km,total head 100 m, average gradient is 444‰, and watershed area is 0.03 km².

Deciduous forest and agricultural crops adjacent to existing settlements mainly cover the project area.

Great majority of gullies are dry during the long periods of the yearand carry water only during snow melting and heavy rainfalls. It should be noted that often the flash flood water levels caused by rainfalls exceed the same of the snow-melt floods. Mudflows occur at some gullies during heavy rains.

3. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT ROAD

The project road section starts after village Chinti at km 5 and moves through the Tvalivi village end ends exactly at km15 post of the Jhinvali – Barisakho - Shatiliroad. The road lies along Jinvali reservoir and connects it to the international road Mtskheta-Stepantsminda-Larsi (Georgian military road). Most of the road sectionsare located in non-settled rural areas.

At right hand side the project road runs in a cut-in situation of the shale (mainly) rock mountain. At the left hand side the project road follows the Jhinvali artificial water reservoir. The project road is the only access to the picturesque Khevsureti rayon, which is famous with its' very high mountains attracting many internal and foreign tourists and having a large potential forfuture touristic development.

The width of the existing carriageway is 7 meters. The average width of the roadbed varies between 8 and 9 meters.

The road has an asphalt surface which is locally deteriorated but generally in a poor to fair condition. Signs of executed repair works have been observed.

The existing asphalt pavement has nearly reached the end of its design life, and has along several sections experience premature failure. The existing asphalt surface shows all type of cracks and other deficiencies as

- transverse and longitudinal cracks
- locally severe alligator and map cracking.
- Cracks have been recorded with a width of up to 10mm
- local deformations are obviously related to improper drainage in combination with a weak subgrade
- varying stages of raveling have been observed where oxidation has caused loss of binder.

Along some sections of the road repair patching works are underway or have been completed.

The geotechnical investigations have shown that the original asphalt layers have been placed on a granular base consisting of sandy gravel. Exceptions have been recorded at two locations where no asphalt pavement exists and gravel with cobbles are forming the road surface and at one location where the asphalt has been placed direct on the gravelly clay.

A subbase layer has not been recorded and does obviously not exist or could not be distinguished from other parts of the pavement.

The subgrade along this road section consists of gravelly clay, locally of clay shale and sandy gravel.

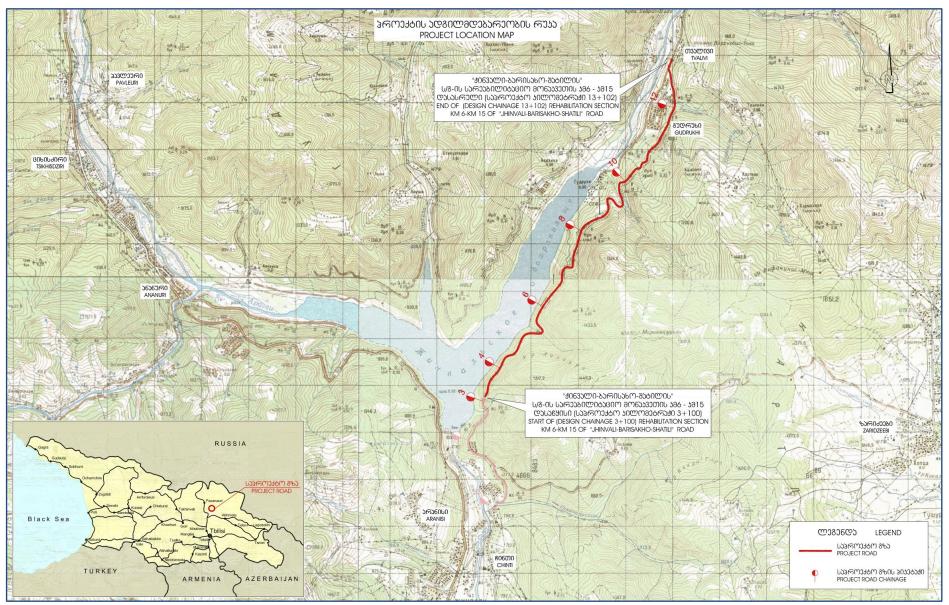


Figure 1, Loction of the Chinti - Tvalivi Road Section of the Secondary Jinvali-Barisakho-Shatili Road included in this bid

Bills of Quantities / Payment Schedule

The bid includes the following Bills of Quantities, which specify the payments over the lifespan project for all activities in the Contract:

- Bill of Quantities for Rehabilitation Works
- Bill of Quantities for Emergency Works

The Bidder should summarize his total costs in the Letter of Bid (including any applicable taxes).

The Bidders should note that below quantities are preliminary estimates and they should only be used as indicative amounts for calculation of the Bid Price. The Bid Price should be presented as described in the Bidding Documents and below quantities <u>SHOULD NOT</u> be priced by the Bidders. The Bidders should make their own estimations about the exact quantities and the whole responsibility for preparation of the Bid Price lies solely with the Bidders.

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
100.00	Preparatory Works		
101.00	Setting up of road alignment	km	10.0
101100		KIII	10.0
102.00	General clearing of the area along the existing road sections from trees (trunk diameter 80mm), scrubs and other waste	На	3.0
103.00	Cutting trees within Right of Way		
103.10	Cutting of big trees (D>240mm)	Item	18
103.20	Cutting of medium trees (160mm < D ≤ 240mm)	Item	48
103.30	Cutting of small trees (80mm < D ≤ 160 mm	Item	546
104.00	Dismounting/demolishing structures of the existing bus stop shelter		
104.10	Cutting/dismounting of welded posts and frame (d=70mm) of the existing shelter's pipes with total linear length of 31 m	kg	73.5
104.20	Dismounting of the shelter's roofing structure, including loading on the dump trucks and hauling to the dump site	m²	10.0
105.00	Demolishing/dismounting of circular and box culverts, including headwalls, wingwalls, segments, manholes, etc.		

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
105.10	Dismounting/demolishing of headwalls of the existing culverts	m ³	773.8
105.20	Dismantling/demolishing of barrels of the existing culverts	m ³	102.6
105.30	Dismounting of the existing gabion boxes (with dimensions of 1.5m x 1.0m x 1.0m), and storing of removed stones for subsequent use	ltem	12
106.00	Removal of the existing concrete walls and 'balcony' structure		
106.10	Demolition/dismounting of the existing reinforced concrete walls with total linear length of L=288 m along the following sections: from km 5+170 to km 5+267 (right hand side); from km 5+793 to km 5+902 (left hand side); from km 10+204 to km 10+248 (left hand side); from km 11+733 to km 11+771 (left hand side)	m³	1,543
106.20	Disassembling/dismounting of the existing r/c 'balcony' structure	m ³	382
106.30	Dismounting of the gabion boxes (Dimensions: 1.5m x 1.0m x 1.0m) located from km 5+550 to km 5+558 (LHS), and storing of the removed stones for subsequent use	m ³	48
200.00	Earthworks		
201.00	Stripping and stockpiling of the humus layer	m ³	1,550.0
202.00	Open cut excavation in the Category II, Group 39 ^B soils, including displacement of excavated material to the fill	m ³	5,980.0
203.00	Open cut excavation in the Category II, Group 39 ^B soils, including hauling of excavated material to dump site	m ³	10,901.0
204.00	Open cut excavation in the Category III, Group 39 ^G soils, including hauling of excavated material to dump site	m ³	2,816.0
205.00	Open cut excavation in the Category IV, Group 6 ^G soils, including hauling of excavated material to dump site	m ³	3,373.0
206.00	Open cut excavation in the Category VI, Group 31 ^B soils, including hauling of excavated material to dump site	m ³	13,727.0
207.00	Spreading stockpiled humus material over road slopes	m ³	775.0
300.00	Pavement		
301.00	Milling and storing of the existing damaged asphalt concrete surface layer	m ³	403.0
302.00	Placement of sub-base on the roadbed using sand and gravel mix	m ³	2,020.0

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
303.00	Placement of lower base course using sandy and gravelly mix; thickness: 150mm	m ³	14,408.2
304.00	Placement of base course of sandy and gravelly mix (sieve size: 0-40 mm); thickness 150mm	m ³	12,688.8
305.00	Prime coat	t	57.6
306.00	Placement of lower surface course by hot mix of course- grained dense roadbed asphalt concrete, Type B, Grade II, Thickness: 60 mm	m²	82,320.7
307.00	Tuck Coat	t	24.6
308.00	Placement of upper wearing course by hot mix of fine grained dense rubbly asphalt concrete, Type B, Grade II, Thickness: 40 mm	m²	81,571.0
309.00	Laying soft shoulder using sand-and-gravel mix	m ³	2,233.0
400.00	Drainage		
	Drainage Pipes		
401.00	Earthwork for construction of culverts		
401.10	Excavation for construction of culverts	m ³	3,512.5
401.10	Backfilling and compacting in layers around pipes	m ³	2,648.7
402.00	Placement of sand-and-gravel bedding under circular and box culverts	m ³	238.5
403.00	Placement and compaction of crushed stone bed under headwalls and wingwalls	m ³	132.0
404.00	Supply and installation of precast r/c circular pipes, including all other auxiliary works		
404.10	Single barrel, circular, reinforced concrete culvert pipes with diameters of D=1000mm (Total volume: 71.0 m ³)	m	133.8
404.20	Single barrel, circular, reinforced concrete culvert pipes with diameters of D=1500mm (Total volume: 150.5 m ³)	m	111.6
405.00	Construction of r/c headwalls for D=1000mm and D=1500mm r/c pipe culverts		
405.10	Construction of r/c headwalls for D=1000mm culvert pipes (Total volume: 38.4 m ³)	Item	12.0

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
405.20	Construction of r/c headwalls for D=1500mm culvert pipes (Total volume: 58.5 m ³)	Item	9.0
405.30	Construction of r/c inlet chambers for D=1000mm culverts (Total volume: 62.4 m ³)	Item	10.0
405.40	Construction of r/c inlet chambers for new D=1000mm culverts, as well as for various diameter other culverts (Total volume: 93.5 m ³)	Item	14.0
406.00	Supply to site and installation of precast r/c box culverts, including provision of all auxiliary works		
406.10	Reinforced concrete box culvert; single barrel; Dimensions: 2.0m x 2.0m (Total volume 87.5 m ³)	m	26.7
407.00	Construction of r/c headwalls for box culverts		
407.10	Reinforced concrete box culvert, single barrel; Dimensions: 2.0m x 2.0m (Total volume: 37.2 m ³)	Item	4.0
408.00	In-situ placement of concrete for installation of base slab for box culverts	m ³	48.5
409.00	In-situ placement of C 30/37 grade concrete for extending the existing culverts	m ³	97.2
410.00	Paving works at culverts	m ³	54.9
410.10	Installation of New-Jersey Barriers over culverts	m ³	88.2
408.00	Plastering on mesh / shotcreting of headwalls of the existing culverts with average thickness of 5cm	m²	180.0
409.00	Installation of scour control slabs and collars at headwalls of the existing culverts	m ³	155.0
410.00	Construction of reinforced concrete drainage ditches		
410.10	Soil excavation for construction of r/c drainage ditches	m ³	5,977.2
410.20	Placement of sand-and-gravelly bed	m ³	647.5
410.30	Hauling to site and installation of precast r/c drainage ditches (Total concrete volume: 1866.44 m ³)	m	9,962.0
410.40	Backfilling and compacting		1,195.4
500.00	Construction of Road Junctions and Private Driveways		
	Construction of junctions		

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
501.00	Mechanical excavation of pit and in-situ leveling of removed soil	m ³	17.2
502.00	Manual excavation of pit and in-situ leveling of removed soil	m ³	1.7
503.00	Hauling to site and installation of D=500mm steel drainage pipes at junctions		
503.10	Placement of sand-and-gravel paddings under steel culverts (pipes)	m ³	7.7
503.20	Hauling to site and installation of D=500mm steel culverts	m	11.00
503.30	Coating of pipe culverts in double waterproofing layers	m²	17.3
503.40	Not Used		
503.50	Backfilling and compacting sandy and gravelly soil around pipes (culverts)	m³	4.4
504.00	Construction of road pavement on junctions		
504.10	Placement of sub-base layer over existing base course along junctions by sand-and-gravel mix	m ³	29
504.20	Laying a new sub-base layer (h=100 mm) by sand-and- gravel material (with average thickness of 150 mm)	m²	86
504.30	Transportation to site, placement and compaction of crushed stone material (sieve size of 150 m)	m²	86
504.40	Spraying of bitumen over base course	t	0.36
504.50	Placement of lower surface layer along junctions using hot mix of course-grained rubbly asphalt concrete mix; Grade II, Thickness: 60mm	m²	492
504.60	Spraying of bitumen	t	0.2
504.70	Placement of upper wearing course by hot mix of fine grained dense rubbly asphalt concrete, Type B, Grade II, Thickness: 40 mm	m²	574
504.80	Placement of soft shoulders of sand-and-gravel mix along junctions	m ³	29
	Construction of private accesses		
505.00	Mechanical excavation of pit and in-situ leveling of removed soil	m ³	10.9
506.00	Manual excavation of pit and in-situ leveling of removed soil	m ³	1.1

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
507.00	Supply to site and installation of D=500mm steel drainage pipes at private driveways		
507.10	Placement of sand-and-gravel bedding under steel pipes	m ³	4.9
507.20	Supply and installation of D=500mm steel pipes	m	7.0
507.30	Application of double layer waterproofing insulation	m²	11.0
507.40	Construction of rubble masonry headwalls for culverts	m ³	2.1
507.50	Backfilling and compacting sandy and gravelly soil around culvert	m ³	2.8
508.00	Construction of road pavement along private driveways		
508.10	Placement of sub-base along private driveways using sand- and-gravel mix	m ³	2.7
508.20	Placement and compaction of sand-and-gravel base course along private driveways with average thickness of h=100mm	m ³	5.5
508.30	Placement and compaction of 0-40 mm grade crushed stone at private driveways with average depth of h=100mm	m ³	5.5
508.40	Spraying of bitumen	t	0.04
508.50	Placement of upper wearing course by hot mix if fine grained dense rubbly asphalt concrete, Type B, Grade II, h=50mm	m²	55.0
508.60	Alignment of the road pavement using 0-40 mm grade crushed stone placed with thickness of h=20 cm	m ³	13.0
600.00	Retaining Walls		
600	Construction of r/c retaining walls with total linear length of L=612m		
601.00	Excavation of loamy soil and removal to the dump site	m ³	9,631.6
602.00	Placement of bedding under r/c walls using 40-60 mm graded crushed stone	m ³	311.2
603.00	Construction of cast-in-placed r/c retaining wall (Concrete Class C28/34 (B30)), including installation of reinforcement, formworks and completion of all other temporary works	m ³	1,626.1
604.00	Coating back surface of r/c wall with bituminous grease	m²	3,863.4

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
605.00	Installation of D=100mm diameter drip strips with individual average length of 0.8m	Item	306.0
606.00	Placement of shale barrier, including supply of material and compaction	m ³	487.4
607.00	Supply to site and placement of granular filtration material for r/c walls	m ³	544.1
608.00	Installation of geotextile membrane between filtration layer and soil	m²	2,040.9
609.00	Installation of corrugated drainage pipe (D=150mm) besides r/c wall	m	612.0
610.00	Backfilling backspace of retaining wall with sandy and gravelly soil	m ³	6,223.8
611.00	Raising of the existing r/c walls by H=0.8m in average using C20/25 Class reinforced concrete	m ³	114.5
700.00	Bridges		
	Rehabilitation Bridge No. 1 at km 0+072 (Not part of the project)		
701.00	Not Used		
- 712.00	Not Used		
	Rehabilitation Bridge No. 2 located at km 2+810 (Not part of the project)		
713.00	Not Used		
- 720.00	Not Used		
	Rehabilitation Bridge No. 3 at km 4+517		
721.00	Preparatory works		
721.10	Installation, dismantling and returning to the base of standard temporary road signs for use during construction period	Item	4
721.20	Installation, dismantling and returning to base of the temporary precast (inventory) r/barrier curb parapet blocks	Item	4
722.00	Bridge rehabilitation		
722.10	Removing the existing asphalt layer (including base) by pneumatic hummer from the bridge approaches and deck.	m ³	18.00

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
	Loading the removed material on dump trucks and hauling to the dump		
723.00	Installation of 16m long r/c barrier curb on the right wingwall of bridge abutment		
723.10	Drilling of abutment's concrete wingwall (hole diameter $Ø=12$ mm, depth: 20-25 cm) for anchoring of reinforcement	Item	54
723.20	Concrete C 20-25 F-100W6	m ³	3.00
723.30	Reinforcement	t	0.22
723.40	Painting of the existing r/c barrier curb by waterproof paint (white and black strips in Zebra pattern)	m²	75.80
724.00	Rehabilitation of 15m long damaged section of metal handrails		
724.10	Reinforcement, Ø=10 mm 72m	t	0.064
724.20	Angle bar, 15m, 6.3x3	t	0.059
724.30	Rolled steel strip, 15m, 50mm x 10mm	t	0.059
724.40	Painting of handrail and metal elements of the bridge with corrosion resistant paint	t	0.550
725.00	Construction of road pavement on bridge carriageway		
725.10	Placement of leveling course on r/c surface of the bridge carriageway applying sand-and-cement mortar (dressing); thickness 3cm	m²	114.73
725.20	Placement of hot-mixed fine-grained asphalt-concrete surface course with 7cm thickness	m²	114.73
725.30	Dressing of sidewalk surface by sand-and-cement mortar with thickness of 3cm; 72 m ²	m ³	0.60
726.00	Clearing of riverbed		
726.10	Clearing of riverbed from deposited soil and stone debris; manual leveling of soil on the slope	m ³	115.00
	Construction of new Bridge No.4 at km 4+517		
727.00	Worksite preparation, temporary works, excavation/backfilling of pits		
728.00	Excavation of the existing soil and disposal of surplus material for construction of temporary access road	m ³	336.00

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
729.00	Embankment fill for construction of temporary access road	m ³	255.00
730.00	Installation of temporary culvert under temporary road using existing box sections (4x2.5)	m	8.00
731.00	Laying road surface of L=50m length, W=4m width and h=30cm thickness over temporary road using 0-40 mm graded crushed stone	m²	200.00
728.00	Construction and subsequent removal of the cofferdam for alternating diversion of water flow according to the design drawings by excavation, hauling, stockpiling and dully compacting the stony soil existing in the riverbed; including construction of temporary access road, islands, drainage trenches, berms and side slopes, and provision of all auxiliary materials, labour, plant and equipment (reuse of the ballast produced during Construction Phase 1 in Construction Phase 2 shall be allowed		
728.10	Construction Phase 1	m ³	1,250.00
728.20	Construction Phase 2	m ³	1,000.00
729.00	Excavation of pits for construction of abutments and piers, including disposal of spoil, due sorting of the excavated material, formation of drainage, pit slopes, pit shoring, and provision of all auxiliary materials, labour, plant and equipment		
729.10	Soil to 7 m depth	m ³	765.00
730.00	Supply backfill material to site and compact to 95% Proctor Density, including provision of all labour, plant and equipment		
730.10	Graded granular aggregate under approach slab	m ³	462.00
730.20	Existing stony soil for backfilling piers' capping pits	m ³	195.00
731.00	Supply to site, installation and subsequent removal of material for construction of the temporary scaffold supporting slab, while achieving designed standard cross- sections and construction specifications, due preparation of underlying bedding and base course, and provision of all auxiliary materials, labour, plant and equipment (is applicable to both Construction Phases)		
731.10	Excavation, grading, preparation and compaction of roadbed	m ³	560.00
731.20	Grading and compaction of 500mm thick sand-and-gravel bedding using the existing material	m ³	80.00

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
731.30	Grading and compaction of 200mm thick sorted crushed stone base coarse	m ³	32.00
731.40	Supply to site, placement and curing of concrete (Class C12/15) for concrete slab	m ³	48.00
731.50	Erection and subsequent removal of scaffolding system according to Contractor's method statement and using pre- selected structures, including preparation of shop drawings, obtaining Engineer's approval, provision of safety measures, subsequent removal, and all needed auxiliary material, equipment and labour	m³	25.00
732.00	Pile foundations		
732.10	Construction of reinforced concrete bored piles, including construction of temporary access roads, islands, boring, temporary embedment of casings, supply/placement/curing of reinforcement (Strength Class 500 MPa) and concrete (C25/30), removal of surplus excavated material, and provision of all materials, labour, plant and equipment		
732.20	Pile of 1200mm diameter	m	100.00
732.30	Adjusting pile caps with piling sheet grillage by means of gradual lowering of pile caps down to design level, while retaining the installed reinforcement, including disposal of waste, and provision of all auxiliary plant, equipment, labour and material		
732.40	For 1200mm diameter piles	Item	10.00
733.00	Abutments and piers: Concrete, reinforced concrete		
733.10	Supply to site, placement, grading and dully curing lean concrete (Class C8/12) for provision of the bedding of average thickness of 10cm under pier foundations and approach slab, including all auxiliary materials, labour, plant and equipment		101.00
	For abutment foundations	m²	124.00
733.20	For approach slabs	m²	160.00
733.00	Supply of reinforcement (Strength Class: 500 MPa) and concrete (Class C30/37) to site for cast-in-placed reinforced concrete structures, including installation/subsequent removal of forms, compacting, curing, forming openings as required, provision of visible surface texture, installation of the reference bolts for indicating designed levels, and provision of all auxiliary materials, inventory, plant, equipment and labour		
733.10	For abutment capping	m ³	130.50
133.10	For abutment capping	III	130.50

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
733.20	For abutment wall	m ³	124.85
733.30	For abutment wingwalls	m ³	35.30
733.40	For transitional slab	m ³	27.00
733.50	For sidewalks on wingwalls	m ³	12.53
733.60	For curbstones along approaches	m ³	8.00
733.70	For bridge deck	m ³	162.00
734.00	Bridge inventory and attachments		
734.10	Supply and placement of waterproof bedding in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations and Engineer's instructions, including placement of refining concrete layer, adjustment with openings and edges, at least 10cm overlapping, surface leveling and dressing, application of binder, installation of reinforced concrete protection layer, and provision of all auxiliary materials, plant, equipment and labour; fabrication, supply to site and embedment into deck slab according to drawings of 3 cast iron spillway systems (siphon sets of 400mm x 500mm, vertical pipe with diameter of 150mm and length of 3500mm), providing at least d=200mm and 200mm deep holes; anchoring fittings, resin-based homogenous grained (8/16 mm) filtration bedding and all auxiliary materials, plant, equipment and labour.	m²	150.70
734.20	Supply to site and placement of fine-grained asphalt concrete to form 70mm thick wearing course including double-layered compaction, all according to specifications and drawings, provided adjustment with edges and openings, insertion of sealing tapes, and provision of all auxiliary materials, labour, plant and equipment	m²	148.00
800.00	Road Inventory, Signs, and Marking		
	Road signs		
801.00	Installation of warning sign 1.12.1 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 m ³ x $14 = 2.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	11
802.00	Installation of warning sign 1.12.2 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 m ³ x $14 = 2.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	11
803.00	Installation of warning sign 1.13.1 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 m ³ x $19 = 3.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	14

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
804.00	Installation of warning sign 1.13.2 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $15 = 3.0 \text{ m}^3$)	ltem	8
805.00	Installation of warning sign 1.14 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $10 = 2.0 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	5
806.00	Installation of warning signs 1.15 on steel posts L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $10 = 2.0 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	5
807.00	Installation of warning sign 1.17 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ 4 = 0.8 m^3)	Item	2
808.00	Installation of warning signs 1.23 on steel posts L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $4 = 0.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	2
809.00	Installation of warning signs 1.29 on steel posts L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $6 = 1.2 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	4
810.00	Installation of directional signs 1.35.3 and 1.35.6 on steel posts, each with length of L=3.2m (Total length of posts: 676 linear meters), and diameter of D=76mm, including concreting (Total Concrete Volume: 41 m ³)	Item	260
811.00	Not Used		
812.00	Installation of priority sign 1.7.2 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $13 = 2.6 \text{ m}^3$)	ltem	5
813.00	Installation of priority sign 1.7.3 on steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x}$ $13 = 2.6 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	5
814.00	Installation of warning sign 2.24 on steel posts, L=3.2m, D=76mm each, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 $m^3 \times 15 = 3.0 m^3$)	Item	7
815.00	Installation of prohibitory sign 3.20 on single steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 m ³ x 12 = 1.8 m ³)	Item	10
816.00	Installation of prohibitory sign 3.21 on single steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: 0.2 m ³ x 9 = 1.8 m ³)	Item	7
817.00	Installation of prohibitory sign 3.24 on single steel post L=3.2m, D=76mm, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x } 20 = 4.0 \text{ m}^3$)	ltem	15

ltem	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
818.00	Not Used		
819.00	Installation of kilometre sign 5.16 on steel posts with L=3.2m, D=76mm each, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x } 4 = 0.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	2
820.00	Installation of kilometre sign 5.19 on steel posts with L=3.2m, D=76mm each, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \times 8 = 1.6 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	
821.00	Installation of special instructional sign 6.7 on steel posts with L=3.2m, D=76mm each, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x } 8 = 1.6 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	
822.00	Not Used		
823.00	Installation of kilometre sign 7.13 on steel posts with L=3.2m, D=76mm each, including concreting (Concrete Volume: $0.2 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x } 14 = 2.8 \text{ m}^3$)	Item	1
824.00	Installation of supplementing information sign 8.2.1 (0.7 x 0.35 m ²) on single steel post using supports of road signs 1.12.1 and 1.12.2	Item	1
	Road marking		
825.00	Road Marking, Type 1.1	m	28,931.
826.00	Road Marking, Type 1.5	m	508.
827.00	Road Marking, Type 1.6	m	350.
828.00	Road Marking, Type 1.7	m	217.
829.00	Road Marking, Type 1.14	m²	10.
830.00	Supply and installation of bumps at km 1+995 and km 12+184; 2 sets in total, double items at each site (ref. to Drawings Nos. LDCL #100-006 LDCL #100-007 and LDCL #100-038	Set	
831.00	Supply to site and installation of roadside posts	Item	1,031.
832.00	Supply to site and installation of metal guardrails, including provision of auxiliary works	m	9,690.
833.00	Construction of bus stop shelters at km 1+982 (left hand side) and km 12+167 (left hand side)	Item	1.
900.00	Utility Lines		
901.00	Removal of the existing and installation of the new utility (electrical) poles		

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
901.10	Removal, loading on dump trucks and hauling to dump site of the existing wooden utility poles	Item	1
901.20	Installation into hole and concreting of new reinforced concrete posts, including excavation works, hauling to dump site, preparation and on-site placement of C 20/25 grade concrete	m ³	2.5
901.30	Attaching of two electrical brackets to the new r/c post and stringing of the existing conductors on the brackets	Item	1
902.00	Driving of the water pipes through casing steel pipes		
902.10	Soil excavation for laying the casing pipes and in-situ leveling of the excavated material	m ³	88.0
902.20	Placement of the sand-and-gravel padding	m ³	6.8
902.30	Hauling to site and placement on sand-and-gravel padding of steel casing pipes (D=300mm) and	m	80.0
902.40	Treatment of the steel casing pipes (D=300mm) with corrosion resistant bituminous paint	m²	89.0
902.50	Cutting/removal of the existing water pipes (with diameters of 1/2, 3/4 and 2 inches), and installation of the new water pipes (considering lengths of the cut pipes and required extensions) into steel casing pipes, including sealing of the casing terminals by foam-plast and application of the bituminous paint over foam-plast surface	Point	28
902.60	Backfilling of the casing pipe trenches by sand-and-gravel material, including compacting in layers	m ³	31.8
902.70	Installation of the reinforced concrete manholes and steel valves at the terminations of the casing pipes		
902.70.10	Excavation for installation of the utility manholes	m ³	85.2
902.70.20	Placement of sand-and-gravel bedding for r/c manholes	m ³	3.6
902.70.30	In-situ placement of C 20/25 grade concrete slab	m ³	3.9
902.70.40	Hauling to site and installation of r/c manhole rings of C 30/37 grade concrete	m ³	3.6
902.70.50	Hauling to site and installation over manhole of precast C 30/37 grade concrete slab, including 4 caps	m ³	2.16
902.70.60	Backfilling and compacting around manholes	m ³	52.4

Item	Work Description	Unit	Quantity
902.70.70	Installation of marker flags at the terminals of the casings indicating location/depth of the water main (flags: reinforcement D=16mm, length: 1.0m; welded steel board: 20mm x 3500mm; application of two coat of corrosion resistant paint on the flag surfaces)	ltem	14
1000.00	Miscellaneous		
1001.00	Installation of rock fall protection meshes		
1001.10	Hauling to site and installation of wires and steel rope meshes (from km 2+880 to km 3+365, h=20m; from km 5+330 to km 5+430, h=20m; from km 5+720 to km 6+015, h=30 m	m²	16,150.0

4. CONCEPTUAL DESIGN

The conceptual design of the Chinti – Tvalivi Road Section of the Secondary Jinvali-Barisakho-Shatili Road is described in the Design Report of the Chinti - Tvalivi Road Rehabilitation and the corresponding conceptual design drawings are presented in Annex A and B.These documents are only for information purposes and are not part of the bid.

The preliminary road design is carried out considering following design philosophy:

- The porpose of the project is the rehabilitation of the existing carriageway. The alignment therefore follows the existing road.
- The standards to be applied will follow the Georgian geometric design standard for the selected design speed of 40 km/h, with some flexibility in application when the strict application of the standards would result in an excessively costly technical solution.
- In order to avoid environmental and social problems that arise when land taking is required any road realignments will be limited to what can be achieved within the existing road corridor.
- In general the design follows the existing alignment wherever possible and considers the existing structures. Where the existing alignment does not correspond to the proposed parameters, certain improvements depending on topography, build-up areas and structures are consider.
- The design will result in a cost effective construction, considering the low traffic volumes on the road and the economic viability of the design.

The horizontal alignment follows the existing road with minor alignment improvements within the existing right-of-way.

The vertical design follows the exiting alignment but allows an increase in the road elevation to accommodate additional pavement layers where possible to minimise the quantities for removal of existing embankment material.

Along the project road section minor roads join the main road. These side road connections are, in general, unregulated with no road marking and little signing. This minor junction has to been furnished with adequate marking and traffic signs for safety of the road user.

Road Section Propsed

The recommendation is given taking into account:

- Major rehabilitation works to be executed: The current condition of three roads requires rehabilitation works on all corridors based also in the importance of them.
- Creation of contiguous and consistent road network. All roads require works at different levels but all of them are rehabilitation works.
- Sources available to finance OPRC
- Capacity of the local industry and responsiveness of international contracting industry.

The road sections recommended consists of

Number of lanes:	2
Lane width:	3.00 m
Carriageway width:	6.00 m
Width of shoulder:	1.00 m (of which 0.50 m is paved)
Increase of shoulder on embankment	0.50 m
Total road width:	9.00 m

Detailed Design Requirements

Design and construction of the rehabilitated road shall provide for a service life of at least 20 years from completion of the construction works.

The Contractor is solely responsible for completing the detailed design of the required Rehabilitation / Improvement Works in accordance with the intent of the Contract and the scope of the Conceptual Design. This includes, where necessary, the detailed pavement design and the design of all associated embankment, culverts, bridges, intersections, drainage and all ancillary works such as barriers, road signs and pavement markings.

It is Contractor's responsibility to make assessment of existing traffic, including Origin Destination Survey to estimate diverted traffic potential (on current roads which are open for traffic) and provide reasoned forecasts of pavement loadings during service life of project road section. These data will form the basis for Contractor's pavement designs.

The road shall comply with the Geometrical and Structural requirements of the Georgian National Standard for Public Roads and/or any international standards as applicable with some flexibility in application when the strict application of the standards would result in an excessively costly technical solution. Each case of slight deviation from the above standards should be agreed upon in advance with the Project Manager and the Employer on the Detailed Design stage of the Contract.

The Contractor is required to explore and recommend the most appropriate pavement design to provide the required outcome of best advantage to the Employer, the Road User and the Contractor in terms of performance, construction and lifecycle costs and/or environmental and social considerations. The design shall provide a road cross-section to comply with the outline conceptual design.

PART A3: LEVEL OF SERVICE

The Contractor is responsible for designing and carrying out the works, services and actions he believes are necessary in order to achieve the Service Levels stated in the contract. The Service Levels are defined from a road user's perspective and may include factors such as average travel speeds, riding comfort, safety features etc.

1. SERVICE LEVELS: DESIGN

Design stage begins simultaneously with Mobilization Stage and will continue during Rehabilitation stage. Detailed designs and associated field investigations will be implemented as follows:

- (i) First 4 km after 2 months from Start Date,
- (ii) Remaining 6km after 4 months form the Start Date,
- (iii) Detailed Designs for bridges can be submitted either together with the road design or separately for each bridge.

Item	Service Level	Remedial measures
Survey	Strip plan based on the survey data, C.S., L.S and plan of the road existing showing among others, side slopes of embankments, drains, culverts, bridges, streams and rivers and their flow direction, carriageway, shoulder, gradient, crossfall and chainage references, prepared in accordance with the design specification	Remarks or comments on the drawings to be incorporated in the final drawings
Geotechnical investigation and foundation recommendation	Geo-Technical records, field samples, test results, recommendation for soil and foundations in accordance with the design specification	Additional testrequested by the Project Manager if he is not satisfied with the information
Design and preparation of working drawings for structures	Drains, culverts, retaining walls and bridges designed according to specifications	Additional information or comments requested by the project Manger shall be incorporated in the final drawings and report
Pavement	Pavement design in accordance to specification. Recommendations on structural foundations and pavement design to be presented.	Comments or clarification requested by the Project Manager.
Design and Preparation of	The works are to be designed and detailed in accordance with the Design Specification.	Additional information requested or comments shall be incorporated in the final drawings and report.

The Level of Service during the Design Stage is tabulated below.

Working	
Drawings	

The response time for this activity depends on the work plan presented by the Contractor and will not exceed the months established to carry out the design and rehabilitation activities.

2. SERVICE LEVELS: REHABILITATION

The Level of Service during the Rehabilitation Stage is tabulated below:

Item	Service Level	Remedial measures
Clearance along ROW	Shall satisfy the specifications during site inspection of the Project Manager.	Acceptance by visual site inspection in general. Compaction will be checked by random in-situ density checks using nuclear gauge, core cutter or sand replacement method
Strengthening and widening embankment/cut formations	Shall satisfy the specifications during site inspection of the Project Manager and present field results.	If the test check fails, the contractor will rework on the entire area notified in his Request for Inspection contained in QAM and notify the Project Manager for new (fresh) inspection
Paved shoulder	The service level will be laboratory tests for bitumen and aggregates, visual inspection at sites, conducting spot check on levels and extracting 90 mm samples from binder course and wearing course and checking gradation, binder content and compaction	In case the test results do not conform to specifications, the contractor will work rework as stated in the QAM and notify the Project Manager for new (fresh) inspection
Pavement	Riding comfort for carriage way will be measured in IRI (International Roughness Index). The service level will be laboratory tests for bitumen and aggregates, visual inspection at sites, conducting spot check on levels and extracting 90 mm samples from binder course and wearing course and checking gradation, binder content and compaction	In case the test results do not conform with specifications, the contractor will work rework as stated in the QAM and notify the Project Manager for fresh inspection.
Bus bay	Riding comfort for carriage way will be measured in IRI The service level will be laboratory tests for bitumen and aggregates, visual inspection at sites, conducting spot check on levels and extracting 90 mm samples from binder course and wearing course and checking gradation, binder content and compaction	In case the test results do not conform with specifications, the contractor will work rework as stated in the QAM and notify the Project Manager for fresh inspection.
Road lane marking	The consultant will verify the product catalogues and physical inspection and measurement of the product ensuring compliance to specifications and drawings	Check the quality of the materialsRework at the rejected locations
Traffic sign boards	Shall comply with specification and workmanship acceptable to the Project Manager.	Total number specified in the bid.
Desilting	After cleaning no silt or debris shall remain on the floor or wall of structures. All scour holes within ROW of the earth channels shall be filled and compacted with rip rap or weathered rock. All vegetation ,silt deposits, and other materials obstructing flow shall be removed and disposed of to the satisfaction of the Project Manager	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications
Drains in concrete and earth	No stagnation of water at any location and compliance to working drawings and specifications	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications
Slope Protection	Physical checking of workmanship at site with the tape and level	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications
Provision and installation of	No pounding of water in the inlet outlet and barrel. Funnel type floor aprons at inlet and	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications

Item	Service Level	Remedial measures
Reinforced Concrete Pipe culvert	outlet finished with 15N/mm ² concrete and cement concrete guide walls	
Bridge/Structure Rehabilitation & Improvement	Compliance to the specification and workmanship acceptable to the Project Manager, testing all materials and finished products as specified in the QAS and QMS	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications
Design and construction of guardrails over embankments and approaches to bridges	Compliance to the specification and workmanship acceptable to the Project Manager	Rework to ensure compliance with specifications
Construction of new Bridges	The service levels will be accomplished by testing all materials and finished products as specified in the QAS and QMS	Rework to ensure compliance to specifications
Traffic Management	Traffic management shall be in accordance with the Traffic Management Plan.	Improve to ensure compliance
consultant's office and supplies	The service levels will be accomplished by testing all materials and finished products as specified in the QAS and QMS	The defective materials, fittings, fixtures and furniture not complying to standards specified in the bids and reconfirmed in the QAM shall be replaced. Defective civil works shall be dismantled and reworked to comply with specification and QAM.

3. LEVEL OF SERVICE FOR EACH COMPLETED ROAD SECTIONS

3.1 Methods of Inspection of Service Levels

3.1.1 Formal Inspections of Service Levels

Formal inspections are those scheduled in advance by the Project Manager, and carried out by the Contractor (through his self-control Unit) under the supervision of the Project Manager – Supervision consultant. The main purpose of the formal inspections is to enable the Project Manager to verify the information presented in the Contractor's statement and to issue the Interim Payment Certificate. The Project Manager must inform the Contractor of his intention to carry out a formal inspection at least 48 hours in advance, indicating the exact date, hour and location where the formal inspection is to begin. The Contractor is obliged to be present at the date, hour and location specified by the Project Manager, providing the physical means needed for the inspection as indicated further below. During the formal inspections, the Project Manager will prepare a brief Memorandum describing (i) the general circumstances of the site visit, including date, road sections visited, persons present, etc., (ii) any non-compliance which may have been detected, and (iii) the time granted by the Project Manager to the Contractor to remedy the detected defects.

Formal inspections will also be scheduled for the follow-up site visits, whose purpose is to verify if the Contractorhas remedied the causes of earlier non-compliance, within the time frame granted by the Project Manager and specified in the Memorandum.

Based on the LS measurements the Contractor will have to carry out among others but not limited to:

• Visual survey: This survey will be carried out for each road section following AASHTO Methodology. The data collected shall be included in the Data Collection Report and

also presented in soft copy (CD) in any format or software compatible with Microsoft Excel and Microsoft Access.

- IRI survey: This survey will be carried out for each completely rehabilitated road section using the equipment classified as Class 1 (Precision Profiles such as Road Surface Profilometer). The measures shall be included in the Data Collection Report and also presented in soft copy, (CD) in any format or software compatible with Microsoft Excel and/or Microsoft Access.
- FWD survey: This survey will be carried out for each completely rehabilitated road section using the equipment "Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD)". The measures shall be included every six months in the Data Collection Report and also presented in soft copy (CD) in any format or software compatible with Microsoft Excel and Microsoft Access.
- Specialized equipment, GPS, Video camera and Database Management System will be used in order to register the results of the studies. The record of the road shall be taken before the commencement of works (during mobilization), after finalized the rehabilitation works. The video information shall be connected with GPS and shall be compatible with commercial Database Management Systems.

3.1.2 Informal Inspections of Service Levels

The Project Manager may carry out informal inspections of Service Levels as part of his general mandate given to him by the Employer. He may do so on his own initiative, at anytime and anywhere on the roads included in the contract. He must use his own means for those inspections. If he detects any road sections where the Service Level criteria are not met, he is obliged to inform the Contractor within 24 hours in writing, in order to enable the Contractor to take remedial action as soon as possible. The results of informal inspections may not be used by the Project Manager for purposes of correcting the Contractor's statements or applying penalties or liquidated damages, except for cases in which the road has been completely interrupted and the criteria of Road Usability has not been met.

3.1.3 Service Levels: Completed Road Sections

Item	Service Level	Measurement/ Detection
Potholes	No potholes allowed	Visual inspection and Ruler
Patching	There shall be no patches	Visual inspection and Ruler
Cracking in pavement	There shall not be any cracks more than 1 mm wide.	Crack widths measured with small transparent ruler. For isolated cracks, the "cracked area" includes 0.5 m on each side of the crack, multiplied by the length of the crack plus 0.5 m at each end.
Rutting	There shall not be ruts	Measured with 2 rulers Horizontal ruler of three 3 m length placed perpendicularly

The Level of Service for completed road sections is tabulated below:

Item	Item Service Level	
		across lane; rut depth measured as space between horizontal ruler and lowest point of rut, using a small ruler with scale in mm
Raveling	Raveled areas must not exist	Visual inspection
Loose Pavement edges	There shall not be loose pavement edges, or pieces of pavement breaking off at the edges.	Visual inspection
Height of shoulders vs. height of pavement	Difference in height at edge of pavement shall <i>not</i> be more <i>than</i> 20 mm	Measured with ruler, with scale in mm
Paved shoulders	Must always be sealed to avoid water penetration without deformations and erosions. Free of potholes and erosions	Visual inspection

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the road roughness is below the threshold values given in the table below:

Item	Service Level	Measurement/Detection
	Average value for any 1 km	Measured with calibrated
Average Devement roughness for	continuous section must not	equipment (Class 1 precision and
Average Pavement roughness for entire road after rehabilitation.	exceed 2.2 IRI. Average value	bias specifications as defined by
entire road after renabilitation.	for any continuous 100m section	ASTM E-950)
	must not exceed 2.5 IRI.	

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the comfort of shoulder and pavement is at least as specified below:

Item	Service Level	Measurement/Detection
Pavement Width	Pavement width must be at least wide as specified in the contract for each section of road	
Shoulder Width	Shoulder width must be at least wide as specified in the contract for each section of road	Manual measurement using a <u>metallic</u> measuring tape
Roadway cut slopes	On cut slopes, the roadway must be without erosion and material on the shoulders or carriageway.	Visual inspection
Roadway embankments	Embankment must be without erosion and free of organic material, toxic waste, garbage along the ROW	Visual inspection
Specified nominal sealed pavement width	Pavement width must be at least wide as specified in the contract for each section of road	Manual measurement using a <u>metallic</u> measuring tape

	In accordance with AASHTO	In accordance with AASHTO
Texture depth	Specifications for Surface	Specifications for Surface
	Treatment.	Treatment.

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the 95th percentile road deflection of any one-km road section is below the threshold values given in the table below:

Item	Service Level	Measurement/Detection
Deflection	Average of section must be below the threshold values indicated for each road section: 0.7 mm*	Measured with FWD every 250 meters. Threshold value is average for sections of 1000 meters. (Specifications as defined by ASTM D4694)

* This value is based on Design specifications "AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures 1993" for Falling Weight Deflectometer Equipment. Deflection measures presents charts showing deflection values based on cumulative standard axles, critical condition and types of surface.

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the structural number of the pavement design is above the threshold value given in the table below:

Item	Service Level	Measurement/Detection
Devement design structurel	The minimum design structural	In accordance to AAHSTO
Pavement design structural	number of the pavement should	Guide for Design of Pavement
number	be 76 or higher.	Structures 1993.

Note: The Service Levels given in the above chart should be met during acceptance of any 2km section for payment (meeting these Service Levels is a pre-condition for acceptance) and again for Final Handling-Over of the whole project road for the purpose of issuance of Certificate of Completion according to the GCC 54. The details of payment are provided in the Particular Conditions of the Contract, sub-clauses 44.2, 46.3, 47.2.

3.1.4 Methods of Verification of Service Levels

Contractor's Quality Assurance Plan

The Contractor shall prepare a Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) which shall clearly describe the systems, procedures and methods that will be used to deliver and monitor the Contract, in particular the compliance of the Works with the requirements of the General and Particular Specifications.

The QAP must include as a minimum a full description of the systems, procedures and methods that will be used to deliver and monitor the Level of Service measures and the documented procedures for at least the following:

- i) QAP implementation and internal audits
- ii) Procedures for inspection and/or testing the work to ensure compliance with the quality requirements
- iii) Evidence of testing apparatus being recently calibrated
- iv) Materials supply and delivery processes
- v) Program presentation, monitoring and updating
- vi) Recording, reporting and analysis of Data
- vii) Document control and management of contract administration documents
- viii) Emergency procedures and incident response plan

- ix) Internal audits and responsibilities for addressing non-compliance
- x) Staff training
- xi) Environmental, Social, Health and Safety compliance including traffic management
- xii) Legislative, labor, community health and safety compliance.

The QAP shall also integrate the Contract work requirements with the Contractor's quality, health and safety, environmental and social management systems to deliver the Contract Works.

The Contractor shall prepare and submit the draft QAP (including the three supplementary plans: Health & Safety Management, Emergency Procedures & Contingency, and Traffic Management) for the approval of the Project Manager at the same time as the submission of the Programme of Performance (not more than 28 days after contract signature and not later than the start date). The final QAP shall be submitted for approval not later than 14 days after receipt of the Employer's comments.

Laboratory, Equipment and Facilities

The Contractor will install a soil and material laboratory. This laboratory shall be shared with the Supervision consultant for those tests which require sophisticated and specialized equipments. However, the Contractor will be responsible for personnel, material and procedure to carry out tests to evaluate compliance with the level of services. The minimum equipment required, but not limited to:

Laboratory and other Equipment

Following minimum equipment shall be supplied by the Contractor:

- Topographic Equipment including total station, auto level, tapes and accessories
- Laboratory Equipment
 - The laboratory shall contain at least the equipment to carry out the following tests:
- Determination of CBR (California Bearing Ratio)
- Determination of Particle Size Distribution, Garnulometric Analysis (Sieving Method)
- Determination of Particle Density
- Determination of Particle Shape of Coarse Aggregate Flankiness Index
- Determination of Bitumen Content and Gradiation of the Asphalt mix
- Compaction of Bituminous Mixtures using Marshall Apparatus
- Maximum Density of Paving Mixtures (% Voids)
- Bulk Specific Gravity of Bituminous Paving Mixtures using Saturated Dry Specimen
- Percent of Air Voids in Compacted Dense and Open Bituminious Pavements
- Determination of Needle Penertration
- Moisture-Density Relationship
- Density of Soil in-Place by the Rubber Ballon Method
- Determination of the Resistance to Abraison
- Marshall Stability

Additionally, the Contractor should have the equipment required to carry out tests on quarries, asphalt plants, asphalt mixtures, aggregates according to the prevailing standards.

All the parameter must fulfill the level of service required in this document.

• Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD)

The required Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD) should be Impulse Load Device in accordance with ASTM D4694. This device loads the pavement by dropping a known mass through a known distance simulating the effect of a passing wheel load and measuring the response of the pavement. No alternative equipments type will be accepted.

Vertical deflections are measured in the outer wheel path at the center of theapplied load and at various distances away from the load. The procedure to measure the deflections will meet the requirements of American Society for Testing and Material 2001 (ASTM Standard). The equipment must be calibrated/validated as per the manufacturer's recommendations. This parameter will be measured for each road section finished in order to evaluate the compliance with the required Level of Service and approval for payment.

• ROUGHNESS – IRI

The Contracor shall measure the roughness using the method of International Roughness Index (IRI). The equipment required must be a Class 1 precision Profile according to the specifications as defined by ASTM E-950. The measure of roughness will be made in a continuous way in the wheel tracks of each lane of the carriageway, meeting the requirements of ASTM. The equipment must be calibrated/validated as per the manufacturer's recommendations. This parameter will be measured for each road section finished in order to evaluate the compliance with the required Level of Service and approval for payment.

The Contractor shall maintain properly the laboratory equipment, FWD and Roughness at all times. Whenever requested by the Supervision consultant, the Contractor shall operate this measuring equipment, under the supervision and instructions of the consultant, at the roads sections indicated by the consultant.

Health and Safety Management Plans

The purpose of the Health and Safety Management Plan is to foster a responsible attitude towards occupational health and safety and to comply with the provisions of the Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP), Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) provided by the Employer.

Because of the nature of the Services, the Contractor may occasionally be exposed to hazardous situations, which could involve risk of various degrees of harm, to the contracting staff and/or the public.

Situations will arise when it is not practical to eliminate or isolate significant hazards. In these situations the hazards must be minimized by ensuring that planned protection systems (e.g. equipment, clothing) are available and are actually used.

The Health and Safety Management Plan and community health and safety requirements must be complied with by the Contractor's personnel and all subcontractors at all times.

The Health and Safety Management Plan shall form part of the Quality Assurance Plan and when implemented shall:

- (a) Ensure the systematic identification of existing and new hazards on the work site(s)
- (b) Ensure the minimization of significant hazards, where elimination and isolation are both impractical
- (c) Ensure the provision and use of appropriate protective measures
- (d) Include emergency procedures for dealing with accidental spillage, pollution or imminent danger
- (e) Ensure regular review and assessment of each hazard identified and monitor employees' exposure to these hazards
- (f) Ensure reporting and recording of work site safety incidents so health and safety problems can be addressed quickly and regularly. It is a requirement of this Contract that any such incident be reported promptly to the Project Manager.

The Health and Safety Management Plan shall be submitted with the draft QAP and, when approved, shall become a part of the QAP.

Emergency Procedures and Contingency Plan

The Contractor shall include in the QAP an Emergency Procedures and Contingency Plan (EPP), which shall establish the roles, practices and procedures during specific types of emergency events identified in the plans. The EPP must be developed by the Contractor and agreed with the Project Manager and any other stakeholders the Project Manager may identify.

The purpose of the EPP is to ensure the safety of the contractor's personnel and road users in the case of emergency and/or road closure. It should include:

- a) An effective communication and event recording system
- b) The name, contact number and specific duties of the Contractor's personnel nominated to respond to an emergency event. The contact for Emergency Calls will be the Employer's Project Manager or alternative delegated personnel and the Contractor's Contract Manager
- c) The contact number of other parties who need to be notified in cases of emergency events, e.g. police
- d) Detailed response procedures for all emergency events
- e) Possible detour routes in the event of road closures.

The EPP shall be submitted with the draft QAP and, when approved, shall become a part of the QAP.

Traffic Management Plan

The Contractor shall include in the QAP a Traffic Management Plan (TMP). The TMP establishes the practices for traffic management at work sites, both day and night, and shall define and establish procedures appropriate to the types of road and traffic levels under consideration. The Traffic Management Plan must be developed by the Contractor and agreed with the Project Manager. Once agreed, the requirements of the Traffic Management Plan shall be followed in all instances where the conduct of the works impinges on the travelling public or public traffic in any way.

The objectives of the Traffic Management Plan are to:

(a) Clearly define and document the responsibilities and chain of command for the development, implementation and management of traffic control measures and systems

- (b) Establish the minimum requirements for temporary traffic control
- (c) Establish the minimum geometric, cross section and surfacing standards for temporary works
- (d) Establish the minimum traffic management levels including any reviews necessary as a result of changing traffic conditions over the duration of the contract
- (e) Provide appropriate transitions and enable safe and efficient traffic flow into, through and out of work sites
- (f) Protect the public at all times
- (g) Protect the Contractor's personnel at all times
- (h) Protect the Asset and the Contractor's resources at all times
- (i) Meet the operational requirements for the road.

The Traffic Management Plan must include at least the following:

- A documented process for preparation, review and approval of the traffic management measures
- Layout diagrams, method statements etc. for implementation of traffic control while undertaking each aspect of the Services (including site specific layout diagrams and method statements if the Services require traffic control measures not covered by standard codes of practice)
- Steps to deal with excessive traffic delays which shall be implemented once the traffic delay exceeds 10 (ten) minutes. The Contractor shall be responsible for the monitoring of traffic delay
- A document tracking and control system to ensure that only the latest operative copy of the Traffic Management Plan is in circulation
- Contact details for Contractor, Project Manager, any relevant representative(s) of the Project Manager, emergency services and other stakeholders
- The Contractor's strategy for informing the general public and adjacent landowners about the nature of the planned work activities or events, the implications of the traffic plan (e.g. detours) and their role in maintaining the overall safety of the site. Parties with Access Affected will need to be advised as necessary. Specific attention shall be given to Schools, Hospitals, Emergency Services, Police and other institutions or businesses located within the work zone or directly affected by the works.

The Contractor shall program work such that contract activities affecting traffic flow are not carried out on-site in urban zones during periods of peak traffic flow, other than emergency or emergency maintenance work and then only with the approval of the Project Manager.

Specific plans requiring either partial (single lane) or full road closure (with detour) shall be submitted to the Project Manager and Employer for approval at least 2 weeks in advance of the programmed closure and should be agreed with traffic police. These plans must stipulate the duration of the proposed closure. Specific Plans not requiring closure shall be registered with the Project Manager at least 5 days prior to the work taking place.

The full cost of all traffic control is to be included in the lump sums for Rehabilitation.

The Implementation of the provisions of the TMP shall be audited by the Project Manager continuously as a part of the supervision of rehabilitation works and on a random basis throughout the duration of the contract.

The EPP shall be submitted with the draft QAP and, when approved, shall become a part of the QAP.

Handoverand Completion Report

The Service Levels given in the section "Service Levels: Completed Road Sections" chart should be met for Final Handling-Over of the whole project road for the purpose of issuance of Certificate of Completion according to the GCC 54 (meeting these Service Levels is a pre-condition for acceptance).

Immediately prior to the completion of the contract the Contractor shall prepare a *Handover Report*. The Report will:

- Include the most recent complete set of data on the roads covered by the contract, and
- As made drawings will be updated to capture the most accurate situation of the road.

Pavement Shape

Completed asphalt pavement shall comply in all respects with the requirements of the Specifications for shape and regularity of surface as well as with the roughness limitations set out below. A comprehensive check on the final shape of the paved surfaces shall be carried out as a part of the Completion procedure.

Non-conformance with the pavement shape requirements shall be rectified in accordance with the provisions of the Specification.

Pavement Roughness

The roughness of a road is taken to be an indication of its Usability. The indicator to be used to determine the road roughness will be the International Roughness Index (IRI), whose measure unit is expressed in meters per kilometre (m/km). A profilometer meeting the Class 1 precision and bias specifications of ASTM E-950 shall be used to measure the IRI. The measure of roughness must be made in a continuous manner in the wheel-tracks of each lane of the carriageway. The equipment must be calibrated/validated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and from observation during previous use.

If the measurements reveal that the road roughness is above the threshold stipulated in the Specification the Project Manager will not approve payment and will request the Contractor to correct the defect.

Pavement Strength – FWD Survey

The deflection of a road is taken to be an indication of its load carrying capacity (Durability). It will be checked at road sections selected by the Project Manager based on non-destructive testing (NDT) evaluation. Measurement is carried out with a Falling-Weight-Type Impulse Load device (FWD) in accordance with ASTM D 4694. The FWD measures the vertical deflection response of the surface to an impulse load applied to the pavement surface. Vertical deflections are measured in the outer wheel path at the centre of the applied load and at various distances away from the load.

The Contractor is required to guarantee that the pavement deflection is below the threshold stipulated in the Specification. If the measurements reveal that the pavement deflection is above the threshold stipulated in the Specification the Project Manager will not approve payment and will request the Contractor to correct the defect.

The Employer is entitled to retain the performance guarantee provided by the Contractor until all sections of the road comply with the pavement deflection criteria.

Roadway Cut and Embankment Slopes

Earth embankment and cutting slopes shall be in good condition.

There shall be no visible signs of erosion to embankment or cutting slopes at any point in any the length of road submitted for Completion following rehabilitation.

Bridges

For the purpose of issuance a Certificate of Completion, according to GCC 54.1 - any bridge shall be in good structural order and with, as a minimum:

- No ascertainable defects to concrete or steel elements;
- Expansion joints, , sealed and with functioning drainage;
- Bearings, bearing shelves clean and free draining;
- All steel work, both structural and ancillary (handrails, guard rails, etc.) completely corrosion free and with approved paint systems applied and in good order;
- Wingwalls and retaining walls in sound condition with no visible defects or erosion problems;
- All necessary erosion protection measures in place, functional and defect free;
- Road surface, sidewalks, kerbs, barriers to bridge and approaches in place, functional and defect free.

Culverts

Culverts shall be completed as a part of the length of road in which they are located. No alternative arrangements for completion of culverts will be agreed.

For the purpose of issuance a Certificate of Completion, according to GCC 54.1 - all culverts shall be in good structural order and with, as a minimum:

- No ascertainable defects to any concrete elements;
- All steel work, (handrails, guard rails, etc.) completely corrosion free and with approved paint systems applied and in good order;
- Wing-walls, aprons and training walls in sound condition with no visible defects or erosion problems;
- All necessary erosion protection measures in place, functional and defect free;
- Road surface, sidewalks, kerbs, barriers, guardrail in place, functional and defect free.

Reports to be Submitted

The reports to be submitted during this contract describe the Contractor's performance in managing the contract outputs as detailed below:

- Details of Performance including QAP, HSMP, ESMP, EPP, TMP
- Design Reports
- Monthly Progress Reports
- Quarterly Environmental and Social Reports
- Monthly Safety Report
- Monthly Quality Control Report
- Completion Report

To the extent agreed with the Project Manager, the various monthly reports listed in the table above may be combined into one or more physical reports for convenience. However, this is a relaxation which is entirely at the discretion of the Project Manager and the Employer.

The reports with Service Level, Control Activity and tolerance permitted are tabulated below:

Item	Service Level	Control Activity	Tolerance Permitted
Details of Performance incl. QAP, HSMP, ESMP, EPP & TMP	Submission 28 days after Contract Signature or by Start Date whichever is later. Must include all details required by Contract.	Acceptance by Project Manager/Employer for review and comment.	Must be submitted by due date.
Approved Programme of Performance	Submission not more than 7 days after receipt of the Employer's comments on initial submission.	Acceptance by Project Manager/Employer.	Revision and resubmission must be completed within <u>seven (7) days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.
Design Report	Preliminary submission at least 28 days prior to programmed date for commencement of construction activities. Submission of Approved report not later than 7 days after receipt of Project Manager's comments.	Review and comment /approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	Modification must be completed within <u>seven (7)</u> <u>days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.
Monthly Progress Report	Submission and approval of monthly report summarizing activities carried out, progress, difficulties, updated work plan, etc. This report must initially be submitted within the first 10 days after each month of works.	Review and comment/Approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	Initial Submission by due date. Revision and resubmission must be completed within <u>seven (7) days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.

Quarterly Environmental and Social Report	Submission and approval of quarterly report summarizing all environmental and social activities and issues. This report must initially be submitted within the first 10 days after each quarter of works.	Review and comment/Approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	Initial Submission by due date. Revision and resubmission must be completed within <u>seven (7) days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.
Monthly Safety Report	Submission and approval of monthly report detailing all safety related events, summarizing activities carried out, progress, difficulties, etc. This report must initially be submitted within the first 10 days after each month of works.	Review and comment/Approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	Initial Submission by due date. Revision and resubmission must be completed within <u>seven (7) days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.
Monthly Quality Control Report	Report to provide complete details of all quality control tests (including statistical analysis of test results) and conformance with the QAP.	Review and comment/Approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	Initial Submission by due date. Revision and resubmission must be completed within <u>seven (7) days</u> after the official letter informing of comments.
Completion Report	Complete description of all construction details (with final design report annexed), ongoing problems (minor issues which will be dealt with during the DLP with prior approval from a Project Manager) and maintenance requirements, current pavement condition (incl. strength, roughness and estimated pavement life) and "As Built" drawings.	Review and comment/Approval by Project Manager and/or Employer.	To be submitted 30 days after completion of the Improvement/Construction works. Modifications to be completed and submitted within <u>fifteen (15) days</u> after receipt of comments.

Part B - General Specifications for Design and Road Works

Symbols and Abbreviations

PART B 1, DESIGN SPECIFICATION

1. General Design Obligations

- 1.1 Design Responsibility
- 1.2 Contractors Documents
- 1.3 Technical Standards and Regulations

2. Surveys and Investigations

- 2.1 Topographical Surveys
- 2.2 Geotechnical Investigations for Road Embankment
- 2.3 Bridge Site Ground Investigations
- 2.4 Material Source Survey

3. Design

- 3.1 Road Design
- 3.2 Pavement Design
- 3.3 Drainage Design
- 3.4 Road Furniture Design
- 3.5 Road Marking Design
- 3.6 Environmental and Social Protection

PART B 2, CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

1. General Requirements

- 1.01. Acceptance of Works
- 1.02 N/A
- 1.03 Mobilisation
- 1.04 Laboratory Testing
- 1.05 Record Drawing
- 1.06 Traffic Management
- 1.07 Control of Material
- 1.08 Construction Material
- 1.09 Possession of Site
- 1.10 Health, Safety and Accidents
- 1.11 Environmental and Social Protection
- 1.12 Basic Survey and Setting Out

2. Preparatory Works

- 2.01 Site Clearance
- 2.02 Clearing and Re-grading of Existing Ditches
- 2.03 Removal of Structures, Obstructions and Trees
- 2.04 Utilities

3. Earthworks

- 3.01 Excavation and Embankments
- 3.02 Ditch Construction
- 3.03 Milling of Bituminous Bound Pavement

4. Pavement

- 4.01 Sealing of Cracks and Joints and Patching
- 4.02 Levelling Courses
- 4.03 Granular Subbase and Base Course
- 4.04 Bituminous Prime and Tack Coat
- 4.05 Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement
- 4.06 Surface Tratment
- 4.07 Shoulder Reconditioning
- 4.08 Asphalt Concrete for Sidewalks and Islands
- 4.09 In-Place Cold Recycling of Bituminous Pavements
- 4.10 Pavement Rectification

5. Drainage

- 5.01 Culverts
- 5.02 Reconditioning of Existing Drainage Structures
- 5.03 Spillways, Gullies and Lined Ditches
- 5.04 Manholes, Inlets, Outlets and Catch Basins

6. Road Furniture

- 6.01 Guardrails
- 6.02 Permanent Traffic Control
- 6.03 Permanent Pavement Markings
- 6.04 Temporary Traffic Control
- 6.05 Bus Shelter

7. Retaining Structures

- 7.01 Gabions
- 7.02 Reinforced Concrete Retaining Wall

8. Bridge Works

- 8.01 Removal of Concrete Elements
- 8.02 Structural Excavation and Backfill
- 8.03 Scaffolding and Formworks
- 8.04 Reinforcement
- 8.05 Concrete Works
- 8.06 Repair of Small Concrete Damages without Forms
- 8.07 Painting of Steel Structures
- 8.08 Down Pipes
- 8.09 Down Pipes
- 8.10 Bearings
- 8.11 Expansion Joints
- 8.12 Waterprofing and Protective Layer

9. Rockfall Protection

9.01 Wire Mesh and Cable Net Drapery

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

i) SYMBOLS

Symbols for units of measurement conform to the SI system as set out in BS 5775 (ISO 31/1.). Examples are given below:

1	are given below.
°C	Degrees Celsius
dia	Diameter
g	$Gram = kg \ge 10-3$
ha	Hectare
hr or h	Hour
km	Kilometre
km2	Square kilometre
kg	Kilogram
kg/m3	Kilogram per cubic metre
1	Litre
μ	$Micron = m \ge 10-6$
m	Metre
m2	Square metre
m3	Cubic metre
mg	$Milligram = kg \ge 10-6$
mg/l	Milligrams per litre
min	Minute
mm	Millimetre
mm2	Square millimetre
Ν	Newton
N/m2	Newton per square metre
rad	Radian
sec	Second
t	Tonne = kg x 103
wt	Weight

ii) ABBREVIATIONS

AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
AAV	Aggregate Abrasion Value
ACV	Aggregate Crushing Value
AIV	Aggregate Impact Value
ALD	Average Least Dimension
BA	Bitumen Affinity
BD	Standards – Bridges and Structures
BS	British Standard
CARES	Certification for the Construction Industry (U.K.)
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television
CBR	California Bearing Ratio
CEM I	Portland Cement complying with BSEN 197-1 Class 42.5N
CP	British Standard Code of Practise
CRCP	Continuous Reinforced Concrete Pavement

EN	European Standard
FI	Flakiness Index
FRP	Fiber Reinforced Polymer Composite Materials
FTD	Flat Traffic Delineators
HD	Standards - Highways
ITSM	Indirect Tensile Stiffness Modulus
LAA	Los Angeles Abrasion Value
LL	Liquid Limit
LS	Linear Shrinkage
MC	Moisture Content
MDD	Maximum Dry Density
MENR	Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources Protection
OMC	Optimum Moisture Content
OPC	Ordinary Portland Cement
PC	Portland Cement
PI	Plasticity Index
PL	Plastic Limit
PM	Plasticity Modulus (PI x % passing 0.425 mm sieve)
RLAT	Repeated Load Axel Test
SATS	Saturation Ageing Tensile Stiffness
SCC	Self-Compacting Concrete
SE	Sand Equivalent
SG	Specific Gravity
SI	International Standard Units of Measurements
SO ₄	Sulphate
SRPC	Sulphate-resisting Portland Cement
SSS	Sodium Sulphate Soundness Test, loss on 5 cycles
STV	Standard Tar Viscosity
TRL	Transport Research Laboratory (U.K.)
TS	Tensile Strength
UC	Uniformity Coefficient
UCS	Unconfined Compressive Strength
VIM	Voids in Mix
VMA	Voids in Mineral Aggregates
w/c	Water cement (ratio)

Bidders should note, that below specifications are prepared by an independent consultant and are based on GOST and SNiP standards, but the Contractor shall be free to propose any equivalent or higher internationally accepted standards during execution of the Contract.

PART B1, DESIGN SPECIFICATION

The Design Specification defines the Contractor's general design obligations, and other specific requirements related to surveys, investigations and design.

Section 1 of the Design Specification details the Contractor's general design obligations.

Section 2 of the Design Specification details specific requirements in respect of surveys and investigations that are to be carried out by the Contractor.

Section 3 of the Design Specification details design criteria and specific requirements in respect of design that is to be carried out by the Contractor.

SECTION 1, GENERAL DESIGN OBLIGATIONS

1.1 Design Responsibility

The Contractor shall carry out and be responsible for the design of the Works which shall be carried out in accordance with the Design Specification and all other requirements of this Contract.

On completion of the design, the Contractor shall provide a certificate to the Engineer confirming that it has exercised due care in the preparation of the design.

The surveys and investigations to be carried out by the Contractor as detailed in Part 2 of the Design specification are deemed to be part of the design of the Works.

Design shall be carried out by qualified designers who are professional engineers. For each part of the Works, the prior consent of the Engineer shall be obtained to the designer and design

The Contractor holds itself, its designers and design Subcontractors as having the experience and capability necessary for the design. The Contractor undertakes that the designers shall be available to attend discussions with the Engineer at all reasonable times during the period of the Contract.

1.2 Contractor's Documents

The Contractor's Documents shall comprise of all design (including survey and investigation) drawings, calculations, models, reports, and other manuals and information of a similar nature

that the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer, the Employer and other statutory bodies as part of its design obligations.

The Contractor shall prepare the Contractor's Documents in sufficient detail to demonstrate that it has complied with the requirements of the Contract, to satisfy all regulatory approvals, and to provide sufficient instruction to execute the Works. The Engineer shall have the right to review and inspect the preparation of the Contractor's Documents, wherever they are being prepared.

The Contractor shall submit a schedule to the project Manager within 28 days of the Commencement Date showing each Contractor's Document that will be submitted together with the intended submission date. This schedule shall be reviewed and updated by the Contractor and re-submitted at monthly intervals.

Each of the Contractor's Documents shall, when considered ready for construction use, be submitted to the Project Manager for pre-construction review and consent. Each submission of a Construction Document made by the Contractor in an agreed format and shall be accompanied by notice that the Contractor considers the Construction Document ready for a pre-construction review and suitable for construction. The Project Manager shall review each Contractor's Document for compliance with the Employer's Requirements and the Project Manager shall have a review period of 28 days, calculated from the date on which the Contractor's Document is received to carry out the pre-construction review and grant consent. If the Project Manager, within this review period, notifies the Contractor that such Contractor's Document is incomplete or fails (to the extent stated) to comply with the Employer's Requirements, it shall be rectified, resubmitted and reviewed in accordance with this Clause at the Contractor's cost.

Following the granting of the Project Manager's consent to any Contractor's Document, the Contractor shall submit it to the Employer for approval, together with a copy of the Project Manger's consent. The Contractor shall also provide any additional or supplementary documents requested by the Employer.

The Employer will be responsible for obtaining Construction Permit which is required before any construction works shall proceed. The Construction Permit is obtained based on Detailed Design prepared and submitted by the Contractor and approved by the Project Manager and the Employer. Construction Permit will be obtained by the Employer for each stage of Detailed Design as described above when such will be submitted and approved.

Note: Obtaining of Construction Permit requires approximately 1 month from the date of approval of the Detailed Design.

For each part of the Works, and except to the extent that the prior consent of the Project Manager and Employer shall have been obtained:

- (i) construction shall not commence prior to the expiry of the review periods for the Contractor's Documents which are relevant to the design and construction such part;
- (ii) construction shall be in accordance with such Contractor's Document; and
- (iii) if the Contractor wishes to modify any design or document which has previously been submitted for such pre-construction review, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Project Manager, and shall subsequently submit revised documents to the Project Manager

for pre-construction review and consent. The Contractor shall also submit all revised documents to the Employer for approval.

If the Project Manager instructs that further Construction Documents are necessary for carrying out the Works, the Contractor shall upon receiving the project Manager's instructions prepare such Construction Documents.

If errors, omissions, ambiguities, inconsistencies and other defects are found in the Construction Documents, they and the Works shall be rectified by the Contractor at its cost.

1.3 Technical Standards and Regulations

The design and the Construction Documents shall comply with Georgia's national specifications, technical standards, building, construction and environmental regulations, ESMP provided to the Contractor, and the standards quoted in these Contract Specifications. References in the Contract to such specifications or standards shall be understood to be references to the edition applicable on the Contract Commencement Date. If substantially changed or new applicable national specifications, technical standards or regulations come into force after the Contract Commencement Date the Contractor shall submit proposals for compliance to the Project Manager.

SECTION 2, SURVEYS AND INVESTIGATIONS

2.1 Topographical Surveys

The Contractor shall carry out the following topographical surveys:

- (i) topographical survey and level survey along the full length of the road between the commencement point and the termination point, over a survey corridor width of 30 meters, either side of the existing road centerline. The survey shall be suitable for plotting at a scale of 1 to 1,000. The width of the survey corridor shall be extended as required to ensure that the survey covers the full extent of the proposed Works.
- (ii) cross section survey of the roads detailed below;
- (iii) topographical survey of the site of all new bridges which shall be plotted out on 1 to 200 scale drawing(s).

All topographical surveys shall be referenced relative to the Georgian national grid and national level datum.

The Employer will provide the contractor with details of the survey control points, bench marks and topographical survey data established during the preliminary design phase for the rehabilitation works. The Contractor will be responsible for verifying the accuracy of all such survey information provided by the Employer, prior to using it for the design and construction of the Works.

The Contractor shall provide a specification for the topographical survey that shall be submitted to the Project Manager as a Contractor's Document. This specification shall:

- (i) contain details of primary control points, secondary control points to be established;
- (ii) provide details of the methods by which the topographical survey shall be carried out, and the instruments to be used;
- (iii) provide details of the required accuracy of the survey and permitted error tolerances

A plan topographic survey shall be conducted to locate man-made features such as roads, buildings, etc to prepare plans to a scale of 1 to 1000. and natural features such as creek, canals, etc along the road section using the plan co-ordinates and heights of the primary control monuments and secondary control points.

All features shall have elevations based on the National Datum benchmarks. The extent of the plan map survey shall be at least 30m either side of the existing road centreline, and this survey corridor shall be extended as required to ensure that the full extent of the existing road construction is covered.

Where features cannot be surveyed to the required accuracy without extensive clearing or due to other obstructions, the Contractor will seek the instruction of the Project Manager.

The line or point to be surveyed on a feature shall be at the features intersection with the groundsurface unless otherwise instructed by the Project Manager. Any feature, which is in a state of change during the survey, will be annotated to this effect, with the proposed boundary changes marked, if known.

The ground surface shall be surveyed to truly indicate any change in feature, vertical alignment or horizontal alignment.

Appropriate references such as road section name, section limits (km-marks), north and east coordinates, benchmarks and other important data shall be shown in the topographic plans and profiles.

A survey of the site of the new bridges shall be carried out to prepare plans to a scale of 1 to 200. This survey shall cover the dry river bed for a minimum distance of 250 metres from the bridge location, on the upstream side and 200 metres on the downstream side. All other requirements for the survey shall be as specified above for the topographical survey of the roads.

The requirements for all survey plans shall be as follows:

- (i) all survey drawings shall be prepared on A1 size drawing sheets;
- (ii) names and annotations shall be aligned parallel to the gridlines except for names relating to linear features which shall be aligned parallel with those features;
- (iii) all final drawings shall be provided with a standard border of 50mm for the left margin and 25mm for the remaining margins. Each drawing will be labelled with the date of generation, and version number.
- (iv) the overlap of adjacent drawings shall give a minimum overlap of 75mm of detail common to each drawing and match lines shall be included on each drawing;

- (v) the co-ordinates and heights of all primary control monuments, secondary control points and the existing National Datum benchmarks within the survey limits shall be shown on the drawings;
- (vi) copies of the survey drawings shall be form part of the Contractor's Construction Documents.

The survey drawings shall be used as the base for the detailed design and as-built Drawings that the Contractor is required to prepare.

2.2 Geotechnical Investigation for Road Embankment

The Contractor shall carry out a geotechnical investigation along the full length of the road to determine the ground conditions below the new road embankment. This geotechnical investigation shall consist of 1.5 meter deep trial pits excavated at 0.5 kilometer intervals.

The trial pits shall record the thickness and classification of all soil types, including top-soil. Bulk disturbed samples shall be taken whenever there is a change of soil type. Laboratory tests including those listed below shall be carried out on each bulk disturbed sample:

- moisture content;
- particle size analyses;
- liquid and plastic limits;
- maximum dry density;
- California Bearing Ratio (CBR).

In-situ dynamic cone penetration (DCP) tests would also be carried out in each trial pit at intervals of 0.3 meters. In-situ CBR values shall be calculated from the results of each DCP test.

2.3 Bridge Site Ground Investigation

The Contractor shall carry out a ground investigation at the site of each new bridge to be constructed to provide data for the design of the bridge foundations.

A minimum of 1 borehole shall be drilled at the location of each abutment and pier, to a depth of at least 20 meters (in normal material). If rock is encountered, the drilling can be terminated after penetrating the rock for the following minimum depths:

7 meters in weathered rock;

- 3 meters in soft rock;
- 1 meter in hard rock.

In-situ standard penetration tests or equivalent shall be carried out in each borehole to obtain the data required for the design of the foundations.

The Bridge foundation ground investigation shall be carried out according to the AASHTO Manual on Subsurface Investigations, 1988.

2.4 Materials Source Survey

The Contractor shall carry out a materials source survey to determine the locations of all existing or new borrow pits and quarries that are proposed as sources of embankment fill material, capping layer material, all granular pavement layer materials, asphalt aggregates and concrete aggregates. The survey shall determine the quantity of material available from each proposed borrow pit and quarry and laboratory testing shall be carried out on samples taken from each proposed borrow pit and quarry to demonstrate that the materials complies with the requirements of the Construction Specification.

The materials source survey shall also locate proposed sources of bitumen, cement, pre-cast reinforced concrete items and other construction materials necessary to meet contract requirements.

SECTION 3, DESIGN

3.1 Road Design

Road Cross Section

The general road cross section that shall be adopted is as follows in accordance with the Georgian geometric design standard, Geometrical and Structural Requirements for Georgian Automobile Roads, Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure, Roads Department, Tbilisi 2009:

Number of lanes:	2
Lane width:	3.00 m
Carriageway width:	6.00 m
Width of shoulder:	1.00 m (of which $0.50 m$ is paved)
Increase of shoulder on embankment	0.50 m
Total road width:	9.00 m

Horizontal Alignment

The designed horizontal alignment shall be a smooth flowing alignment that matches the existing road alignment as closely as possible. This alignment is to be computed from survey data collected during the topographical survey. Horizontal curves shall be designed to comply with the geometric standards given in the Georgian Stnadard, Geometrical and Structural Requirements for Georgian Automobile Roads, Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure, Roads Department, Tbilisi 2009, for a design speed of 40 km/h. In urban areas and difficult terrain, the design speed may be reduced as required to enable the designed alignment to follow the existing alignment. The prior approval of the Employer shall be obtained for any reduced design speed in certain sections of the road.

Vertical Alignment

Wherever possible, the vertical alignment shall follow the existing alignment, considering the construction of additional new pavement layers. If possible, vertical curves shall be designed to comply with the geometric standards given in the Georgian Standard, Geometrical and Structural Requirements for Georgian Automobile Roads, Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure, Roads Department, Tbilisi 2009, for a design of 60 km/h.

Superelevation shall be designed to comply with the geometric standards given in the Georgian Standard, Geometrical and Structural Requirements for Georgian Automobile Roads, Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure, Roads Department, Tbilisi 2009, for a design of 60 km/h.

The desired geometrical design parameters for the selected design speed of 40 km/h are as follows:

Min. horizontal radius	65 m
Max. vertical slope (gradient)	8%
Min vertical slope	0.4%
Min. crest curve	400 m
Min. sag curve	850 m
Min cross section slope	2.5%
Max superelevation:	7%

3.2 Pavement Design

Following preliminary pavement design for the road rehabilitation habe been designed according to the AASHTO guide for Design of Pavement Structures. The proposed pavement structure has been determined with the following composition:

Road section	Asphalt surface course (mm)	Asphalt binder course (mm)	Crushed base course (CBR>60%) (mm)	Subbase course (CBR>30%) (mm)	Total pavement thickness (mm)
Chinti-Tvalivi	40	60	150	150	400

The layer thicknesses have been designed taking into consideration the requirements of AASHTO for minimum thicknesses, the maximum aggregate size of the different material mixtures and construction considerations as practicality and maximum single layer thickness in terms of compaction.

The minimum design structural number should 76 in accordance to AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures 1993.

This pavement structure requires less new high quality aggregates and bitumen by utilising the cement stabilised granular base course

The Contractor shall refine the nominal pavement design for construction purposes that shall be based on geotechnical and other data determined in the surveys and investigations. The pavement design shall have a 20 year design life.

3.3 Design of Structures

The structural arrangements and requirements for bridge sub-structures and superstructures, the bridge deck surfacing, bridge deck drainage, bridge deck approach slabs, parapets, wing-walls and bridge bearings shall be as given in the SNIP 2.05.03-84, Standard for Bridges and Pipes.

The Contractor shall design the bridge works so that they can safely sustain the most critical combination of the various loads, forces and stresses that can coexist as given in the SNIP 2.05.03-84, Standard for Bridges and Pipes.

Alternatively structural design should be carried out in accordance to AASHTO LRFD design specification.

3.4 Design of Intersections

Intersection designis to be undertaken in accordance with Georgian national standards.

Improvements to intersecting roads are to extend sufficient distance to ensure all geometric and safety requirements are satisfied in terms of design, construction and operation.

3.5 Drainage Design

Culverts

The Contractor shall rehabilitate all culverts in the existing road. All the culverts are to have inlet and outlet structures. Protection works are also to be provided on embankment slopes and channel beds to prevent erosion of the embankment and channels.

The Contractor shall also carry out a hydrological study to verify the location and dimensions of the culverts being provided under the existing road reconstruction contracts. Any additional culverts that are found to be necessary in the hydrological study shall be provided by the Contractor under both carriageways.

The structural details of the culverts and headroom requirements shall conform to the Georgian standard requirements and SNIP 2.05.03-84, Bridges and Pipes.

Guiding ditches shall be provided wherever necessary to give an unimpeded flow of water run off into and out of culverts. The locations of guiding ditches shall be selected by site inspection and by reference to the topographical survey plans.

Rehabilitation of Side Drainage

Effective side drainage shall be provided where necessary to ensure no surface water run off ponds against the carriageway and that all surface water run off is led away from road into culverts or towards ground that slopes away from the road.

This rehabilitation of side drainage shall involve re-establishing unlined side drains adjacent to existing embankment slopes.

The locations of these works shall be selected by site inspection and by reference to the topographical survey plans.

3.6 Road Furniture Design

Road Signs

The Contractor shall provide warning road signs and regulatory road signs and all road signs necessary for safe and effective traffic operations. The road signs shall be in accordance with national standards.

Sign plate and text height dimensions for all road signs shall be suitable for a traffic speed of 40kilometres per hour.

This road furniture shall include embankment edge delineators and kilometer posts.

Guardrail (Crash barrier)

Guardrails are to be provided along the outside shoulder at culverts, bridge approaches and all other locations where the embankment height is more than 3 meters.

The guardrails are to be provided with suitable termination details to ensure that the fence ends are not presented to oncoming traffic.

In the design of the crash barrier, EN 1317 Standard shall be considered.

3.7 Road Marking Design

The Contractor shall provide the following road markings on all roads, in accordance with national standards:

- (i) centre line marking for normal conditions
- (ii) warningcentre line marking at approaches to junctions, at horizontal curves with small radii and other locations where potential hazards
- (iii) no overtaking centre line marking where the adequate overtaking sight distance is not provided
- (iv) carriageway edge
- (v) carriageway edge line at lay byes
- (vi) give way line at (vii) stop line atjunctions.

3.8 Use of Other International Standards

Any other internationally accepted standards that ensure substantial equivalence to the Specifications attached to this Contract can be accepted subject to the Project Manager's prior review and Employer's written approval. Differences between the Contract Specification and the proposed alternative standards must be fully described in writing by the Contractor and submitted to the Project Manager at least 2 months prior to the date when the Contractor desires the Project Manager's approval. In the event that the Project Manager determines that such proposed deviations do not ensure substantially equal performance, the Contractor shall comply with the standards specified in the documents.

3.9 Environmental and Social Protection

The Contractor shall incorporate all physical environmental and social impact mitigation measures provided in the ESMP into the design of the project and comply with ESMP requirements regulating environmental and social aspects of construction practice in the course of works. ESMP is provided by the Emplyer and is an integral part of the present contract.

PART B 2, CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

SECTION 1, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The specification defines the standards and quality of materials and workmanship to be used in the Project.

This Specification shall be read in conjunction with all the other documents forming the Contract. Any ambiguity between the documents forming the Contract shall be referred to the Project Manager for clarification in accordance with the Conditions of Contract.

The Contractors shall be deemed to have acquainted themselves with the requirements of all current statutes, ordinances, by-laws, rules, regulations or other instruments having the force of law in Georgia including without limitation those relating to protection of the environment, health and safety, importation of labour and training, taxes, duties, royalties and other levies.

The Engineer refers to the Project Manager in accordance to the Clause 1.1 of the General Condition of Contract.

1.01 Acceptance of Work

1.01.01 Conformity with Contract and Project Requirements

If any Clause or Sub-Clause in the Specifications includes a reference to International standards, the requirements of Local standards must be satisfied in first place. International standards might be used if they ensure equal or higher quality and are accepted by the Project Manager. The standards referred to are listed in the Annex of these Specifications.

References to standard test methods and other recognised standards authorities refer to the methods in effect on the date of solicitation for bids. Equipment, materials, or workmanship meeting other standards which ensure equal or higher quality than the standard specified will also be acceptable.

Perform work according to the present specification and the project (further "Project") requirements. Perform all work to the lines, grades, cross-sections, dimensions, and processes or material requirements shown on the plans or specified in the contract or design documents.

Plan dimensions and contract specification values are to be met unless a variance is allowed by the Project Manager. Perform work and provide material that is uniform in character and meets the specified requirements.

Acceptable work conforming to the contract will be paid for at the contract unit bid price unless otherwise stated in the specifications or conditions of contract. Three methods of determining conformity and accepting work are described in the Subsections 'Technical Inspection', 'Certification of Compliance' and 'Measurement or Tested conformance' inclusive. The primary method of acceptance is specified in each Section of work. However, work may be rejected at any time it is found by any of the methods not to comply with the specifications and drawings.

Work that does not conform to the project and contract requirements or to prevailing industry standards where no specific contract requirements are noted, shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Employer.

As an alternative to removal and replacement, the Contractor may submit a written request to the Project Manager to:

- (a) Have the work accepted at a reduced price, or
- (b) Be given permission to perform corrective measures to bring the work into conformity.

The request shall contain supporting rationale and documentation. When standard manufactured items are specified, (such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduits, etc. that are identified by gage, unit weight, section dimensions, etc.) the identification will be considered to be nominal weights or dimensions. Unless specific project and contract tolerances are noted, established manufacturing tolerances will be accepted.

1.01.02 Technical Inspection

Acceptance is based on technical inspection of compliance of executed works with the contract documents and prevailing relevant technical standards. Payment for work during the course of the project will be made as the work progress providing that it meets the conditions of the plans and specifications

1.01.03 Certification of Compliance

Provide materials, fabricated products and structures (further in text "materials") from a manufacturer with an effective testing and inspection system. Require the manufacturer to finish documentation of the testing and inspection systems with a Certificate of Compliance that states the work complies with all contract requirements.

Require the manufacturer to furnish a "product certificate" for material commercially produced to a standard specification. The manufacturer shall clearly mark the material or package with unique product identification. Only one "product certificate" may apply to all the supply of material or product incorporated into the project for the one type of manufactures described.

Require the manufacturer to furnish a "product certificate" for material that:

- (a) Is custom made for the project, or
- (b) Is produced or shipped in bulk and therefore not readily identifiable as to manufacturer and product, or
- (c) Has a specific contract requirement.

A "product certificate shall accompany each shipment of material and place of manufacture as well as the lot number or other means of cross referencing to the inspection and testing system. Furnish specific test results on material from the same lot upon request

Materials or assemblies accepted on the basis of a Certificate of Compliance may be sampled and tested at any time. If found not to be in conformity with the contract requirements, all the materials or assemblies will be rejected weather in place or not until the items in place are tested and approved by the Project Manager.

1.01.04 Measurement or Tested Conformance

Provide all necessary production processing and control performance of the work so that all of the work complies with all the contract requirements.

Results from inspection or/and tested used to support acceptance of the work incorporated into the project shall have values within the specified tolerance or specification limits. When no tolerance values are identified in the contract, the work will be accepted based on customary manufacturing and construction tolerances.

1.02 N/A

1.03. Mobilisation

1.03.01 Description

This work consists of moving personnel, equipment, material and accessories to the project and performing all work necessary before beginning work at the project site.

Readiness for commencing works will be considered as fulfilled when the Contractor has provided at least 30% of necessary building materials (bitumen, sand, aggregate, mineral powder) to the site.

All building materials shall have laboratory test certificates on suitability.

1.04 Laboratory Testing

1.04.01 Description

This section contains the description and Specifications for the Site Laboratory and other quality control testing services to be provided by the Contractor together with definition of the responsibilities of the Contractor for such laboratory and testing. Whenever the term 'Laboratory' is used it shall include the space, utilities and sampling and testing equipment as hereinafter detailed, unless otherwise specified in the Contract documents or the Bills of Quantity.

The Contractor shall provide, to his own design as approved by the Project Manager, a site laboratory for carrying out sampling and testing as required by the technical specifications.

The location shall be as close as possible to the work being done in order to provide continuous control over material being used. The laboratory shall not be removed from the project until so ordered by the Project Manager.

The size and layout of the laboratory shall be suitable to carry out all sampling and testing of materials and workmanship. It shall contain special storage rooms for samples of materials etc., as approved by the Project Manager.

The Contractor shall provide the equipment and consumables necessary for carrying out the sampling, testing and recording required by the Technical Specification and additional numbers of tests instructed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide a sufficient number of qualified personnel to perform sampling and testing duties when so directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall bear all the costs pertaining to obtaining specimens of materials, asphalt mixes and samples cut from the paving courses after compaction, including the provision of necessary equipment and plant for obtaining these specimens and samples and transporting them to the laboratory and for conducting all tests, all as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide a suitable vehicle as approved by the Project Manger with competent driver and including fuel, maintenance, insurance and licensing during the contract period for the exclusive use of the site laboratory. The vehicle should be capable of transporting the driver plus 4 people and samples of materials to be delivered to the site laboratory.

The Contractor shall also provide mobile facilities for sampling and testing which can be carried out in the field at the location of works.

The laboratory shall be maintained in a clean and tidy condition to the satisfaction of the Project Manager.

The laboratory shall be completed and ready for use within 4 weeks of the Start Date. If the Contractor commences any selection or testing of materials for submission to the Project Manager for approval of any permanent works before the 4 weeks period, temporary testing facilities, if approved by the Project Manager, maybe used.

The Contractor shall allow the Project Manager to carry out his own tests for the Contract, using the Contractor laboratory, his equipment, consumables etc., or to have tests carried out by the Contractor's staff

The facilities provided by the Contractor for the Site laboratory shall remain as the property of the Contractor and the Contractor shall remove facilities after completion of the project and receiving final acceptance. He shall restore the site to match the adjacent surfaces and materials as approved by the Project Manger.

Approval of the Laboratory.Prior to the start of the work,the Project Manger shall inspect the proposed laboratory to ensure the Contractor's compliance with these Specifications. In the event the Contractor fails to comply with these Specifications at any time during the Contract period, the Project Manger may order any or all of the following:

- 1. Stoppage of all work until the specifications have been complied with;
- 2. Stoppage of any portion or phase of the work and the Specifications have been complied with;
- 3. A penalty assessment of for each day that specifications are not complied with, which shall commence 7 days after notification of such noncompliance

Equipment and required tests for the laboratory.The laboratory shall contain at least the equipment to carry out the following tests:

- 1. Determination of Particle Size Distribution, Granulometric Analysis (Sieving Method)
- 2. Determination of Particle Density
- 3. Determination of Particle Shape Of Coarse Aggregate Flakiness Index
- 4. Determination of Bitumen Content And Gradation of The Asphalt Concrete Mix
- 5. Compaction of Bituminous Mixtures Using Marshall Apparatus
- 6. Maximum Density of Paving Mixtures (% Voids)
- 7. Sbulk Specific Gravity of Bituminous Paving Mixtures Using Saturated Dry Specimen
- 8. Percent Of Air Voids In Compacted Dense and Open Bituminous Pavements
- 9. Determination of Needle Penetration
- 10. Moisture-Density Relationship
- 11. Density of Soil In-Place by the Rubber Balloon Method
- 12. Determination of The Resistance To Abrasion
- 13. Marshall Stability
- 14. Determination of CBR

1.05 Record Drawings

The Contractor shall prepare and furnish the Project Manager with accurate record for reconstruction roads and streets drawings to full size and scales as otherwise stipulated showing complete Works as executed with existing and finished levels (top, invert and formation levels, plans, cross and longitudinal sections, locations of all functions, manholes, inlets, extent of concrete beds and structures and all things necessary to form a complete record of the finished Works). Also to be shown are the locations of existing utilities. The Contractor shall provide plans with longitudinal profile and cross sections for sections were asphalt concrete and surface treatment works have been carried out.

The Contractor shall prepare all record drawings to provide accurate and complete record drawings acceptable to the Project Manger. During the course of the work, the Project Manger shall have the right to call for record drawings at any time so that he may check them for accuracy and completeness. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of two prints of each record drawing for this purpose. The Contractor shall finish the record drawings as specified within five days of the date of the request to submit in writing by the Project Manger.

Drawings shall be dated and signed by the Contractor's representative and, if approved, by the Project Manager. The Contractor shall furnish three hard copies of the drawings and three CD's of electronic versions such as AutoCad files, in both English and Georgian languages.

1.06 Traffic Management

1.06.01 Description

The Contractor shall, based on due consultation with and requirements of the Police and relevant Local Authorities, submit a traffic management plan for the Project Manager's consent within 28 days prior to the commencement of any works affecting public or private rights of way. This shall

show the proposed scheme of traffic safety and management measures including all construction details, temporary lighting and signing, and programme of works. Thereafter the Contractor shall provide such further details as necessitated by the Works or required by the Project Manager.

The work consists of controlling and protecting public traffic adjacent to and within the project according to the active traffic rules and regulations in Georgia.

1.06.02 Accommodating Traffic During Work

The Contractor shall provide safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians through work zones in accordance to BCH 37-84. The Contractor shall submit traffic control implementation drawings and alternate traffic control proposals including the following:

1) A detailed diagram, which shows the location of all traffic control devices, including advance construction signs and speed limit signs, method, length and time duration for lane closures; and location of flaggers and time duration of flagging operation.

2) A tabulation of all traffic control devices shown in the detail diagram.

3) An access maintenance plan for all properties requiring access during construction. This plan shall also indicate the areas where equipment will be stored, vehicles parked, construction signs and materials stored, if within the construction site limits. The Contractor shall also indicate ingress and egress to the construction site unless otherwise approved.

4) A pedestrian traffic control plan.

The work should be performed in a manner that assures the safety and convenience of the public and protects the residents and property adjacent to the works. Accommodate public traffic on roads within the project until the work is accepted. The contractor will cooperate with local traffic police and obtain all permission required to implement traffic control plan. All lane closures shall be subject to the approval of the Project Manager. Request for each lane closures shall be made at least twenty-four hours in advance of the time the lane closure is to be implemented. Lane closures will not be allowed to remain for more than needed for work execution.

1.06.03 Maintaining Roadways During Work.

Perform roadway maintenance as follows:

a) Maintain intersections with trails, roads, streets, enterprises, parking lots, residences, guarantees, farms, and other objets.

b) Remove accumulations of soil and other material from travelled way.

The Contractor shall maintain the roadway in a safe and acceptable condition. If corrective action is requested and the corrective action is not taken immediately, the condition may be corrected and the Contractor will be charged for the cost of the corrective action.

1.06.04 Maintain Roadways during suspension of works

Maintain Roadway for public traffic during all work suspensions.

1.06.05 Limitations on construction operations.

When the traffic way is open for public traffic, restrict the construction operations as follows:

(a) Operate equipment in the direction of traffic;

(b) Complete construction of adjacent traffic lanes to the same .elevation each day, except that differences in excess of 75 mm with a 3:1 fillet may be left overnight with "Uneven pavement" warning signs

(c) Complete the construction of shoulders to traffic lanes to the same elevation within the period of time specified by the Project Manager. Sign shoulder drop of in excess of 75 mm with a warning sign "Road Works" and plate "Low Shoulder".

(d) Provide minimum lane width of 3.5 meters. Use barricades, drums, or other approved device to delineate traffic lanes through areas where the edge of intended path has been obliterated by construction operation

(e) Locate staging areas at least 4 meters from the traveled way or approved traffic barriers. Obtain approval of the location and access to staging areas. Store unused traffic control devices at staging areas.

(f) Park equipment at least 4 meters from the traveled way or behind approved traffic barriers.

(g) Provide parking areas for employees' personal vehicles in approved areas.

(h) When switching traffic to a completed lane, provide adequate personnel and equipment to set or relocate traffic control devices.

(i) Limit construction caused delays to public traffic.

(j) Install permanent traffic barriers within 30 calendar days of completing the surface course.

1.06.06 Working Hours

The Contractor shall perform construction operations during the hours of daylight (after sunrise to before sunset) or as directed by the Project Manger.

1.06.07 Traffic and Safety Supervisor

The Contractor shall provide a competentTraffic and Safety Supervisor for the project. The Traffic and Safety Supervisor shall:

a) Have traffic safety training or experience in maintaining traffic control devices and protecting traffic through highway construction projects.

b) Understand the contract requirements

c) Understand the uniform requirements for Methods of Roadway Movement of Organization of Roadway Movement, during Roadway Construction, published Moscow 1989.

d) Inspect the condition and position of traffic control devices in use.

e) Review the project for traffic control devices needed to maintain safe and efficient traffic movement.

f) Correct all traffic control deficiencies

g) Coordinate maintenance of traffic operations with the Project Manager

h) Review work areas, equipment operation and storage, and material handing and storage related to traffic safety

i) Conduct weekly traffic safety meetings for contractor's employees. Advice the Project Manager of improved safety measures. Invite the Project Manger to attend these meetings.

1.07 Control of Material

1.07.1 Source of Supply and Quality Requirements

The Contractor selects sources and provides acceptable material. Notify the Project Manager of all proposed sources before delivery to the project, to expedite material inspection and testing. The Contractor shall not incorporate material requiring submittal testing into the work until approved.

Material must be approved at the source of supply before delivery to the project. This approval does not constitute the acceptance of material. If an approved source does not continue to supply acceptable material during the life of the project, further use of that source may be denied.

1.07.2 Local Material Source.

Source of rock, sand, gravel, earth, of other natural material location will be used by the permission of the Employer. Indicated sources are listed as information to aid the Contractor in locating a source. The decision to use an unidentified source is solely that of the Contractor.

(a) **Employer-listed sources.** The Employer may list possible material sources. The Employer makes no representation as to the quality or quantity of material, or rights to the availability of the material from these sources. These sources are considered to be Contractor-located sources under (b) below.

(b) **Contractor-located sources.** The Contractor is responsible for these sources, including established commercial sources. Use sources that fulfill the contract quantity and quality requirements. Determine the quantity and type of equipment and work necessary to select and produce acceptable material. Secure all clearances for use of the source and provide copies of the document.

Provide laboratory tests report and data indicating the acceptable material is available from the source .Do not use material from a source that is unacceptable to the Employer. Dispose of unacceptable material and locate another source at no cost to the Employer.

1.07.3 Storing and Handing Material

Store and handle material to preserve its quality and fitness for the work. Stored material approved before storage may again be inspected before use in the work. Locate stored material to facilitate prompt inspection.

Use only approved portions of the right-of-way for storing material and placing plants and equipment.

Provide all additional space needed. The Contractor shall not use private property for storage without written permission of the owner or lessee. Restore all Employer provided storage sites to their original condition.

The Contractor is responsible for the security of all stored material.

1.07.4 Use of Material Found in the Work.

The right to use material found in the work does not include the use of material for other work except for the disposal of waste material. Waste material must be disposed on site if approved by the Project Manager. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating and securing off site waste if required, at no cost to the Employer. If the Contractor produces or processes material from Employer lands in excess of the quantities required for the contract, the Employer may:

(a) Take possession of the excess material and direct its use, paying the Contractor only for the cost of production, or

(b) Require removal, replacement with suitable fill material and recondition of the over excavated area to a satisfactory condition at no cost to the Employer.

1.08 Construction Material

1.08.1 Cement

Portland and Masonry Cement

Portland Cement and Masonry Cement shall be according to GOST 10178

Do not use different brands or types of cement, or the same brand or type of cement from different mills without approval of the Project Manager.

Provide suitable means of storing and protecting the cement from dampness. Do not use cement that:

- (a) Has become partially set
- (b) Contains lumps of caked cement
- (c) Is salvaged from discarded or previously opened bags.

1.08.2 Bitumen

Bitumen shall comply with GOST 22249-90 and corresponds to the grade shown on the drawings or listed in the specifications.

Requirements to the quality of heavy bitumen (GOST 22245-90), Table 1

Indices	B 40/60	B 60/90	B90/130	B 130/200	Test Methods
Penetration under 25°C	40-60	61-90	91-130	131-200	
0.1 mm, not less than 0°C	10	20	20	25	GOST 11501
	13	20	28	35	
Softening temperature	51	47	43	40	GOST 11505
Spreading in cm. not less	45	55	65	70	
$+ 25^{\circ}C^{\circ}C$					GOST 11505
	-	3.5	4.0	6.0	
Brittle temperature not more °C	-12	-15	-17	-18	GOST 11507 Att., 3.2.
Flash point °C	230	230	230	230	GOST 4333
Softening temperature after warm-up, not more °C	5	5	5	6	GOST 18180 GOST 11506 Att., 3.3.
Penetration index		From -1.0	to +1.0		Attachm. 2
Water content %, not more	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	GOST 11510

Application Temperatures.

Bitumen should be applied under the temperature ranges shown below in accordance with GOST 22245-90.

Bitumen	Application temperature in °C
B 40/60	130 - 150
B 60/90	130 - 150
B 90/130	130 - 150

Bitumen Supply and Quality Control

Bituminous material will be supplied by the Contractor.

The Contractor has to provide for Project Manager's approval quality certificate for each type of bitumen he intends to use as well as a sample for control testing.

1.08.3 Aggregates

Aggregate for Portland Cement Concrete

Aggregate for Portland Cement Concrete shall conform to VSN 24-88 (17.5.21-5.5-23).

Aggregate for Subbase and Base (SNiP 2.05.02-85)

Aggregates shall consist of hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel meeting the requirements of GOST 8267-93.

Furnish a material that is free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay. Do not use material that break up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the 5 (6) mm sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

Hot Asphalt Concrete and Surface Dressing Aggregates

Aggregate for hot asphalt concrete pavement and surface dressing shall consist of hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel. Crushed gravel must contain <u>completely crushed</u> particles accounting for at least 30 % by weight of particle sizes in excess of 6 mm and <u>completely uncrushed</u> particles accounting for no more than 30 % by weight. The aggregate may not contain any detrimental amount of impurities, such as clay, peat, organic matter etc.

Aggregates for hot asphalt concrete and surface dressing shall meet also the requirements of GOST 8267-93 and GOST 10260-82

The Los Angeles Test Value shall be less than 16 and the Flakiness Index less than 15 for coarse aggregate. (Strength can be measured by using GOST method, if ball mill apparatus is not available). Aggregate for hot asphalt concrete must be sieved to at least three fractions. Size, grade, and combine the aggregate fractions for the mixture in such proportions that the resulting composite blend conforms to the requirements of section 'Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement'.

1.08.4 Sand (natural or crushed)

Requirements for fine aggregate in bituminous mixtures are shown in GOST 8736-85. Sand for bed course shall conform to SNiP 3.06.03.85.

1.08.5 Mineral Filler

Mineral filler for hot bituminous mixes shall conform to GOST 16557-78.

1.08.6 Water

Only potable water may be used. Water used for concrete shall meet the requirements of GOST 23732-79.

1.08.7 Alternative Materials

The Contractor may propose the use alternative materials to the ones specified in the design. In these cases, the Contractor shall inform the Project Manager about his technical proposal at least 4 weeks before the material is to be used.

1.09 Possession of Site

1.09.1 Description and Requirements

The operations of the Contractor shall be confined to the area of and immediately adjoining the works included in this Contract. Clearance shall be kept to the satisfaction of the Project Manager to permit the statutory authorities or other Contractors to enter the site to carry out other works and to maintain the free flow of traffic so far as is practical with safety on the existing carriageway.

The Contractor shall obtain the approval of the Project Manager for the setting of temporary roads, diversions, paths etc., necessary for the execution of the Contract.

The Contractor must allow for safe crossing by construction traffic of existing roads and tracks.

Where it is necessary to work outside the road reserve and to enter either private or occupied land during the course of road construction or maintenance for the purpose of making temporary road diversions, widening road construction or maintenance materials or for any other reason, the land owner or occupier shall first be consulted by the Contractor and his written permission obtained.

In the event of the owner or occupier withholding their permission, the full circumstances of the case shall be referred to the Project Manager and no further action shall be taken until his instructions are received. In that case the Contractor will not be liable for compensation for idle time.

When the Contractor intends to move his establishment to a new location during the construction period, advance notice of at least 14 days must be given to the Project Manager. The Contractor must allow in his rates for such intended moves.

1.10. Health, Safety and Accidents

1.10.1 Description and Requirements

The Contractor shall ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable and to the satisfaction of the Project Manager, the health, safety and welfare at work of his employees including those of his subcontractors and of all other persons on the Site. His responsibilities shall include:

- (a) the provision and maintenance of Constructional Plant and systems of work that are lighted, safe and without risks to health;
- (b) the execution of suitable arrangements for ensuring safety and absence of risks to health in connection with the use, handling, storage and transport of articles and substances;
- (c) the provision of protective clothing and equipment, first aid stations with such personnel and equipment as are necessary and such information, instruction, training and supervision as are necessary to ensure the health and safety at work of all persons employed on the Works all in accordance with Laws and all local Bye-Laws;
- (d) designation as Safety Officer of one of his senior staff who shall have specific knowledge of safety regulations, and experience of safety precautions on similar works and who shall advise on all matters affecting the safety of workmen and on measures to be taken to promote such safety;

- (e) the provision and maintenance of access to all places on the Site in a condition that is safe and without risk of injury;
- (f) the provision of adequate water-borne sanitation, refuse collection and disposal, complying with the Laws and all local Bye-Laws and to the satisfaction of the Project Manager, for all houses, offices, workshops, and laboratories erected on the camp site or sites;
- (g) the provision of suitable latrines and other sanitary arrangements at sites where work is in progress to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer in the area and of the Project Manager;
- (h) the execution of appropriate measures in consultation with the appropriate Public Health Authority to control within the Site, including the camp sites, mosquitoes, flies and pests including the application of suitable chemicals to breeding areas;
- (i) reporting details of any accident to the Project Manager as soon as possible after its occurrence.

1.11 Environmental Protection

All works must be undertaken in full compliance with the Envionmental and Social Management Plan provided by the Employer and the national environmental legislation of Georgia.

1.12 Basic Survey and Setting Out

1.12.1 Description

This section covers the setting out of the horizontal alignment, taking and setting levels (survey beacons) and the general site clearance, stripping of topsoil and removal of bushes and trees, structures and other obstructions.

1.12.2 Basic Survey

The Project Manager will provide sufficient basic survey information to enable the Contractor to set out the Works and the Contractor shall be responsible for setting out all necessary reference points and for the maintenance thereof.

Should the Contractor discover any error in line level, or dimension in the basic survey information provided by the Project Manager, he should at once notify the Project Manager. If the information is confirmed to be in error the Project Manager will issue amended drawings or instructions regarding the correction of the error.

Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall establish reference points to define the road construction limits at 100 m intervals on both sides or at other intervals instructed by the Project Manager.

The Contractor shall establish temporary benchmarks along the road at intervals not exceeding 200 m and shall provide the Project Manager with a schedule of their levels and locations.

1.12.3 Detailed Setting out

The Contractor shall set out the line and level of the Works at intervals of not more than 25 m or such lesser intervals as are required to construct the Works. Reference pegs clearly and indelibly marked with all relevant information shall be provided clear of the road and at right angles to it from which the centre line and level can be re-established at any time. These shall be maintained by the Contractor as long as they are needed by the Project Manager to check the work.

1.12.4 Levels

After completion of setting-out and site clearance, the Contractor shall take ground cross-sections at intervals of 25 m, or such intervals as the Project Managermay require, and these shall be plotted and submitted to the Project Manager for agreement. If the Contractor fails to take the requisite levels, levels determined by the Project Manager shall be taken as correct.

The Contractor shall programme for a period of 21 days between submitting the ground crosssections and being issued with final road levels. Final road levels will be determined by the Project Manager after studying the original ground cross-section levels following site clearance and may be different from the road levels shown on the drawings.

1.12.5 Survey Beacons

The Contractor shall not remove, damage, alter or destroy in any way any plot beacons, survey beacons of the National Survey of Georgia or those reference beacons positioned by the Design consultants for this project.

Should the Contractor consider that any beacon will be interfered with by the works he shall notify the Project Manager who, if he considers necessary, will make arrangements for the removal and replacement of the beacon.

If the Contractor removes or disturbs a beacon without permission of the Project Manager, he shall be liable for the full cost of its replacement and, as appropriate, a fine under the Survey Ordinance in force.

SECTION 2, PREPARATORY WORKS

2.01 Site Clearance

2.01.1 Description

This section covers general site clearance, and removal of bushes and trees, structures and other obstructions

2.01.2 Construction Requirements

No clearance of or alteration to any main service or apparatus shall be done unless specifically ordered by the Project Manager.

Site clearance is defined as the clearing, grubbing, removal and disposal of all vegetation, grass, debris, bushes, scrub, dense bush, trees, hedges, undergrowth, stumps, roots, shrubs, plants and backfilling of holes left by the removal of stumps and roots.

The width and length over which site clearance is to be carried out shall be shown on the Drawings or instructed by the Project Manager.

Site clearance over the area of quarries, borrow pits, stockpiles, spoil tips, road junctions, ditches and drains and other areas shall be carried out where shown on the Drawings or instructed by the Project Manager.

The Project Managermay give instructions that specific trees, stumps or objects shall not be removed during the site clearance operation.

Dispose of clearing and grubbing debris off the project site to a dump area approved by the Project Manager.

2.02 Clearing and Re-grading of Existing Ditches

2.02.1 Description

This work consists of all clearing, grubbing and re-grading of existing ditches for the project.

2.02.2 Construction Requirements

Clear, grub and re-grade as required for ditches. Remove debris by methods that prevent damage to vegetation not be removed. Dispose of clearing and grubbing debris off the project site to a dump area approved by the Project Manager.

Slope, grade, and shape existing ditches. Remove all roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris.

2.03 Removal of Structures, Obstructions and Trees

2.03.1 Description

This work consists of salvaging, removing, and disposing of trees; signs and posts; sign pole mounts, and any other obstructions.

2.03.2 Material

Material shall conform to the following Subsection 'Backfill material'

2.03.3 Construction Requirement

Salvaging material.Salvage, with reasonable care, all material designated to be salvaged. Salvage in readily transportable sections or pieces. Replace or repair all members, pins, nuts, plates, and related hardware damaged, lost or destroyed during the salvage operations. Wire all loose parts to adjacent members or pack them in sturdy boxes with the contents clearly marked.

Stockpile salvaged material to a designated area on the project.

Removing Material.Saw cut curbs and pavements when partial removal is required. Except in excavation areas, backfill and compact cavities left by removal of structures with backfill material in horizontal layers not exceeding 20 cm in depth. Bring backfill up evenly on all sides of the cavity and/or structure as appropriate. Extend each layer to the limits of the excavation or to natural ground. Compact backfill with small approved mechanical or vibratory compactors.

Cutting of trees.Remove trees designated by the Project Manager. Trunks of the trees and major roots shall be removed under travelled way and shoulders to 1 m depth from surface of the road. On other areas trees shall be cut to the same level as the surface of the area. Backfill and compact cavities left by removal with backfill material to the level of the finished ground.

Disposing of Material.Dispose of material not designated for salvage as follows:

(a) **Removal from the Project.** Make necessary arrangements with property owners and haul debris to suitable disposal locations. Furnish a signed copy of the disposal agreement to the Project Manager.

(b) **Burn**. Obtain necessary burning permits. Furnish a copy of the burning permits to the Project Manager before burning begins. Use high intensity burning processes that produce minimal emissions. Provide a competent watch person during the burning operation. When burning is complete, extinguish the fire. Dispose of unburned material according to (a) above.

2.04 Utilities

2.04.1 Description

The work under this Section includes but is not limited to the relocation, replacement and rerouting of all utilities located on the Project. The contractor is responsible for working closely with any utility company having their infrastructure located within the public right-of-way.

2.04.2 Material

Materials used in the repairing, replacing, rerouting of any utility company's equipment shall be compatible with the existing utility and approved by the utility company's representative.

2.04.3 Construction Requirements

Before any construction is begun the Contractor shall notify the utility companies of the proposed work area and request that they mark the location of any types of equipment in the area.

The Contractor shall establish the position of existing services such as pipelines, sewers, surface water drains, cables for electricity and telephones, overhead lines and water mains, before starting any excavation or other work likely to damage them.

The Contractor shall be responsible for arranging in liaison with the appropriate Authority, the moving of or alterations to services such as pipelines, power and telephone lines, water mains, sewers and surface water drains which are affected by the Works. The arrangements for such

moving or alteration shall be subject to the agreement of the Project Manager and the appropriate Authority.

The Contractor is responsible for any and all damage caused to any utility during construction and shall repair them with his equipment or, if the utility company desires, they shall be allowed a free use of his equipment and personnel as required in order to complete repair works.

Should the utility company chose to repair the damaged utility themselves costs incurred shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

If any utility equipment is encountered in the proposed work area the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager for approval his proposal to relocate the utility outside the construction limits in writing. This proposal shall include, but not be limited to the proposed duration of the works, plans and details of a new utility route, materials to be used, together with any required certification that the material meets the utility company's specification and details of protection methods to be used for any utility materials to be left in place. After the utility has been rerouted the interested utility company shall be notified to inspect the work prior to commencing the backfill operation. The Contractor shall take all necessary steps required and as directed by the Project Manager to ensure that all utilities are protected from damage by frost.

SECTION 3, EARTHWORKS

3.01 Excavation and Embankments

3.01.1 Description

This type of works include all works on road sub-grading, excavation, embankments (soil replacement, layer by layer placing and soil compaction, road-bed layout and slope grading) in accordance to designed profiles.

3.01.2 Definitions

(a) Excavation. Excavation consists of the following:

(1) **Roadway excavation.** All material excavated from within the right-of-way or easement areas, except subexcavation specified below in (2). Roadway excavation included all material encountered regardless of its nature or characteristics.

(2) Unsuitable material excavations. Unsuitable material excavated from below subgrade elevation or from below the natural ground in embankment sections. Excavation does not include conserving the top soil.

(3)Borrow excavation. Material used for embankment construction that is obtained from outside the right of way limits of the project road. Borrow excavation includes unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.

(b)Embankment construction shall be done following the requirements of SNiP 2.05.02-85.

(c) Embankment material.

There is no limitation in using of soils and slag that change their strength and stability only slightly under the influence of weather and climate. Where rock-fill is being used, a leveling course of not less than 0.5 m in thickness shall be provided on the fill between embankment and road pavement, The material for this layer should be of uniform grain size not exceeding 0.2 m in size. When the soil embankment is designed, if the moisture content of the material exceeds the permissible limit, arrangements to provide the required stability of subgrade shall be foreseen in accordance with Clause 6.31 of SNiP 2.05.02-85.

Soil type	Permissible moisture content $W_{\hat{o}\hat{a}\hat{u}}$ in percentage of optimal moisture content under the required degree of compaction m_b					
	1.0	1.0-0.98	0.96	0.90		
Clayey sand; light, coarse-grained loamy sand	1.3	1.35	1.6	1.6		
Light and clayey loamy sand	1.20	1.25	1.35	1.6		
Heavy clayey loamy sand and light clayey loam	1.10	1.15	1.30	1.50		
Heavy loam and heavy clayey loam, clay	1.0	1.05	1.20	1.30		

Permissible soil moisture content during the compaction

The upper layer of subgrade (operational layer) shall consist of non-swelling and non-subsidence soil

(SNiP 2.05.02.-82 Attachment tables 4, 5)

Soil variety (under 0.5 Wo	Relative deformation of swelling, thickness	Soil variety		Relative deformation of
moisture content)	% of moistening layer)			subsidence, thickness % of wetting layer
non-swelling	less than 2	Non-subsidence	aver.moist. 0.92	Less than 2

(d) Conserved topsoil. Excavated material conserved from the excavation and embankment foundation areas that is suitable for growth of grass or other cover plants. A material reasonable free from hard soil, rock, clay, toxic substances, litter, or other deleterious material shall be used according to SNiP 3.06.03-85 and SNiP 2.06.02-85.

3.01.3 Material

Material shall conform to SNiP 2.05.02-85 and SN 449-72

3.01.4 Construction Requirements

Preparation for Roadway Excavation and Embankment Construction.

Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions according to section 'Site Clearance' and 'Clearing and Re-grading of Existing Ditches'.

Conservation of Topsoil. Conserve topsoil from roadway excavation and embankment foundation areas. Stockpile conserved topsoil in wind rows immediately beyond the rounding limits of cut and embankment slopes or in other approved locations. Separate topsoil from other excavated material.

Roadway Excavation. Excavate according to SNiP 3.06.03-85. The preparation of subgrade for earthworks shall be done in accordance with 4.6-4.12 of SNiP 3.06.03-85, and excavation and

embankment works in accordance with 4.13-4.25 and 4.51-4.56 of SNiP 3.06.03-85. The compaction degree of subgrade, defined by compaction ratio, shall meet the requirements of SNiP 2.05.02-82 table 22.

Material Replacement. Excavate unsuitable material to the limits designated by the Project Manager. Prevent unsuitable material from becoming mixed with the backfill. Dispose of unsuitable material as approved by the Project Manager. Backfill the subexcavation with topping, or other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 'Compaction' below.

Borrow Excavation.Do not use borrow excavation until all suitable roadway excavation is used. Use select borrow and select topping as shown on the plans. All excess borrow excavation will be deducted from the appropriate borrow excavation quantity.

Obtain borrow source approval according to Subsection 'Local Material Sources'. Develop and restore Government located and provided borrow sources as approved by the Project Manager. Do not excavate beyond the established limits. When applicable, shape the borrow source to permit accurate measurements when excavation is complete. The borrow pit shall be landscaped after the excavation.

3.01.5 Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction.

Prepare the foundation for the embankment construction as follows:

(a) Embankment less than 1.2 m high over natural ground. Completely break up the cleared ground surface to a minimum depth of 150 mm by ploughing or scarifying. Compact the ground surface according to Subsection 'Compaction' below.

(b) Embankment less than 0.6 m high over an existing asphalt, concrete, or gravel roadsurface. Scarify gravel roads to a minimum depth of 150 mm. Scarify or pulverize asphalt and concrete surfaces to 150 mm below the pavement. Reduce all pieces to a maximum size of 150 mm and a uniform material, prior to placing embankment.

(c) Embankment across ground not capable of supporting equipment. Dump successive loads of embankment material in a uniformly distributed layer to construct the lower position of the embankment. Limit the layer thickness to the minimum depth necessary to support the equipment.

(d) Embankment on an existing slope steeper than 3:1. Cut horizontal benches in the existing slope to a sufficient width to accommodate placing and compacting operations and necessary equipment. Bench the slope as the embankment is placed and compacted in layers. Begin each bench at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical cut of the pervious bench.

3.01.6 Embankment Construction.

Construct embankment conforming to the requirement of SNiP 3.06.03-85.

3.01.7 Compaction.

Compact as follows:

(a) **Rock embankment.** Adjust the moisture content of the material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each layer of material to the full width with:

- (1) Two passes of 20 25 t compression-type roller, or
- (2) Two passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 18 t impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1,000 vibrations per minute, or
- (3) Eight passes of 9 t compression-type roller or
- (4) Eight passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 13.6 t impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1,000 vibrations per minute.

Proportion the compactive effort for layers deeper than 300 mm as follows: For each additional 150 mm or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (1) and (2) above by two.

For two additional 150 mm or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (3) and (4) above, by four.

Operate compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 km/h and vibratory rollers at less than 2.5 km/h.

(b) Earth embankment. Adjust the moisture content of the material to within 2 per cent of the optimum moisture content. Determine the optimum moisture content according to AASHTO T 180-93 use Method C or Method D as appropriate (GOST 22733-77 is also acceptable).

Compact material placed in all embankment layers and the material scarified to a uniform density of not less than 95 per cent of the maximum density. Determine the maximum density according to AASHTO T 180-93. When more than 50 per cent of the material passes the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve, use Methods C. Use Method D for earth with 50 per cent or more retained on the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve. The maximum density may be determined in conformity with GOST 22733-77, if approved by the Project Manager.

Determine the in-situ density and moisture content using AASHTO T 205-86 or other approved test procedures. When required, use AASHTO T 224-86 to correct for coarse particles. The density and moisture content may be determined in conformity with GOST 5180-84 and using Kovalev device if approved by the Project Manager.

3.01.8 Ditches

Slope, grade, and shape ditches. Remove all projecting roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks and other debris.

Form furrow ditches by plowing or using other acceptable methods to produce a continuous furrow. Place all excavated material on the downhill side so that the ditch is approximately 500 mm below the crest of the loose material. Clean the ditch using a hand shovel, ditcher, or other suitable method. Shape to provide drainage without overflow.

3.01.9 Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing.

Slope, shape, and finish according to SNiP 3.06.03-85.

3.02 Ditch Construction

3.02.1 Description

This work consists of constructing new ditches and provision and installation of rip rap protection where required.

3.02.2 Construction Requirements

Preparation for Ditch Construction

Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions.

Ditches

Excavate ditches according to the Drawings. Slope, grade and shape ditches. Remove all roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris. No extra material is allowed to be left on ditch edges.

Rip-Rap

The work shall consist of a protective covering of stone, constructed on an earth bed. Rip-rap shall be constructed at the locations and in conformity with the dimensions shown on the plans or designated by the Project Manager.

Rip-rap materials, for culverts and other drainage work, shall consist of hard and durable field stones, boulders, or quarry rock that is resistant to weathering and water action and free of organic and spoil material. Do not use boulders, shale, or rock with shale seams. Conform to the following:

(a) Apparent specific gravity, AASHTO T 85	2.50 min.
(b) Absorption, AASHTO T 85	4.2% max.
(c) Coarse durability index, AASHTO T 210	52 min.

The diameter of the largest stone size should be 1.5 times the d_{50} size.

Excavation for Rip-rap

Aprons and slopes to be rip-rapped shall be excavated to provide adequate foundation upon which the rip-rap shall rest, as shown on the plans or specified by the Project Manager. The whole area to be rip-rapped shall be trimmed to a uniform and even surface. Ensure area is sufficiently stable and compacted to receive the stone.

A geotexile membrane shall be placed on top of the earth bed prior to placing the rip-rap, as shown on the Drawings.

Rip-rap shall be placed in such a manner that all relatively large stones shall be essentially in contact with each other, and all voids filled with the finer materials to provide a well graded compact mass. The stone shall be dumped on the slope in a manner that will ensure the riprap attains its specified thickness. When dumping or placing, care shall be used to avoid disturbing the underlying material. Sufficient hand work shall be performed to produce a uniform surface.

Tolerance for riprap shall be plus 150 mm, with no under-tolerance permitted.

After installation is complete, the area surrounding the rip-rap shall be cleared of all debris.

3.03 Milling of Bituminous Bound Pavement

3.03.1 Description

This work consists of milling of existing asphalt pavements, breaking down material and adding gradation as necessary to comply with the requirements of granular subbase and base material.

3.03.2 Construction Requirements

Where cold-milling of bituminous bound flexible pavement is required, the area of carriageway to be milled shall be removed by a suitable milling machine. The process shall be carried out so as not to produce excessive quantities of dust, which shall be minimized by damping with water sprays.

The cut edges shall be left neat, vertical and in straight lines. The Contractor shall brush and sweep the milled surface by mechanical means to produce a clean and regular running surface with a groove depth not greater than 10 mm, and with a uniform texture.

Existing ironwork shall not be disturbed by the milling action. Where necessary, surfacing in the vicinity of ironwork and in small or irregular areas shall be cut out by pneumatic tools or other suitable methods and removed.

Where milling is carried out on a carriageway open to traffic, temporary ramping to ensure the safe passage of vehicles shall be provided.

If the milled surface profile varies by more than 10 mm, when measured transversely or longitudinally by a 3 meter straight edge, adjustments or replacements shall be made to the cutting teeth on the milling drum before work continues. Any discontinuity between adjacent milling passes exceeding 10 mm, when measured transversely by a 3 meter straight edge, shall be rectified by further milling or regulating before placing bituminous materials.

Where milling is required over extensive areas, the Contractor shall programme the work to allow removal of full lane widths unless this is impracticable. The Contractor shall notify his proposed programme of milling to the Project Manager prior to commencement of the work.

Immediately after milling, surplus materials shall be removed by a machine of suitable and efficient design and the milled surface swept to remove all dust and loose debris.

The material removed from the carriageway shall be removed from site, unless otherwise directed by the Project Manager. No stockpiling shall be allowed on Site unless the material is to be used in the Works.

Carriageways which are closed to traffic to permit milling shall be resurfaced after milling prior to reopening the carriageway to traffic unless otherwise agreed by the Project Manager.

48 hours prior to cold-milling the Contractor shall carry out a sweep of the area(s) to locate any buried metalwork within the layer to be cold-milled. The sweep shall be carried out with electronic detection equipment suitable for the purpose. The surface shall be clearly marked above all objects to show their detected extent. The objects shall be referenced and their location and depth reported to the Project Manager within 6 hours of discovery. Surfacing in the vicinity of such objects shall be excavated using pneumatic tools or other suitable methods.

The existing bituminous pavement made from cold asphalt shall be milled and sieved to grading for re-use as subbase material or base material. The existing bituminous pavement material does not conform to any given grading, but consists locally of larger gravel and finer material.

SECTION 4, PAVEMENT

4.01 Sealing of Cracks and Joints and Patching

4.01.01 Description

This work consists of saw cutting (when applicable) patching of potholes, reconditioning of designated areas of asphalt pavement, and cleaning and filling cracks and joints in the asphalt pavement.

4.01.02 Material

Material shall conform to the following:

Bitumen	GOST 22245-90
Aggregate	AC 8
Joint sealant	GOST 25192-82 and 26633-85

4.01.03 Construction Requirements

Equipment

Furnish the equipment with the following capabilities:

(a)Compressed air lance. A lance capable of providing clean, oil-free compressed air at a volumepressure and temperature necessary to apply the sealant.

(b) Application wand. A crack sealant applicator wand attached to a heated hose that is attached to a heated sealant chamber should be supplied as directed by the Project Manager. The temperature controls shall maintain the temperature of the sealant within tolerances given by the manufacturer.

(c) Heating kettle. An indirect-heating-type double boiler with a space between the inner and outer shells filled with oil or other heat Take-Over medium capable of constant agitation volume.
 Provide an accurate and calibrated thermometer having a range from 100°C to 350°C in 5°C graduations. Locate the thermometer so that the temperature of the joint sealant may be safely and reliably checked.

(d) Squeegee. A hand-held squeegee for ensuring that the crack is filled to the existing surface.

(e) **Pneumatic hammer**. A pneumatic hammer shall be used for cutting out deformed sections of the asphalt pavement.

Crack Cleaning and Sealing

Clean the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or other deleterious substances by brooming, flushing with water, or other approved methods. Clean all cracks and/or potholes with an average opening of 6 mm or more to make a sealant reservoir to the depth of the crack or at least 20 mm deep. Dry cracks before sealing.

When using the hot-compressed air lance, keep it moving so as not to burn the surrounding pavement and the join. Place and finish the sealant within 5 minutes after heating with the hot-compressed air lance.

Seal with hot-poured elastic sealant.Immediately screed the joint sealant or asphalt mixture to the elevation of the existing surface. Use a squeegee to ensure that a 75 mm wide band is centered on the finished sealed crack. Cover the sealed crack with a light application of blotter.

Resealing Defective Joints or Cracks. Reseal areas exhibiting adhesion failure, damage, missed areas, foreign objects in the sealant, or other problems which may accelerate failure.

Patching of potholes and designated areas. Cut sides of the area to form vertical sides and straight edges, remove and dispose of material in an area designated by the Project Manager. Depth of the cut must be ≥ 30 mm. Patch the areas with approved asphalt concrete mix that conforms to and is compatible with the adjacent pavement structure. Where lower layer or base course are necessary to prepare, construct them to meet the requirements as directed by the Project Manager. Tack coat must be applied according to Section 'Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat' prior to filling the holes. The patch must make an even surface with the adjacent surface requirements roughness.

4.02 Leveling Courses

4.02.1 Description

This work consists of building a leveling course of hot asphalt concrete mix.

4.02.2 Material

The applicable hot asphalt concrete mix and materials for mix fabrication shall conform to the requirements for fine graded porous asphalt concrete. Hot asphalt concrete mix and materials shall conform to GOST 9128-84. Bitumen content can be reduced as directed by the Project Manager.

4.02.3 Construction Requirements

General. The mix design and placing, and the equipment used shall meet the requirements of the relevant Subsections of Section 4, 'Pavements'.

The lowest limit of compaction shall conform to 0.98 (98 %). The thickness of the leveling layer shall conform to the design thickness.

The completed leveling shall also meet the requirements of SNiP 3.06.03-85 regarding surface roughness and cross fall.

Mixing and Spreading. Prior to placement of the leveling layer the existing asphalt surface shall be prepared according to the Section 'Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat'. Carefully place tack coat as specified in section 'Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat' to all surfaces to be leveled. Measure the aggregate and asphalt into the mixer according to the approved job mix formula, mix until all the particles are completely and uniformly coated with asphalt. If the thickness of the leveling layer is less than 50 mm, the maximum aggregate size of the hot asphalt concrete asphalt shall be 8 mm. Maintain the discharge temperature within the approved range given in sub-section 'Hot Asphalt

Concrete Pavement'. Spread the mixture on the prepared surface in a uniform layer. Do not place the mixture in a layer exceeding 50 mm in compacted thickness. When more than one layer is necessary, shape and compact each layer before the succeeding layer is placed. Approved asphalt paving equipment shall be used for laying leveling courses. On small areas as instructed by the Project Manager, hand spreading is acceptable. Shape the final layer to line, grade, and crosssection. Tack coat between layers will be applied (if required by the Project Manager) according to Section 'Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat'. No traffic will be allowed during the application of the tack coat.

Acceptance Sampling Procedure. Gradation, bitumen content of the mix and density of the course shall be tested according to the Subsection 'Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement'.

Compacting. At least two rollers shall be required at all times: one self-propelled pneumatic-tired and one steel-wheeled roller. As many additional rollers as necessary shall be used by the Contractor to provide specified asphalt density and surface characteristics in an orderly, efficient and continuous manner.

Immediately after asphalt mix has been spread the surface shall be checked and any irregularities adjusted.

To prevent adhesion of the mix to steel-wheeled rollers, the wheels shall be kept properly moistened but excess water will not be permitted. Only water is accepted for moistening, solvents such as gasoline, diesel etc. are strictly forbidden.

Rolling shall start longitudinally at the sides of the road and shall gradually progress towards the center. On superelevated sections, rolling shall begin on the low side and progress to the high side. The line of rolling shall not be charged suddenly or the direction reversed suddenly.

Surface Tolerance. Use a 3 m straight edge to measure the final surface in cross and longitudinal directions. A defective area is in this case an area with surface deviations of more than 6 mm in either of the directions. Correct all defective areas by loosening the material, adding or removing material, reshaping and compacting.

4.03 Granular Subbase and Base Course

4.03.1 Description

This Section covers the provision, laying and compacting of natural gravel material for sub-base and base courses.

Road base: Part of road structure, which provides distribution of traffic load, as well as reduces the pressure, on sub-base layers of pavement structure or directly on subgrade.

Sub-base layers (frost-resisting -, filter -courses): Layers between subgrade and upper pavement layers providing frost-resistance and drainage of pavement as well as preventing the mixing of pavement structure from subgrade.

4.03.2 Materials

Mix		Total remainder, % in mass, on sieves of holes size, mm									
Number	70	70 40 20 10 5 2.5 0.63 0.16 0.05									
1	0	10-20	20-40	25-65	40-75	60-85	70-90	90-95	97-100		
2	0	0-5	0-10	10-40	30-70	45-80	60-85	75-92	87-100		

Sub-base layers: Sand and gravel (sand and crushed stone) mix for sub-base layers shall meet the requirements of GOST 25607-83 and of the table 45 of SNiP 2.05.02-85;

Crushed stone (gravel) of mix for additional base layers for roads of I - III categories shall have the strength grade of not lower than 200 (crushability shall be at least 24 for gravel and aggregate made out of gravel).

For filter layers of pavement the sand in accordance with GOST 8736-93 is permissible without additional testing, if the fraction of less than 0.14 mm in grain size is less than 25% of the total mass and clay fraction of no more than 5% of the total mass. The clay fraction for natural sand shall not be more than 0.5% of the total mass and for crushed stone not more than 1%, respectively. The permeability under maximum density shall not be less than 1 m/day (SNIP2.05.02-85, p.7.49).

Base course: Materials to used for crushed stone and gravel pavement, and for base-course shall meet the requirements of GOST 25607-83 (mix No.3 and 5 for pavement and No.1,2,4,6 and 7 for base-course) (p.7.47 SNiP 2.05.-2-85). Grade on strength and frost-resistance of crushed stone/gravel in the mix shall meet the requirements of table 44 of SNiP 2.05.02-85.

Property indices of stone materials	For pavement	For base
Strength grade of stone crush in saturated state;		
minimum value		
- volcanic and metamorphic rocks	800	600
- sedimentary rock	600	200
Gravel and crushed stone out of gravel	crushability 12	crushability 24
Grade by wear out abrasion, not lower than	abrade III	abrade IV
Grade by frost-resistance for regions with average;		
Monthly air temperature of the coldest month, ° C		
- from 0 up to minus 5	15	-
- from minus 5 up to minus 15	25	-
- from minus 15 up to minus 30	50	15
Quantity of crushed grains; % on mass, not less than:	70	25

4.03.3 Construction Requirements

Placing and Compacting

(a) Spreading of Materials

The materials shall be evenly spread over the whole of the designated area for the layer concerned and in such quantity that the compacted thickness of the layer complies with the specified requirements. Any new layer of less than 75 mm compacted thickness shall be bonded to the previous layer by scarifying the previous layer to a depth so that the total compacted thickness of the new layer plus the scarified portion of the previous layer will not be less than 100 mm.

(b) Breaking Down and Preparation of the Material

The material placed on the road shall be thoroughly broken down throughout the layer by means of equipment suited to this purpose to a size not exceeding two-thirds of the compacted layer thickness.

Any oversize material, which cannot be broken down to the required size, shall be bladed off the road, loaded, transported and disposed of or utilized as directed by the Project Manager.

Where the coarse and fine fractions of the material are not uniformly distributed or have been allowed to become segregated, the material shall be thoroughly mixed on the road by blading in successive cuts over the full depth of the layer, after the required amount of water has been added. Such mixing shall continue until a uniform mixture of the various size fractions of the material has been obtained.

(c) Watering and Mixing

Any water required before material is compacted shall be added to the material in successive applications by means of water sprinklers fitted with sprinkler bars or by means of pressure distributors all capable of applying the water evenly and uniformly over the area concerned.

The water shall be thoroughly mixed with the material to be compacted by means of soil mixers or other suitable equipment. Mixing shall continue until the required amount of water has been added and until a uniform mixture is obtained. Thereafter compaction may proceed.

The amount of water to be added shall be sufficient to bring the material to the optimum moisture content for the compaction equipment used.

(d) Compaction

Compaction shall be carried out in a series of continuous operations covering the full width of the layer concerned and the length of any section of a layer being compacted shall, wherever possible, be not less than 150 m nor more than can be properly compacted with the available equipment. The Project Manager reserves the right to order the Contractor to reduce the length of any layer compacted in any single operation if the proper compaction of such a layer is not being achieved.

The types of compaction equipment to be used and the amount of rolling to be done shall be such as to ensure that specified densities are obtained without damaging lower layers or structures. During compaction the layer shall be maintained to the required cross-section shape.

If at any time after compaction the layer is damaged by drying out or is damaged by rain, it shall be scarified, aerated and/or watered and re-compacted as specified above, all at the Contractor's expense.

(e) Disposal of Oversize Material

The Project Manager will direct that oversize material be disposed of or utilized elsewhere in one of the following ways:

- (i) The material is bladed off the road and utilized in the uniform widening of fills outside the road prism.
- (ii) The material is bladed off the road, loaded, transported and taken to spoil.
- (iii) The material is bladed off the road, loaded, transported to the point of use and utilized in other item of construction.

The Contractor shall exercise all reasonable care not to bring onto the road material which cannot be broken down to the required size by processing on the road.

Moisture Content and Compaction

The moisture content of the sand and gravel mix during the construction shall close to the optimal and the deviation shall not be more than +/-5 %. If the moisture content, differs more the mix shall be moistened as required 20-30 minutes before the compaction is carried out (SNiP 3.06.03-85 p.7.9). The placed mix shall be compacted in accordance to requirements of p.7.1 and p.7.5 of SNIP 3.06.03-85. Construction of base-course and pavement structure by penetration method shall be carried out in accordance with p.9.1 and p 9.32-9.39 of SNiP 3.06.03-85.

Protection and Maintenance

The compacted layers shall be adequately drained and shaped to prevent water from standing on or scouring the finished work. Windrows shall be removed to facilitate drainage of water from surface.

No material for a succeeding layer shall be placed if the underlying layer is softened by excessive moisture.

The Contractor shall protect and maintain the completed layer at his own expense. Maintenance shall include the immediate repair of any damage or defects that may occur and shall be repeated as often as it is necessary to keep the layer continuously intact. Repairs shall be done in a manner that will ensure restoration to an even and uniform surface.

4.03.4 Quality Control

Quality Control shall follow the requirements and methods indicated below:

- (a) aggregate, gravel pavement and sub-base construction; p.1.13, p.7.35-7.36 of SNiP 3.06.03.85.
- (b) base course and pavement by penetration method; p.9.50 of SNiP 3.06.03.85

4.04 Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat

4.04.1 Description

This work consists of applying a cut back bitumen prime and tack coat or emulsified bitumen.

A prime coat means an application of low viscosity bituminous binder to an absorbent nonbituminous surface.

A tack coat shall mean a light application of bituminous binder to a bituminous or concrete surface.

4.04.2 Material

Material shall conform to Section 'Bituminous Material'. Bitumen shall comply with GOST 22245-90:

For prime coat, the binder shall be a medium-curing cut-back unless otherwise instructed by the Project Manager.

For tack coat, the binder shall be a rapid-curing cut-back, a medium-curing cut-back, a quick-breaking emulsion or a slow setting emulsion diluted with water.

4.04.3 Construction Requirements

Equipment

Equipment to be used shall be approved by the Project Manager.Bitumen shall be sprayed from a pressure distributor and no hand-spraying shall be permitted except in small areas, or to make good a defective area caused by a blocked nozzle.

The nozzles shall be arranged to give a uniform spray and shall be tested prior to spraying by discharging on to suitable material (such as building paper, metal sheets, etc.,) or into purpose made troughs. Testing shall not take place on the road, and any bitumen spilt on the ground shall be cleaned off.

Surface Preparation

Prepare the surface for a prime coat as follows:

Clear the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or other delirious substances by approved methods. Any defect of the surface shall be made good as instructed by the Project Manager, and bituminous material shall be laid or sprayed or sprayed until the Project Manager has approved the surface. Where required by the Project Manager, immediately prior to the application of prime coat, the surface of the base layer shall be lightly sprayed with water, but in no case saturated.

In order to bring the surface to be primed to the condition required, water shall be applied in small increments by a distributor. Any water on the surface after spraying shall be brushed off or allowed to drain away before the prime coat is applied.

Prepare the surface for a tack coat as follows:

(a) **Patching.** Remove and dispose of unsuitable asphalt material in the area to be coated. Smoothen all rough edges within the pothole. Clear the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or other delirious substances by approved methods.

- (b) **Pre-leveling.** After pre-leveling dips, depressions, sags, excessive or non existing crown or other surface irregularities shall be corrected. Clear the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or, other delirious substances by approved methods.
- (c) Asphalt surfaced roads.Clean the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or other delirioussubstances by approved methods.

Weather Limitations. Apply binder prime and tack coat on a dry, unfrozen surface.

Bitumen Application.

Calibrate the bitumen distributor spray bar height, nozzle angle, and pump pressure and check longitudinal and transverse spread rates weekly.

Protect the surfaces of nearby objects to prevent spattering or marring. Spread building paper on the surface for a sufficient distance from the beginning and end of application so that the flow through the distributor nozzles may be started and stopped on the paper. All equipments to be used in the work must be in good condition and functioning property.

Prime coat application is to be at the rate of 0.6 - 1.0 kg/sq.m, or as required in the plans or instructed by the Project Manager.

Tack coat application is to be at the rate of 0.2 - 0.3 kg/sq.m, or as required in the plans or instructed by the Project Manager.

The Project Manager will approve the exact application rate, temperature, and area to be treated before the application and may make adjustments for variations in the field conditions. Apply the bitumen uniformly with an asphalt distributor. Move the distributor forward at the proper application speed at the time the spray bar is opened. Use care not to apply excess bitumen at the junction of spreads.

Apply the coat at a rate to be established by the Project Manager. When a tack coat cannot be applied with an asphalt distributor spray bar, apply the tack coat uniformly and completely by fogging with a hand spray attachment or by another approved method.

If excess binder material is applied, squeegee the excess from the surface. Allow the primed or tacked surfaces to completely cure before placing the covering course. Place the covering course within 8 hours of placing the prime/tack coat.

4.05 Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement

4.05.1 Description

Asphalt concrete pavement works consist of supply and construction of binder and wearing courses, spreading and compaction

4.05.2 Material

Indices	B 40/60	B 60/90	B90/130	B 130/200	Test Methods
Penetration under 25°C 0.1 mm, not less than 0°C	40-60	61-90	91-130	131-200	GOST 11501
	13	20	28	35	
Softening temperature	51	47	43	40	GOST 11505
Spreading in cm. not less	45	55	65	70	
+ 25°C°C	-	3.5	4.0	6.0	GOST 11505
Brittle temperature not more °C	-12	-15	-17	-18	GOST 11507 Att., 3.2.
Flash point °C	230	230	230	230	GOST 4333
Softening temperature after warm-up, not more °C	5	5	5	6	GOST 18180 GOST 11506 Att., 3.3.
Penetration index		From -1.0	to +1.0		Attachm. 2
Water content %, not more	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	GOST 11510

Materials for asphalt concrete mix shall comply with the requirements of existing standards. The quality of bitumen by its physical properties shall complywithGOST 22245-90.

Bitumen testing shall be carried out in accordance with GOST 11501-78, 11505-75, 11506-73, 11507-78, 11510-65, 18180-72. Bitumen grade depends on asphalt concrete mix type, climatic conditions and road category.

Coarse aggregate (crushed stone) shall comply to requirements of GOST 9128-84, p.3.2

Fine aggregate (sand) shall comply to requirements of GOST 9128-84, p. 3.3

Filler (mineral powder) shall comply to requirements of GOST 16557-78

4.05.3 Asphalt Concrete Mix

Asphalt concrete mix shall be designed taking into account asphalt concrete type, grade and usage indicated in designs. Physical and mechanical characteristics should correspond to GOST 9128-84.

(a) Physical and mechanical indices shall be as follows:

Indices	Asphalt concrete mix grades			
	Ι	II		
1. Required strength in compression, MPa				
(kg/cm ²), at temperature:				
a) 20°C, not less than	2.5 (25)	2.2(22)		

b) 50°C, not less than, for a/c type A/B	0.9(9)/ 1.3 (13)	0.8(8)/ 1.2(12)
C) 0° C, not more than	13(130)	13(130)
2. Water stability ratio, not less than	0.85	0.8
3. Water stability ratio under long term saturation,		
Not less than	0.75	0.7
4.Swelling, % in mass, not more than	0.5	1.5

(b) Residual porosity of asphalt concrete shall be 1 ... 3 % of volume.

(c) The grading of the asphalt concrete mix shall comply with the following requirements in accordance to GOST 9128-84:

Mix	Grading limits; Grading (passing %)										
Туре	Sieve size (mm)										
	0.071	0.14	0.31	0.63	1.25	2.5	5	10	15	20	40
Fine	2-8	3-15	4-22	7-28	10-38	18-50	27-65	45-76	57-100	70-100	-
Coarse	2-8	3-15	4-22	7-28	10-38	18-50	27-65	45-76	57-100	70-100	95-100

(d) Recommended bitumen content in mix is 5 - 7 %

(e) Tolerance in dosage of asphalt concrete mix component compared to the total mass of each component is as follows:

- Coarse and fine aggregates (crushed stone and sand):	+/- 3 %
- Filler and binder (mineral powder and bitumen):	+/- 1.5 %

(f) Mix temperature during the discharge from mixer should correspond to the values shown in the table below:

Binding agent	Preparation temperature in °C
B 35/50	165 ±15
B 50/70	160 ± 15
B 70/100	155 ±15
B 100/150	150 ± 15
Bitumen 60/90, Bitumen 90/130	140 - 160
Bitumen 130/200	120 - 140

Preparation of Asphalt Concrete Mix. The preparation of asphalt concrete mix should be carried out according SNiP3.06.03-85 p. 10.3-10.5, p 10.8-10.13.

Paving. Asphalt concrete mix placing should be performed according to SNiP 3.06.03-85 p. 10.16-10.32

Quality Control. Quality control should be carried out according SNiP 3.06.03-85 p. 10.39-10.41

4.05.4 Equipment

Mixing Plant

The mixing plants should be approved by the Project Manager. The asphalt plants shall be of batch mix type with automatic controls and with a capacity of at least 50 tons/hour. At least four cold

bins for different aggregate fractions are required. All bins shall be covered to prevent the ingress of moisture. The weighs of the plant shall be calibrated before the start of the production or whenever directed by the Project Manager. Asphalt concrete mix should be weighed on vehicle scales up to 2% in accuracy.

The bitumen tank shall be capable of maintaining its contents at the specified temperature within a tolerance of plus or minus 5°C and shall be equipped with a thermostat to prevent the temperature rising above 180° C and a fixed thermometer easily read from outside the tank. Any bitumen which has been heated above 180° C or has suffered carbonization from prolonged heating shall be removed from the plant.

Pavers

Pavers shall be approved by the Project Manager and shall be of modern manufacture and equipped with ramming timber and vibrating screed. It shall be capable of laying asphalt concrete with no segregation, dragging, burning or other surface defects and within specified level and surface regularity tolerances. Delivery augers shall not terminate more than 20 cm from the edge plates.

Compaction Plant

The Contractor shall provide sufficient rollers of adequate size and weight to achieve the specified compaction. Prior to commencing the laying of bituminous mixes in the permanent Works, the Contractor shall carry out Site Trials to demonstrate the adequacy of his plant and to determine the optimum method of use and sequence of operation of the rollers.

4.05.5 Road Base Preparation

The surface shall be prepared according to Section 'Bituminous Prime and Tack Coat'. An even bitumen prime or tack coat shall be applied along entire surface, contact surface of curbs, gutters, manholes and other structures, according to SNiP 3.06.03-85. Nearby areas shall be protected from spatter or splashing during the application.

4.05.6 WeatherLimitations

Works, on asphalt concrete pavement and sub-grades construction shall be carried out in dry weather and during daylight hours. Place hot mixes at the air temperature of not less than $+5^{\circ}$ C.

4.05.7 Asphalt Preparation

Heat evenly the bitumen to provide a continuous supply of the heated bitumen from storage to the mixer. Do not heat bitumen above 170 $^{\circ}$ C.

4.05.8 Aggregate Preparation

Prior to mixing supply, heat, dry, and deliver crushed stone (gravel) and sand to the mixer at a temperature sufficient to produce a mixture within approved temperature range. Reduce the moisture content of the aggregate up to 1 per cent or less. Adjust flames used for drying and heating to prevent damage to and contamination of the aggregate.

4.05.9 Mixing

Measure the aggregate and bitumen into the mixer is in accordance to the job-mix formula approved by the Project Manager. Mix until all the particles are completely and uniformly coated with bitumen. The temperature of mix shall all the time during mixing and loading be maintained within the specified range.

4.05.10 Hauling

Use vehicles with tight, clean, and smooth surface for hauling asphalt concrete mixtures and provide each vehicle with necessary documentation related weigh calibration. The duration of asphalt concrete hauling is determined by the minimum temperature condition for spreading in accordance with Subsection 'Compaction' below. The surface of beds should be covered by thin coat of approved material to prevent the mixture from adhering to the beds. Do not use petroleum derivatives or other coating materials which contaminate or alter the characteristics of the mixture. Drain the bed before mix loading. Equip each truck with a canvas cover or other suitable material of sufficient size to protect the mixture from the weather influence. Where necessary to maintain the mix temperature, use insulated truck beds and securely fastened covers. Provide access ports or holes for checking the temperature of the asphalt mixture in the truck.

4.05.11 Placing and Finishing

Mixture placing and finishing must be arranged without any unnecessary pauses and the temperature of the mixture shall not drop below the permissible temperature. The laying temperature measured from several points of the load has meet the requirements of mixing temperature. If the temperature is incorrect the load must be rejected, if not approved by the Project Manager to be used in secondary places. Before beginning of laying the adjustments of the machinery, which have effect on how well the mix moves in the paver and the quality of surface, must be put in order. The auger and compacting beam must not be so worn out, to cause segregation or unevenness. Place the asphalt concrete mixture as continuously as possible. Work and traffic arrangements must be done in a way that the traffic does not damage the edges of laid pavement. The damaged edges must be cut and repaired by repaving the damaged area. Asphalt concrete mix shall be placed by paver providing full width of the strip.

4.05.12 Compacting

Compact the mixture so that the asphalt concrete residual porosity is within the range of 2.5% - 5%. The density of asphalt concrete of hot mix of "A" type shall not be less than 0,99, and of porous asphalt concrete type not less than 0,98. The number of rolling equipment must be sufficient compared with the capacity of the production. Compact the surface so that no harmful roller tracks or cracks will appear. Do not pass rollers over the unprotected end of a freshly laid mixture or leave the roller on freshly laid soft surface. The proper evenness and pavement cross-fall shall be kept continuously during rolling. Do not allow traffic on newly laid pavement before it has cooled down enough to avoid rutting.

Start compaction immediately after placing, keeping the temperature range of the mix at the beginning not less than 120° C. Mix of asphalt concrete of A and B types and for porous asphalt concrete shall be compacted first with a pneumatic-tyred roller at least 16 tons in weight (6-10 passages) or with a steel-wheel roller at least 10-13 tons in weight (8-10 passages) or by vibrating rollers 6-8 tons in weight (5-7 passages). Intermediate rolling should be carried out with a pneumatic-tyred roller and final rolling with a steel-wheel 11-18 tons in weight (6-8 passages). Rolling shall begin at the side and proceed longitudinally parallel to the centre-line, each trip

overlapping one-half of the roller width. On super-elevated curves, rolling shall begin at the low side.

At the beginning the speed of roller should not exceed 5 km/hour for steel-wheel roller, 3 km/hour for vibrating roller and 10 km/hour for pneumatic-tyred roller. The roller wheels should be continuously moistened to avoid the adhesion with surface of the mix laid.

4.05.13 Joints, Trimming Edges, and Clean Up

At connections to the existing pavement and previously placed lifts, make the transverse joints vertical to the depth of the new pavement. Form transverse and longitudinal joints by cutting of the previous layer to expose the full depth of the course. No ruts or unevenness should be formed to the joint area. Joint area must be carefully cleaned and if cooled it must be heated or coated with tack coat before doing adjacent pavement. Apply a bitumen tack coat to the edge of the joint for both transverse and longitudinal joints. Avoid the rolling along non-protected ends of newly laid mix. Cut material from edges and dispose all discarded asphalt material to a site, approved by the Project Manager.

4.05.14 Pavement Smoothness

Measure the smoothness of the finished surface course after final rolling. For smoothness measurement both in cross direction and in parallel to the centre line a metal straightedge 5 m in length shall be used. A defective area is considered an area with surface deviations in excess of 7 mm between the straightedge and the surface (number in parenthesis is for finished surface with unbound base). Correct defective area and measure again after the correction for acceptance. New pavement should be uniform without segregations, cracks, bleeding of binder etc.

4.05.15 Acceptance Procedures for Asphalt

Asphalt materials will be accepted in accordance Section 'Measurement and Payment', provided that the work conforms to the Specifications and is approved by the Project Manager.

- (a) **Certification.** Deliver a certification signed by the supplier to cover the quality and the quantity of materialand the condition of container for each shipment. Provide test result as required by the Project Manager.
- (b) Acceptance sampling procedures.Mix and asphalt concrete samples for acceptance will be selected, obtained and tested, as follows:

1) Gradation of asphalt concrete and bitumen content: At starting of asphalt production and in case of job-mix formula is changed or if in any doubt of the right composition of the mixture, the required number of samples is taken from asphalt plant for testing. One sample for every 500 tons to be taken randomly or one sample at least daily from placed but not compacted pavement.

2) Thickness and density of samples selected from the finished asphalt concrete layer: A set of 5 core samples from carriageway is taken at the beginning of works, thereafter one set after 10 000 m² has been laid and thereafter one set per each 20 000 m² of pavement. Core samples shall be taken randomly and thickness and density shall be determined. If required, the additional set of cores might be taken. Marshall samples

shall be taken, when the density requirement is not fulfilled, the mix cracks during rolling or the grading is suspected.

3) One sample of bitumen shall be taken from each shipment to the plant and from each binder type as directed by the Project Manager.

4) Aggregate samples shall be tested in the beginning of the production and, if aggregate is changed or as directed by the Project Manager.

5) Mineral filler is tested for each 5000 tons of mix production in a single plant or whenever the shipment is suspected as directed by the Project Manager.

4.05.16 Acceptance

Mineral filter will be accepted under Subsection 002.03.

Hot asphalt concrete pavement construction will be accepted under Subsection 002.04. Asphalt content, aggregate gradation and density will be accepted under Subsection 002.02.

(a) **Density (void content).** Core samples will be taken and tested by the Contractor to verify the requireddensity of the compacted pavement. The unit price of asphalt concrete is reduced as follows, if the requirement for density is not fullfilled:

Hot asphalt concrete, type A:

For full payment acceptance criteria for density is 0.99 (99 %). For each 0.001 (0,1 %) part, that the density is less than the required value the price of the asphalt concrete is reduced by 1%. The maximum deduction is 10 %. If the average density is less than 0.98, the corresponding production is rejected.

Porous asphalt concrete:

For full payment acceptance criteria for density is 0.98 (98 %). For each 0.001 (0,1 %) part, that the density is less than the required value the price of the asphalt concrete is reduced by 1 %. The maximum deduction is 10 %. If the average density is less than 0.97, the corresponding production is rejected.

Extra sample set may taken, if so directed by the Project Manager

- (b) **Pavement smoothness.**The acceptance criteria are given in Section 'Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement'.
- (c) Thickness. Required amount is indicated in the drawings or Bill of Quantities and it is the minimumaverage amount requirement of laid and compacted pavement. Amount is calculated from core samples (same sample set as for density) and evaluated for amount per unit area. If the amount is less than allowed tolerance, the amount representing each sample, 2300 m² may be rejected or if directed by the Project Manager approved by lower price using following formula:

thickness of sample per ordered thickness multiplied 2300 times unit price.

Average thickness (weight per unit area) is also calculated daily on the basis of mix weighted on asphalt plant and total production (m2) in the same day. The average

thickness (amount laid per unit area) shall not be less than ordered. If the amount is less the value of that day's production is reduced by amount corresponding the difference to the ordered amount.

(d) **Bitumen content and gradation.** If the bitumen content for the whole asphalt concrete work calculated from the total used bitumen amount and produced asphalt concrete is less or more than ordered amount the value of the work is deducted using following formula:

Binder content deviation	Value deduction % of
%-units	AC- works value
< 0.05	0
0.10	- 4
0.15	- 9
0.20	-13

Intervals are interpolated and if needed table is continued linearly.

4.06 Surface Treatment

4.06.1 Description

This work consists of either single or double surface treatment of asphalt concrete pavement.

4.06.2 Material

Materials for surface treatment (aggregate, bitumen or emulsion) shall meet requirements of existing norms.. For surface treatment crushed stone of grade over 1000 kp/cm2 of metamorphic rocks with non-polishing properties shall be used. The grain size of the aggregate shall be 12-16mm, and in double surface treatment for upper layer aggregate of the size 8-12 mm shall be used.

The grading of the aggregates shall comply with the following requirements:

Aggr				Gradi	ng limits	s; Gradir	ng (passi	ng %)			
egate		Sieve size (mm)									
	0.063	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	11.2	16	22.4
8-12	0-1	0-2	0-2,5	0-3	0-3,5	0-4	0-10	0-50	90-	100	100
									100		
12-16	0-1	0-2	0-2,5	0-3	0-3,5	0-4	0-5	0-10	0-50	90-	100
										100	

Crushed stone shall be clean, without any dust and clay. Clay in form of lumps and any other harmful debris, like organic matter, is not acceptable. Crushed stone shall not be wet. The heavy bitumen, emulsified bitumen or cut back bitumen may used as a binder. Binder for surface treatment shall be used in temperatures providing normal adhesion to the aggregates. The adhesion improving additives may used for bitumen binders, but not for emulsion. The bitumen viscosity is determined on the basis of the climatic conditions. Bitumen emulsion BE SIP or cut back bitumen are recommended to be used.

Surface treatment shall be arranged in compliance with BCH 38-90.

4.06.3 Construction Requirements

Surface treatment shall be made on clean, dust free and dry surface – for bitumen application and on wet surface - for emulsified bitumen application. Binder is applied at temperature of 75° C - 85° C, if bitumen emulsion is used, and at 140° C +/- 10° C, if cut-back bitumen is used. Aggregate shall be mechanically spread immediately after binder pouring and rolled by pneumatic-tyred roller of 16-18 tons in weight with 4 to 5 passages along one trace. The placing shall be performed as a continuous operation. The surface treatment shall be carried out after repair of all damages and deformations on pavement and after carefully cleaning from dust. The guiding amounts of binder and aggregate are given below:

	Chipping size in mm	
	8-12	12-16
Heavy Bitumen		
Binder consumption kg/m2	1.0	1.2
Chipping consumption l/m2	12	14
Bitumen emulsion		
Binder consumption kg/m2	2.1	2.3
Chipping consumption 1/m2	12	14
Cut back bitumen		
Binder consumption kg/m2	1.5	1.7
Chipping consumption l/m2	12	14

Binder consumption depends on existing pavement condition, traffic volume and special factors of the site. It is required to adjust the quantity of binder by trial tests at the site before the work is commenced. If the underlay is worn and traffic volume is low, then the binder quantity shall be increased. If the underlay is even and impermeable and traffic volume is high, then the binder consumption shall be decreased.

The spraying of the binder shall be done using binder ramp. The stream of each nozzle shall be regulated separately. The driving speed shall not vary. If any of the nozzles does not work properly the spraying shall be interrupted immediately.

The chipping is spread in an even course immediately after the binder has been sprayed. Coarse, open places and aggregate accumulations are leveled by hand at once by the advancement of the work.

When a double surface treatment is being made, the second layer shall be placed as soon as is practical after the first layer has been finished, rolled and cooled, and the Project Managermay at his discretion request cleaning of the first layer. Traffic should not be allowed on the road surface between the laying of the first surface treatment and the second surface treatment. Transverse joints in succeeding layers shall be offset at least by 2 meters.

Surface treatment shall be rolled by a pneumatic-tyred roller. Care must be taken in rolling of areas that traffic does not use often. Loose chippings are removed by brushing at the latest one day after

opening to traffic. During the first 3 days after surface treatment has been finished the Contractor shall provide traffic speed limit of 40 km/h and vehicle distribution on full pavement width. Loose aggregate shall be removed after that.

If bitumen emulsion is used as a binder the surface treatment is made in following order: pouring emulsion on surface in the amount of 30 per cent of the required volume, spreading 70 per cent of required quantity of aggregates, pouring remaining emulsion, spreading remaining aggregate, rolling. Surface treatment is possible to do in one operation. However, in this case it is recommended to use sand 0-4 mm in grain size in amount of 2-3 1/m2 before rolling to form mastics between chipping.

Surface treatment is not allowed to be done on frozen or wet surface or during rain and the air temperature shall not be less than $+15^{0}$ C. When using emulsified bitumen the air temperature shall not be less than $+5^{0}$ C, provided the temperature is rising.

4.07 Shoulder Reconditioning

4.07.1 Description

This work consists of removing, filling up shoulders and paving with aggregate.

4.07.2 Material

Material for filling shall meet the following requirements:AggregateSNiP 2.05.02-85Sand/gravelSNiP 2.05.02-85and should be in accordance with GOST 23735-79.

4.07.3 Construction Requirements

Removing and filling up shoulders. Filling up shoulders is done on the sections where roadway is to be widened, in areas, where emergency lanes are located, in areas where embankment height is increased, or when existing shoulders are to be paved with asphalt concrete.

Filling up shoulders is done after placing sand bed course and pavement construction or widening is completed.

Filling up shoulders is done after removing existing shoulders. Material may be reclaimed and used in embankment fill, if it conforms to the requirements. If not, is to be removed and disposed of by the Contractor. Spoil area will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Compaction shall be done layer by layer according to SNiP 2.05.02-85 relevant to construction subgrade layers. Compaction will be done at optimum mixture content.

Borrow sources for shoulder filling material shall be approved by Project Manager.

4.07.4 Aggregate or gravel/sand mix paved shoulders

Shoulder strengthening with a 15 cm thick layer of crushed stone or gravel/sand mix shall be done using material with maximum particle size less than 70 mm.

Material will be spread in one layer using self-propelled grader and compacted with rollers according toSNiP 3.06.03-85 for aggregate bases. To reduce friction between grains water shall be spread during compaction.

4.08 Asphalt Concrete for Sidewalks and Islands

4.08.1 Description

This work consists of constructing hot asphalt concrete for sidewalksandislands.

4.08.2 Construction Requirements

Composition of Mixture (Job-Mix Formula). Provide an asphalt concrete mixture composed of crushed stone or gravel and bitumen mixed in a plant approved by the Project Manager. Mix type AC 12 or 16 in accordance with Section 'Surface Treatment' shall be used if not otherwise required by the design or the Project Manager.

Submit the strength, quality, and gradation specifications for the asphalt concrete mixture to the Project Manager. Include copies of laboratory test reports which demonstrate that the properties of the aggregates, bitumen cement, additives, and mixture meet the specifications. Also submit the maximum laboratory density of themixture.

Surface Preparation. Prepare the surface according to Section 'Bitumen Prime and Tack Coat'. Apply a bitumen tack coat to contact surfaces of curbing, gutters, manholes, and other structures. Protect nearby areas from spatter or splashing during the application.

Weather Limitations. Construct asphalt concrete pavements and base courses in dry weather, on unfrozen surface. Place hot and cold mixes at the ambient air temperature of not less than $+5^{0}$ C.

Hauling. Use vehicles with tight, clean, and smooth metal beds for hauling asphalt concretemixtures.

Thinly coat the beds with an approved material to prevent the mixture from adhering to the beds. Do not use petroleum derivatives or other coating material which contaminate or after the characteristics of the mixture. Drain the bed before loading.

Equip each truck with a canvas cover or other suitable material of sufficient size to protect the mixture from the weather. When necessary to maintain temperature, use insulated truck beds and securely fastened covers. Provide access ports or holes for checking the temperature of the asphalt mixture in the truck.

Placing. Place the mixture with mechanical paver. In areas where mechanical spreading and finishing is impractical, spread and finish each course by hand raking, screeding, or by other approved methods. Construct a surface that is uniform in texture and cross-section.

Compacting. Compact the mixture to a minimum of 96 per cent of laboratory mix design density using a roller weighing not less than 135 kg or with a small power roller. Compact areas that are not accessible by rollers by vibrating plates or other methods.

Pavement Smoothness. Use a 3m metal straightedge to measure at right angles and parallel to the centerline at designated sites.

Defective areas are surface deviations in excess of 5 mm between any two contacts of the straightedge with the surface. Correct defective areas using approved methods.

4.09 In-Place Cold Recycling of Bituminous Pavements

4.09.1 Description

This work consists of a recycling process, where the existing bituminous layers are reclaimed and transformed into a homogeneous mixture by an in-place mixing process using cement and bitumen emulsion as stabilizing agent and, if required, additional coarse aggregates and granular material. The homogeneous mixture is then graded and compacted. The works include:

- Milling, breaking down and recovering material from upper layers of the existing road pavement
- adjusting the grading of the recovered material by addition of imported material
- procuring and mixing of stabilizing agents with the recovered material
- placing and compacting to produce a new pavement layer

4.09.2 Materials

Provide materials that comply with the applicable requirements.

Bitumen emulsion:	Residue by distillation Penetration at 25°C, 100g,5s Ductility at 25°C and 5 cm/min	60 % +- 2% 100 – 200 dmm (mm*0.1) 60 cm
Cement: CEM II 32.5	or CEM III 32.5	
Crushed aggregates:	Plasticity index Liquid limit Los Angeles value	< 6 % < 25 % < 45 %

Recommended grading for stabilized material from recycled asphalt and natural material:

Sieve size	Percentage by mass of total aggregate passing		
mm	min %	max %	
50	1	00	
31.5	75	100	
16.0	50	90	
8.0	40	70	
4.0	30	50	

1.0	10	35
0.063	0	15

For all materials intended to be used in the works material certificates and/or acceptance testing shall be provided for the approval of the Project Manager.

Material Storage

Cement shall be stored in steel silos, if possible near the site. Total storage capacity shall allow for at least one day of recycling operation.

Bituminous emulsion shall be continuously delivered by the supplier. Short term buffer storage of emulsion shall guarantee that there is no interruption of recycling operation due to shortage of emulsion. Tank/Tankers for supply and/or storage of bitumen emulsion shall be equipped with a thermometer to show the temperature of the contents and a heating system capable of raising the temperature of the contents.

Crushed aggregates shall be prepared to provide a sufficient reserve near the construction site to minimize hauling activities. The storage place should be clean, well drained and prevent both segregation and mixing with improper material and soil.

Construction Requirements

Mix Design (Job-Mix Formula). The Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager for approval a mix design 7 days prior to commencing cold recycling operations.

The reclaimed stabilized layer shall correspond to the following characteristics:

Cement content	< 4 % *)
Bitumen emulsion content	2.5 - 4.5 %
Compaction degree	98 % (Modified Proctor Method)
Tensile strength at 5 °C after 7 days	0.8 – 1.3 MPa
Tensile strength at 5 °C after 28 days	1.2 – 2.0 MPa
Void Content after compaction	8-15 %

*)The use of cement in excess of 2% by mass should be avoided as it has a negative effect on the flexibility and fatigue properties of the stabilized layer.

The control of the moisture content in the recycled material is one of the most important aspects of stabilizing with bitumen emulsion. Therefore existing moisture content in the recycling section has to be verified.

Test Strip. At the start of the project, the Contractor shall process the first 100 linear meter of the full width of the section of road to be rehabilitated as a test strip. This test strip will serve to demonstrate that the equipment and processes used by the Contractor are in accordance with the specification herein. The test strip shall also establish all necessary parameter, including target gradation of the reclaimed material and optimum rolling pattern.

Recycling operation will only resume after acceptance of the test strip by the Project Manager.

When there is a significant change in mix proportions, weather conditions or other controlling factors, the Project Manager may require construction of a new test strip to check target parameters.

Surface Preparation.Clean or clear away all debris and vegetation within 1 m of pavement edge. Reclaimed material must be free of organic materials, soil, or other foreign substances.

Soft spots /weak subgrade. Areas of weak subgrade or soft spots which have been identified either by preliminary investigations or during the recycling process shall be treated as follows:

- Removing and recovering the material of the pavement layers overlying the unstable material and stockpile for reuse
- Excavating the soft/unsuitable material to required depth and disposal
- Backfilling the excavation with suitable material in layers not exceeding 200mm

In-place Recycling. The in-place recycling shall consist of two separate operations: reclamation and stabilization. Reclamation and stabilization in one operation is not permitted, unless otherwise approved by the Project Manager in writing.

- (a) The recycling equipment shall be operated to ensure that the in-situ material is broken down to a gradation acceptable to the Project Manager. Virgin aggregates conforming to the requirements of these specifications shall be incorporated into the design if the existing aggregate does not conform to the required gradation.
- (b) Where distortion of the existing road pavement is in excess of the specified thickness for reclamation, the depth shall be adjusted to ensure that the entire bituminous pavement is reclaimed.
- (c) Grading of non-stabilized reclaimed material shall be conducted in such a manner as to ensure that the surface levels and shape of the completed reclaimed material layer is in conformance to the lines and grades established by the Project Manager.
- (d) When necessary, the addition of granular material, meeting the requirements of these specifications, shall take place after the reclamation process and prior to or in conjunction with the stabilization operation. Full, homogenous mixing of the reclaimed material, virgin granular material and the binder shall be performed.
- (e) Adjust cement and emulsion content as pavement conditions change. Add water as necessary to facilitate uniform mixing. The stabilization agent shall not be spread on the road ahead of the stabilization equipment.

Surface Levels and Shaping Requirements.The final grading operation shall be conducted in such a manner as to ensure that the placing of the stabilized layer meets the lines and grades of the design.

Care shall be exercised while spreading the stabilized layer to prevent undue segregation. To prevent the final surface from tearing and scarring the level and cross-sectional shape requirements shall be addressed prior the material receiving the full compaction. **Compaction Requirements.** Rolling shall commence as soon as possible after placing and shall follow the sequence determined in the test strip.

The maximum time elapsed between mixing the recycled material with a stabilizing agent and compacting the placed material shall be the shortest for the individual used stabilizing agents:

Cement : three hours

Bitumen emulsion: before the emulsion breaks

The stabilized reclaimed material shall be compacted to a minimum of 98 % of the modified AASHTO density. Where bitumen emulsions are used the term moisture content is replaced by "total fluid content" in defining the moisture density relations. Maximum density is achieved at the Optimum Total Fluid Content (OTFC) which is the combined mass of moisture and bitumen emulsion (before breaking) in the mix.

Stabilized material, which for any reason cannot be compacted to the specified density, shall be removed and replaced with hot mix meeting the requirements of the corresponding clause for 'Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement'.

Watering and Finishing. After compaction, the road surface shall be treated with light applications of water or diluted bitumen emulsion and rolled with pneumatic-tired rollers to create a close-knit texture.

The final layer shall be free from surface laminations, segregated areas, corrugations, or any defects that the Project Manager deems may adversely affect the performance of the layer. Defective sections shall be repaired at Contractor's expense to the satisfaction of the Project Manager.

Curing. The stabilized surface should be protected against drying out and covered by asphalt layer latest on the third day after construction. Until that time it is preferable that no traffic is permitted on the recycled surface.

Weather Limitations. Recycling operations shall not be performed when the ambient air temperature is below 10°C, when the weather is foggy or rainy, or when the conditions are such that in the Project Manager's judgment, proper mixing, spreading and compaction of the material cannot be accomplished.

4.10 Pavement Rectification

Where any pavement area does not comply with the Specification for regularity, surface tolerance, thickness, macrotexture depth, material properties or compaction, the full extent of the area which does not comply with the Specification shall be made good and the surface of the pavement course shall be rectified in the manner described below:

 (i) Unbound and hydraulically bound materials The top 75 mm shall be scarified, reshaped with material added or removed as necessary, and re-compacted. The area treated shall be not less than 20 m long and 2 m wide. For hydraulically bound materials, all rectification shall be completed within 48 hours of the binder being added to the material. The method of correction will depend on the period which has elapsed between detection of the error and the time of mixing of the material. If this is less than 4 hours, the surface shall be scarified to a depth of not less than 50 mm, surplus material removed or freshly mixed material added as necessary, and re-compacted in accordance with the Specification. If the period is 4 hours or more the full depth of the layer shall be removed from the pavement and replaced with material in accordance with the Specification. In either case the area treated shall be at least 5 m long and the full width of the paving laid in one operation. Alternatively, for subbases under concrete pavements the Contractor may make up low areas to a level within the tolerances of this Clause with a 1:4 cement and sand mortar or with 0/4 mm size fine graded surface course complying with BS 4987-1.

(iii) Bituminous bases

With coated macadam or asphalt bases, the full depth of the top layer as laid shall be removed and be replaced with fresh material laid and compacted in accordance with the Specification. Any area so treated shall be at least 5 m long and the full width of the paving laid in one operation. Alternatively for low areas in bituminous bases, the Contractor may make up the level with additional binder course material.

(iv) Surface courses and binder courses

These shall have the full depth of the course removed and replaced with fresh material laid and compacted in accordance with the Specification.

The area rectified shall be the full width of the paving laid in one operation, and at least 5 m long if binder course, or 15 m if surface course.

Where the number of surface irregularities exceeds the limits in Table 7/2, the area to be rectified shall be 300 m or 75 m long as appropriate and the full width of the lanes affected, or such lesser length as necessary to make the number of surface irregularities conform with the limits and shall be the full width of the lanes affected.

Checking of the surface course for compliance with this Clause shall be carried out as soon as possible after completion of the surfacing and remedial works completed before the road is opened to traffic.

Where the macrotexture depth requirement is not met for:

- (a) a section 1000 m in lane length; or
- (b) the full lane length of a section less than 1000 m long as the balance of a complete scheme; or
- (c) the full lane length of a scheme less than 1000 m long;

then sufficient 50 m lengths shall be replaced, starting with that length having the least macrotexture depth, until the average requirement for the section length is complied with.

A minimum length of 50 m and the full lane width shall be removed and replaced either:

- (a) to the full depth of the surface course; or
- (b) to a depth of 20 mm when replaced by the repave method process as approved by the Project Manager.

Areas to be removed shall be delineated both longitudinally and transversely by saw cutting prior to the material being removed. Joints shall be formed either by coating the exposed sawn face with hot bitumen or heating by a suitable heater. The heater shall raise the temperature of the full depth of the course immediately before laying the new material to a figure within the range of minimum rolling temperature and maximum temperature at any stage specified for the material and for a width of not less than 75 mm.

(v) Concrete slabs

Concrete slabs shall be rectified by planing, grinding or bump cutting. Large depressions, which cannot be dealt with in this way, shall be rectified by cutting out the surface and replacing by a thin bonded surface repair using an approved repair mortar.

Retexturing of hardened concrete shall be carried out by sawing grooves in accordance with the Specification. Texturing of replaced surfaces shall be by brushing in accordance with the Specification. Where the slab cannot be rectified as above, the full depth of slab shall be removed and replaced with a slab constructed in compliance with BS 8500-2 to the extent required to obtain compliance with the Specification. Remedial works involving the placing of fresh concrete shall be completed in sufficient time for the concrete strength to have developed as required in BS 8500-2, before that section of pavement is opened to traffic.

SECTION 5, DRAINAGE

5.01 Culverts

5.01.1 Description

This work consists of constructing culverts, extending existing culverts and/or replacing culverts.

5.01.2 Material

General. Culverts and materials used for works of the present section shall meet requirements of SNiP 2.05.03-84, SNiP 2.05.02-85, Album of type constructions GOST 35-27.0-85, GOST 5781-82 and 13015.2-81.

Joint fill. Apply joint fill of the type and mix design approved by the Project Manager.

Pipes. Culvert pipes shall conform to SNiP 2/05.03-85 and GOST 6482-88. The length of culvert pipes shall be as stipulated in the Album of typical drawings unless otherwise specified. Metal pipes shall conform with VSN 176-78

Concrete pipe will be accepted for use in the project if "product certification" is furnished to the Project Manager by the manufacturer stating that it has been commercially produced according to a standard specification.

5.01.3 Construction Requirements

General. Use the same material on all continuous pipe sections and extensions. Use special sections, such as elbows and branch connections that are the same material and coating as the attached pipe. Culvert material, sizes, and approximate locations are shown on the plans.

Use special sections, such as elbows and branch connections that are the same material and coating as the attached pipe. Culvert material, sizes, and approximate locations are shown on the plans.

Extension of the existing culverts. Extension of the existing culverts shall be started from removing the existing culvert heads. Start at the lower end and lay the bell or groove end upgrade. Fully joint all sections. Structures and materials should be moved to special areas and disposed or buried. Extension of the existing culverts shall be done according to the designs. Placing materials and structures shall be done only after the Project Manager's approval.

Replacement of existing culverts. Before replacing existing culverts scarify the existing pavement and remove pavement and subgrade and pile in approved areas.

The Contractor shall prepare provisional schemes of traffic control during the construction periods and get approval from the relevant authorities and the Project Manager.

Demounted culverts and culvert heads shall be disposed by the Contractor. The work consists of excavation, placing crushed stone bed foundation, installation of culverts, making culvert joints, waterproof new culvert, inlet installation and waterproofed, backfilling and soil compaction, concrete inlet and outlet at culvert heads.

The soil for back filling shall meet requirements of Section 'Excavation and Embankments'. Laying and compaction of the pavement shall conform to Section 'Reconstruction and Widening of Existing Pavement'.

Metal pipes shall be protected from corrosion according to the requirements of SNIP/GOST 21513-83

Construction of new culvert. Construction of a new culvert shall be done in accordance with these Specifications, except for existing culvert removing.

5.02 Reconditioning of Existing Drainage Structures

5.02.1 Description

This work consists of cleaning existing culverts in place, reconditioning existing inlets, and repairing and cleaning existing spillways and chutes.

5.02.2 Materials

1. Concrete Composition. Concrete shall conform to Section 'Minor Concrete Structures'. Before batching concrete submit the proposed concrete proportions for approval to the Project Manager. As a minimum, submit the following:

- (a) Type and source(s) of all material proposed for use.
- (**b**) Material certification for all material proposed for use.
- (c) Saturated surface dry weight of the fine and course aggregate per cubic meter of concrete.
- (d) Gradation of find and coarse aggregate.
- (e) Weight of mixing water per cubic meter of concrete.
- (f) Weight of cement per cubic meter of concrete.
- (g) Entrained air content of concrete mix in percent by volume
- (h) Maximum slump of concrete mix in cm.
- 2. Joint mortar used for concrete minor structure shall consist of the following:

(a) One part hydraulic cement (see GOST 25192-87, GOST 26633-89 and table 3.1 of SNiP 2.05.02-85) shall not contain lumps, be partially set, or come from previously opened bag subject to hydration.

(b) Two parts fine sand free of clay or other deleterious materials.

(c)Water as required to obtain a freely working mix capable of being forced into small interstices.

3. Inlet metal grates shall be used as available from local suppliers.

5.02.3 Construction Requirements

Cleaning Culverts in Place. Remove and dispose of all foreign material within the barrel and appurtenances of the culvert by any method that does not damage the culvert.

Reconditioning Drainage Structures. Remove all debris from inlets designated to be reconditioned. Repair all leaks and structural damage.

5.03 Spillways, Gullies and Lined Ditches

5.03.1 Description

This work consists of constructing lined spillways, gullies, and similar ditches.

Lined ditches will be constructed according to the Project and Typical Album.

Spillways, gullies, and ditches will be precast of Portland cement concrete, available from local suppliers and will require a product certification from the manufacturer stating that it has been commercially produced in conformity with standard specifications.

5.03.2 Material

Material shall conform to Typical Album No. 503-09-7.84.

5.03.3 Construction Requirements

General. Form the bed parallel to the finished surface of the waterway.

Concrete Spillway and Gullies. Perform the work according to Section 'Minor Concrete Structures', utilizing commercially available precast units.

Lined Ditches. Ditch lining with crushed stone and prefabricated concrete slabs shall be done according to the typical drawings, specifications and designs.

5.04 Manholes, Inlets, Outlets and Catch Basins

5.04.1 Description

This work consists of constructing or adjusting inlets, outlets and aprons.

5.04.2 Materials.

- 1. Concrete Composition. Concrete shall conform to the requirements of Section 'Minor Concrete Structures'.
- 2. Joint mortar shall conform to the Section 'Reconditioning Existing Drainage Structures'.
- **3.** Inlet grates shall be used as available from local suppliers.

5.04.3 Construction Requirements

Concrete Construction. Construct concrete inlets according to the corresponding Section of these Specifications. Concrete structures must be cast-in-place.

Grout all joints and opening to make them watertight.

Finish the channel flow line in inlets accurately to match the pipe flow line. Set metal frames in a fill joint mortar bed.

Grade Adjustment of Existing Structures. Adjust metal frames and grates to finish grade before placing the surface course.

Remove and clean the frames, covers, and grates. Trim the walls down to the solid material. Reconstruct the walls with the same material as existing and reset the cleaned frames at the required elevation.

When inlets are adjusted to grade and abut existing concrete structure, separate the castings from the adjacent concrete with a performed expansion joint no less than 15 mm in thickness.

Clean each structure of all accumulated silt, debris, or foreign matter.

SECTION 6, ROAD FURNITURE

6.01 Guardrails

6.01.1 Description

This work consists of constructing guard-rails and modifying, removing, resetting, and raising existing guard-rails. Guard Rails shall conform to EN 1317.

6.01.2 Materials

Material shall conform to the following:

Concrete	Section 'Minor Concrete Structures'
Galvanised steel rail	GOST 26804-86, Serial #3.503.1-89
Guard-rail hardware	GOST 26804-86,Serial #3.503.1-89
Guard-rail posts	GOST 26804-86,Serial #3.503.1-89

Paint for guard-rail posts. Painting of guard-rail posts shall be performed under specification approved by the road police.

Guard-rail installation shall conform to GOST 23457-86 and SNiP 2.05.02-85.

6.01.3 Construction Requirements

Posts.When pavement is within 1 m of the guard-rail, set posts before placing the pavement. Do not shorten guard-rail posts unless the cut end is set in concrete. Drive posts into pilot holes that are punched or drilled. The dimensions of the pilot hole shall not exceed the dimensions of the post by more than 15 mm. Install posts back-fill, and compact.

Rail Elements. Install the rail elements after the pavement adjacent to the guardrail is complete. Do not modify specified hole diameters or slot dimensions.

Steel rail.Shopbend all curved guard-rails with a radius of 45 cm or less.

Erect rail elements in a smooth continuous line with the top lapped in the direction of traffic flow. Use bolts that extend at least 6 mm but not more than 25 mm beyond the nuts. Tighten all bolts.

Terminal Sections. Construct cast-in-place or precast concrete end anchors according to GOST 26804-86. Do not connect the guard-rail to cast-in-place anchors until the concrete has cured 7 days. Install the end anchor cables tightly without slack.

Removing and Resetting Guard-rail. Remove and store the existing guard-rail, posts, and appurtenances. Remove and dispose of posts that are set in concrete. Replace all guard-rail, posts, and hardware damaged during use, removal, storage, or resetting.

Raising Guard-rail. Remove the existing guard-rail and appurtenances. Replace and reset posts as needed. Replace all guard-rail, posts, and hardware damaged during the removal and raising.

6.02 Permanent Traffic Control

6.02.1 Description

This work consists of constructing permanent traffic control signs, supports, delineators, and object markers.

6.02.2 Material

Material shall conform to the following:

All sign panels shall be manufactured according to Corrections #3 to GOST 10807-78.

Marker posts shall be equipped with reflectors of class 2 according DIN EN 12899-3.

Faces for permanent traffic signs shall be High Intensity Prismatic Reflective Sheeting shall be used in accordance with EN 12899-1, Class Ref 2 or ASTM D4956-13 Type IV.

All hardware and signposts shall be manufactured according to GOST 25458-82, GOST 25459-82 and Typical Album Serial # 3.503.9-80.

Delineators are to be manufactured according to Typical Album Serial # 3.503.1-89.

Concrete shall be as specified in Section 'Minor Concrete Structures'.

6.02.3 Construction requirements

General.Furnish traffic control devices according to GOST 23457-79, *Technical Methods of Organising Traffic Movement*, and Corrections #3 to GOST 10807-78. Submit the sign list, roadside and delineator soaking for approval to the Project Manager before ordering. The design of traffic sign and their installation shall be approved by the road police.

Supports. Sign locations and delineator locations shown on the plans may be changed in agreement with the Project Manager to fit the field conditions. The lengths of posts at time of staking should be determined by the Contractor.

Drive posts with a suitable driving head or set posts in drilled or punched holes. Replace all posts damaged by driving. Erect sign supports plumb, backfill, and compact.

Construct concrete footings according to Section 'Minor Concrete Structures'.

Panels. Road sign panels are installed on posts in accordance with Album # 3.503.9-80. Mounting of individual signs consisting of prefabricated panels may be made at the place of installation. Do not field drill holes in any part of the panel. Use anti-theft fasteners where possible. Paint all bolt heads, screw heads, and washers that are exposed on the sign face. Match the colour of the paint to the colour of the background or the message area at the point where the fitting is exposed.

If a sign message is not applicable, completely cover the face of the sign with an opaque material.

Maintain the covering in good condition until the message becomes applicable. Do not use adhesive tape on the face of a sign.

Repair or replace damaged parts including reflective sheeting.

6.03 Permanent Pavement Markings

6.03.1 Description

These works consist of applying permanent pavement markings on the completed pavement.

6.03.2 Material

Material shall conform to GOST 13508-74 and Correction No. 4 of GOST 13508-74. The materials are conventional traffic paint and thermoplastic markings.

6.03.3 Construction requirements

General.Where existing and final pavement marking locations are identical, stake the limits of all existing pavement markings (no-passing zones, edge stripes, etc.) before any pavement work. Upon completion of the final surface course, establish line limits for the new pavement for approval before marking. Establish markings according to GOST 13508-74.

Remove loose particles, dirt, tar, grease, and other deleterious material from the surface to be marked. Apply markings to a clean, dry surface according to GOST R 50597-93.

At least 7 days before starting pavement marking applications, furnish a written copy to the Project Managerof the marking manufacturer's recommendations for use. A field demonstration may be required to verify the adequacy of recommendations.

Ship marking material in appropriate containers plainly marked with the following information as appropriate for the martial being furnished:

- (a) Manufacturer's name and address
- (b) Name of product
- (c) Lot/batch number
- (d) Colour
- (e) Net weight and volume of contents
- (f) Date of manufacture
- (g) Date of expiration
- (h) Statement of contents, if mixing of components is required
- (i) Mixing proportions and instructions
- (j) Safety information

Apply pavement marking in the direction of traffic according to GOST 13508-74. Apply all markings to provide a clean-cut, uniform and workmanlike appearance by day or night.

Protect marked areas from traffic until the markings are dried to no-tracking condition. Remove all tracking marks, spilled marking material, markings in unauthorised areas, and defective markings.

Conventional Traffic Paint

- (1) Apply paint when the pavement and air temperatures are above + 5°C. Spray paint at 0.4 mm minimum
- wet film thickness at a rate of $2.6 \text{ m}^2/\text{l}$
- (2) Apply paint HI-501 when the temperature of road pavement and air is over + 15°C. Spray paint at
- 0.35 mm minimum wet film thickness at a rate 350 g/m^{2.}

Thermoplastic markings

(1) Apply thermoplastic when the pavement and air temperature are above + 10° C. Spray or extrude the thermoplastic at + 220 +/- 5° C. For centre lines and lane lines, spray or extrude 2.5 mm minimum dry film thickness or at a rate of 2.5 kg/m². For edge lines spray or extrude 1.5 mm minimum dry film/ thickness or at a rate of 1.5 kg/m².

(2) Apply thermoplastic IE 5142 with extruder at about + 170°C at 3 mm thickness at a rate 5 to 6 kg/ m^2 .

The minimum bond strength of the thermoplastic shall be in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

6.04 Temporary Traffic Control

6.04.1 Description

This work consists of furnishing, maintaining, relocating, and removing temporary traffic control devices and services as ordered for the control and protection of public traffic through the project work zone.

Barricades and warning light types are designated as shown in the 'Uniform Requirements for Methods of Organisation of Roadway Movement, UtilisedDuring Roadway Construction', published in Moscow, 1989.

6.04.2 Material

Material shall conform to the above document and the following Standards:Construction sign panels:Correction #3 to GOST 10807-78Retro-reflective sheeting:Correction #3 to GOST 10807-78

Temporary traffic control devices:

Uniform Requirements for Methods of Organisation of Roadway Movement, UtilisedDuring Roadway Construction, published in Moscow, 1989.

6.04.3 Construction Requirements

84). Install and maintain traffic control devices as follows:(a) Furnish and place traffic control devices before the start of construction operations.

General. Install and maintain temporary traffic control devices adjacent to and within the project according to the approved traffic control implementation drawings, and the document (VSN 37-

- (b) Install only those traffic control devices needed for each stage or phase.
- (c) Relocate temporary traffic control devices as necessary.
- (d) Remove devises that no longer apply to the existing conditions.
- (e) Whenever the Contractor removes, obliterates, or overlays any pavement markings, he shall replace them on a daily basis in accordance with the contract or as directed by the Project Manager.
- (f) Immediately clean, or replace any device that is lost, destroyed, or damaged or when its retro-reflectivity is reduced by 50% of its required retro-reflectivity.
- (g) Keep temporary traffic control devices clean.
- (h) Repair scratches and rips in the retro-reflective sheeting.
- (i) Remove all temporary traffic control devices upon contract completion or when approved.

Barricades. Perform the work described in the above document. Use wood, metal, or plastic barricades.

Cones.Perform the work described in the above document and as described in the plans.

Construction Signs.Recto-reflective sheeting shall be usedon all signs for temporary traffic control. Use wood, metal, or other approved posts. Remove or completely cover all unnecessary signs with metal, plywood, or other acceptable material.

Flagmen. Train flaggers in their duties. Useflagmen or striped black and white batons.

Vertical signs.Perform the work described in the above document. Use wood, metal, or plastic vertical signs.

Warning Lights.Perform the work described in the above document.

Temporary pavement.Temporary roadways shall consist of detour pavement as specified herein as indicated on the Drawings and as approved by the Project Manager. Earthwork shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of Section 'Excavation and Embankments' and as approved by the Project Manager to provide acceptable grade transition where adjoining existing pavements. Temporary drainage shall be provided.

Prior to placement of detour pavement at temporary roadways, the Contractor shall clear and grub the roadway area. The top 30 cm of sub-grade shall be compacted to 95 per cent of maximum density as determined by compaction control tests. The sub-grade material within the upper 30 cm of the roadbed shall have a minimum CBR of 10 when in accordance with AASHTO T-193 or SNiP 2.05.03.84.

On the above prepared sub-grade the Contractor shall place and compact the detour pavement for temporary roadway pavement.

When directed by the Project Manager or when existing conditions require same, the Contractor shall provide necessary and acceptable means of protection for utilities or services (existing or new) under detour pavement and/or temporary roadway to protect side utilities or services from any and all damages.

When no longer required, the Contractor shall remove all detour pavement and construction at temporary roadways and restore the Site.

The Contractor is responsible for maintaining existing pavement within the limits of construction used for detouring traffic.

All materials resulting from removal of detour pavement at temporary roadways shall be disposed of.

Temporary construction barriers, traffic cones and traffic delineators. The Contractor shall furnish maintain and remove on completion of the Works or when directed by the Project Manager all temporary construction barricades, traffic cones, traffic delineators and appurtenances as indicated on the drawings or required where roads are closed, partially closed, or where required to direct, inform or assist traffic in the area of construction. The Contractor shall relocate all temporary construction barricades and traffic cones as required by the construction stages or steps and his sequence of construction operations.

Temporary construction barricades, traffic cones and traffic delineators shall be placed as indicated on the drawings and as directed by the Project Manager to direct traffic smoothly and safely.

Temporary construction barricades shall have yellow lamps in the steady and/or flashing mode at the side bordering the line of traffic for the sake of giving warning. The light shall be placed in such a way that it lights the barricades without the use of vehicle light.

Maintenance of all temporary construction barricades furnished under this Contract shall include, but not limited to all reflective sheeting, lighting, flashing warning lights, replacement or other work required to maintain barricade in a condition and position as approved by the Project Manager.

At the completion of construction or when directed by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall remove and dispose of all barricades, cones and delineators, as approved by the Project Manager.

Temporary Marking of Signs. Sign legend that conflicts with the construction signing shall be completely covered by the Contractor so that none of the covered sign or legend is visible to traffic. If the whole sign is to be covered, it shall be covered with a non-transparent material that covers the entire face at the sign.

6.05 Bus Shelter

6.05.1 Description

The works cover complete installation of bus shelter including ancillary works.

6.05.2 Material

The Contractor shall before placing any order for manufactured bus shelter submit to the Project Manager the names of the firms from whom he proposes to obtain such materials and manufactured articles giving for each firm a description of the materials and manufactured articles to be supplied, their origin, the manufacturer's specification, quality, weight, strength and any other relevant details. The Contractor shall deposit with the Project Manager samples of such materials and manufactured articles when requested and, where appropriate, manufacturer's certificates of recent tests carried out on similar materials and manufactured articles.

The Contractor shall provide the Project Manager with copies of all orders for the supply of materials and manufactured articles required in connection with the Works as the Project Manager may require.

6.05.3 Construction Requirements

Bus stop shelters shall be constructed as shown on the drawings.

The Contractor shall propose to the Project Manager for approval a bus shelter type and manufacture.

Plastering and painting works should be performed at minimum 10°C.

SECTION 7; RETAINING STRUCTURES

7.01 Gabions

7.01.1 Description

The works consists of provision of provision and installation of gabion retaining walls, including preparation of surface, assembling, filling, compaction and bracing and wiring lids.

7.01.2 Materials

Gabions shall be type 'Maccaferri' boxes and/or 'Reno' mattresses, or similar, both with diaphragms at 1 metrecentres, or similar approved. The maximum mesh size shall be 100 mm x 120 mm for boxes and 60 mm x 80 mm for mattresses. The wire used for the construction of gabions shall be either of appropriate hard plastic material or plastic coated and unless otherwise instructed by the Project Manager and comply with the requirements shown below

Description		Diameter (mm)	Galvanising (g/m ²)
Mesh	Box	3.4	275
	Mattress	2.7	260
Binder	Box	2.2	240
	Mattress	2.2	240
Selvedge	Box	3.9	290
	Mattress	3.4	275

Wire for Gabion Construction

7.01.3 Construction Requirements

The alignment of the gabion shall be correct within a tolerance of 100 mm of the instructed alignment and the level of any course of gabion shall be correct to within a tolerance of 50 mm of the instructed level. In addition adjacent gabions shall not vary by more than 25 mm in line and/or level from each other.

The pre-packed elements of gabions shall be of dimension and arranged as shown on the standard drawings.

The surface upon which gabions are to be laid shall be compacted to a minimum dry density of 90 % MDD (AASHTO T180) and trimmed to the instructed level or shape.

Joints in gabions shall be stitched together with 600 mm minimum lengths of binder wire, with at least one stitch per 50 mm, and each end of the wire shall be fixed with at least two turns upon itself.

Adjacent gabions shall be stitched together with binder wire along all touching edges.

Gabion boxes shall be laid with broken bond and throughout to avoid continuous joints both horizontally and vertically.

All wire shall be to BS 1052 having a tensile strength of not less than 40 kg/mm² and plastic coated or appropriate plastic material produced by a reputable manufacturer, subject to the approval of the Project Manager. Galvanising shall comply with the requirements of BS 443.

Gabions shall be constructed to the shapes and dimensions as shown on the Drawings or given in the Special Specification or as directed by the Project Manager. Gabions, as constructed shall be within a tolerance of ± 5 % on the height or width instructed and ± 3 % on the length instructed.

Gabions shall be hand-packed with broken rock of 150 mm minimum dimensions and 300 mm maximum dimension. The sides shall be packed first in the form of a wall, using the largest pieces, with the majority placed as headers with broken joints to present a neat outside face. The interior of the gabion shall be hand packed with smaller pieces and the top layers shall be finished off with larger pieces. The whole interior and top layers shall be packed tight and hammered into place.

Where shown on the drawings or where instructed by the Project Manager the Contractor shall place filter fabric ('Terram' or similar approved) behind gabion faces or below mattresses in contact with existing or backfilled ground. The Contractor shall ensure that the filter fabric is not damaged during the construction or backfilling around the gabion works and any damaged or torn fabric shall be replaced.

At the back face and ends of completed gabion work or where shown on the Drawings or instructed by the Project Manager the existing soil shall be backfilled, thoroughly compacted against the sides of the gabions and finished flush with the top surface of the gabion.

7.02 Reinforced Concrete Retaining Walls

7.02.1 Description

The works under this chapter include: construction of the retaining walls made of reinforced concrete cast in-situ, and the provision of drainage material and/or pipe drains behind such walls or other structures.

7.01.2 Materials

- Concrete for the walls shall be according to GOST 26633-85
- Reinforcement shall comply with GOST 5781-82 and
- Reinforcing mesh shall comply with GOST 23279-85
- Filter surround materials for the drain GOST 8267-93.

Concrete shall be composed of Portland cement, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, water and admixtures as specified, all well mixed and brought to the proper consistency.

Storage of aggregates: After washing, fine aggregate shall be stored in stockpiles with a free draining base for at least 72 hours and shall be subsequently handled to ensure that sand delivered to the batching plant has a uniform and stable moisture content.

Storage of Cement: Cement that has not been used within three (3) months from the date of initial sampling shall not be used in the Works unless it has been retested and is shown to conform to the specified requirements.

7.01.3 Construction Requirements

Walls will be provided with expansion joints where directed or instructed by the Project Manager (Engineer). The expansion joints will be made of soft wood boards treated with preservatives.

The drainage surround will be made of crushed granite gravels and shall conform to the outlines shown on the Drawings.

Walls and drains shall be constructed in conformity with the approved detail design drawings.

Formworks

This work includes constructing and removing of all scaffolding and formwork as well as work platforms and safety railings. Design is included in the work, respectively. The Contractor shall submit the design documents for Employer's Project Manager approval at least one week before planned starting date for construction of the temporary supports, formwork and scaffolding.

Formworks should be done in according to SNiP 3.01.01-85, III-15-76, III-43-75 and the description below.

On the Site, the material in the form shall be wooden material, either formwork timber or plywood. Aluminum ties should be used for bracing of the formwork, if possible.

Temporary supports shall be designed, constructed and removed according to SNiP 3.06.04-91.

The formwork shall be well moistened before casting the concrete so that it will not leak or take up water from the fresh concrete. The surface shall be well oiled to prevent the formwork to get stuck to the concrete.

The tolerances of the formwork should be \pm 5mm of the measures shown at the drawings

The Contractor will not be allowed to remove the formwork until 70% of the concrete compression strength has been achieved. Formwork removal shall be carried out without any damage to structures.

Reinforcement

Reinforcing works are to be carried out according to SNiP 3.06.04-91. No reinforcement shall be brought on to the site or used without a manufacture certificate certifying that it complies with requirements.

Before use, all reinforcement must be cleaned of rust, mud, dust and grease, Lap joints of reinforcing bars are to be executed by overlapping by a length of at least 30 bar diameters and in compliance with requirements of the Technical Specification.

Where the welding of reinforcement and built-in elements is unavoidable the work shall be executed in accordance with the requirements of GOST 14098-95. Welding of reinforcement shall be avoided wherever possible and shall not be carried out without the explicit permission of the Project Manager.

The concrete cover thickness should correspond to the drawings and minimal thikness of cover layer cannot be less than values shown in the Table 44 and points 3.119, 3.120 of SNiP 2.05.03-84. The cover shall be achieved by placing distance blocks between the reinforcement and the

formwork with c/c 1.0 meter. These blocks shall be manufactured of the same sort of cement as the structural concrete.

The minimal distance between bars should satisfy the requirements of points 3.121-3.123 and Table 45 of SNiP 2.05.03-84.

Concrete Works

Concrete mixing, transportation and casting, as well as concrete curing works are to be carried out in accordance with the requirements of this Specification, GOST 26633-91 and SNiP 3.06.04-91.

Before commencement of concrete works Trial Mixes shold be prepared. All the components and aggregates used in the concrete mix must be laboratory tested according to GOST standards and the test report should specify:

- Place of origin of components and aggregates
- Petrography analysis and chemical composition of all components, including water
- Quality and compressive strength of the aggregates
- Water absorption capabilities of all fractions used (<1% weight percent)

The Contractor shall, where necessary, employ effective means such as pre-cooling the aggregates, refrigerating the mixing water, adding chipped or flaked ice into the mixing water, placing at night or a combination of these, to ensure that the concrete does not exceed the temperature of 35^0 C or is less than 5^0 C during curing.

Under no circumstances will concrete be accepted if the temperature of the concrete, as deposited into the formwork, is not within these limits.

The Contractor shall provide for the cooling of mixing water and for the efficient insulation of any storage tanks and pipelines for mixing water.

Aggregate bins, batching and mixing equipment shall be painted white and protected from sunshine as far as practicable.

Appropriate measures shall be taken with respect to transporting and placing the concrete to control the temperature of concrete. Pipelines for conveying concrete shall be shaded and insulated or painted white; the elapsed time from mixing to placing shall be minimized. Concrete shall be placed promptly when delivered and finishing operations shall not be delayed. Concrete surfaces shall be protected from wind and sun, during placing, finishing or curing operations.

No concrete mixture, which has lost its required workability, shall be used. It is not permissable to improve the concrete workability by adding additional water into the mixed concrete.

Immediately before placing concrete, all surfaces upon or against which the concrete is to be placed shall be free from standing water, mud, debris, oil, objectionable coatings and loose, semi-detached fragments.

The surfaces of construction joints shall be clean when covered with fresh concrete or mortar. Cleaning shall consist of the removal of all laitance, loose or defective concrete, coatings, sand, curing compound if used, and other foreign material to the satisfaction of the Employer's Project Manager.

Construction joints shall be wet usually for 12-14 hours before casting, so that moisture will not be drawn from the freshly placed concrete. Wooden forms shall be wet few days before casting and tightened just before casting.

At every place where concreting is in progress, one of the Contractor's supervisors, well experienced in concrete works, shall be present and responsible for the work. All concreting shall be carried out by skilled workmen under the supervision of a foreman with sound technical knowledge and experience. During concreting, a sufficient number of workmen shall be present to handle the concrete and an adequate number of steel fixers and carpenters shall keep the steel reinforcement and form work under surveillance.

If and when concreting is carried out in the dark, ample lighting shall be provided at the mixing station and at every place where concrete is being deposited.

The concrete shall be handled and placed in such a manner that it will have an approximately horizontal, plastic surface throughout the casting. The rise of concrete in the formwork shall not be less than 100 mm per hour. The maximum permitted rise of concrete in formwork shall not exceed 750 mm per hour.

When casting the concrete, it must be vibrated so that homogenous construction is obtained. Concrete shall be vibrated in layers of 250-300 mm in thickness. At the same time previously placed layer shall be vibrated. Vertical structures shall be vibrated with vibrators with D=25-48 mm. Vibrator should be kept as vertical as possible. Vibrating time is at least 10 minutes per cubic meter.

Concrete shall be protected against damage from sunshine and rainfall. Concrete may not be placed in water, unless specifically approved by the Employer's Project Manager. The Contractor shall deal with all water encountered during concreting operations in such a manner that the water is prevented from flowing over or exerting pressure against the concrete.

While the concrete is at an early age, the surface of the joint shall be prepared for the subsequent deposition of fresh concrete by the application of high velocity water jet with a pressure of at least 3 atmospheres at the nozzle. The jet shall be applied so that laitance and foreign matters are removed and the clean aggregate exposed, but not so that the edges of the larger particles of the aggregate are undercut.

Sprinkling of the surfaces with dry cement or any other material during finishing operations for drying off the concrete, to facilitate towelling or for any other purpose will not be permitted.

Any defects on exposed surfaces after removing formwork will be made good by smoothing with sand cement mortar if the Project Manger (Engineer) approves. If the defect is too serious for such approval the Contractor shall remove the defective work and replace it at his own cost.

At least fourteen (14) days before placing concrete in any structure to be water cured, the Contractor shall submit to the Employer's Project Manager details of the equipment and methods he proposes to use for water curing. Water used for curing shall meet the requirements of this Specification for water used in concrete, but with the additional requirement that the water shall not contain any chemicals or other substances that will cause staining of concrete surfaces.

Concrete cured with water shall be kept continuously wet for at least fourteen (14) days immediately following placement of the concrete, or until covered with fresh concrete.

In case of sunshine or windy weather concrete shall be covered with plastic sheeting. Immediately after curing period surfaces will be checked for cracks. Maximum acceptable width of crack is 0,2 mm.

Waterproofing of Retaining Walls

The isolation of surfaces, which covered by backfill should be down by waterproofing with hot bitumen mastic. Before the mastic implementation the waterproofed surface should be cleaned from dust, mud and forms remainders. If it is necessary the surface should be leveled. The cleaning works shall be down by dry air or bymechanical ways, by brush. The concrete of structure must be dry before the waterproofing implementation. The waterproofing should be executed in two layers in accordance with the SN 301-65 and SNiP 2.05.03-84 (points 3.182-3.186) requirements.

SECTION 8, BRIDGE WORKS

8.01 Removal of Concrete Elements

8.01.1 Description

The works comprises the removal of existing concrete bridge elements, including saw cut limits of removal, cutting through reinforcement, protection of permanent elements to remain, and transport and disposal of material.

8.01.2 Construction Requirement

Remove the shown parts of the old bridge according to the drawings carefully. If the bridge crosses water, no material should be allowed to fall into the water.

Removal method of asphalt concrete shall be approved by the Project Manager.

The Project Manager shall approve the concrete chiseling equipment. When dismantling concrete, marked straight cutting lines shall be used, which do not damage the reinforcement. Damaged concrete shall be chiseled behind the steel bars to a depth of at least 20 mm or equal to bar diameter.

All cutting concrete surfaces and reinforcing bars shall be abrasive-blasted or high-pressure waterblasted to remove all debris, loose concrete and rust. Concrete surfaces shall be blasted to produce a clean rough surface.

If the whole construction, including foundation down to 1 meter beneath ground level or according to drawings, will be removed, check the required lifting capacity of the crane beforehand.

8.02 StructuralExcavation and Backfill

8.02.1 Description

The works consist of structural excavation and backfill, including loosening or breaking up material before or in the process of excavation, and provision and compaction of backfill.

8.02.2 Material and Construction Requirements

Excavation shall be done to the extent that makes it possible for the Contractor to work with the supports according to the drawings. The slopes of the excavation should not be steeper than 1:1.5 for excavation deepness less than 2 m and not steeper than 1:1.7 for deeper excavations or according to drawings.

The bottom of all foundation excavations shall be inspected by the Project Manager and rectified, compacted or covered with lean concrete as instructed before formed to the lines and levels shown on the Drawings. Pockets of soft soil or loose rock shall be removed and the resulting voids and any natural voids shall be filled with lean mix concrete.

Material used for backfill and for erosion protection shall be in according to SNiP 2.05.02-85

Where fill to structures is required to the same level on more than one side of a structural element or buried structure it shall be maintained at heights not differing by more than 250 mm after compaction on opposing sides of the structural element as filling proceeds.

The Contractor shall restrict compaction plant used on fill to structures, within 2 m of a structure, to the following items:

- (i) vibratory roller having a mass per meter width of roll not exceeding 1,300 kg with a total mass not exceeding 1,000 kg;
- (ii) vibrating plate compactor having a mass not exceeding 1,000 kg;
- (iii) vibro-tamper having a mass not exceeding 75 kg.

The soil compaction degree of working layer behind the abutments, defined by compaction ratio, should meet the requirements of SNiP 2.05.02-82 table 22. (Ratio 0.95)

8.03 Scaffolding and Formworks

8.03.1 Description

This work includes constructing and removing of all scaffolding and formwork as well as work platforms and safety railings. Design is included in the work, respectively. The Contractor shall submit the design documents for Project Manager's approval at least one week before planned starting date for construction of the temporary supports, formwork and scaffolding.

8.03.2 Material

On the Site, the material in the form shall be wooden material, either formwork timber or plywood. Aluminum ties should be used for bracing of the formwork, if possible. The Project Manager shall approve all materials and equipment.

8.03.3 Construction Requirements

Formworks should be done in according to SNiP 3.01.01-85, III-15-76, III-43-75 and the description below.

Temporary supports shall be designed, constructed and removed according to SNiP 3.06.04-91. Maximum acceptable form deformation is L/300, for beams L/500.

The formwork shall be well moistened before casting the concrete so that it will not leak or take up water from the fresh concrete. The surface shall be well oiled to prevent the formwork to get stuck to the concrete.

Tolerances

The tolerances of the formwork should be \pm 5mm of the measures shown at the drawings

Removal of the formworks

The Contractor will not be allowed to remove the formwork until 70% of the concrete compression strength has been achieved. Formwork removal shall be carried out without any damage to structures.

8.04 Reinforcement

8.04.1 Description

The works consist of provision, placing and transport of reinforcement for concrete elements.

8.04.2 Material and Construction Requirements

Material shall comply with the requirements of SNiP 2.05.03-84, GOST 5781-82 and GOST 380-88. The Project Manager shall approve all materials and equipment. Works shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of SNiP 3.06.04-91 and SNiP 2.05.03-84. TheContractor shall prepare and deliver reinforcement plans for Project Manager's approval at least one week before starting date of the reinforcement works.

Concrete cover

At surfaces subjected to rapid flow of water or placed directly against the ground, steel reinforcement shall have a minimum cover of 75 mm of concrete. At other surfaces exposed to water or weathering conditions, or situated below ground level, the cover for steel reinforcement shall be not less than 45 mm for bars over 16 mm in diameter and not less than 40 mm for bars 16 mm or less in diameter, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings. The tolerance is ± 5 mm.

The cover shall be achieved by placing distance blocks between the reinforcement and the formwork with c/c 1.0 meter. These blocks shall be manufactured of the same sort of cement as the structural concrete.

8.05 Concrete Works

8.05.1 Description

The works includes provision of concrete, concrete casting with forms, transport, manufacturing and installation of pre-cast elements.

8.05.2 Materials and Construction Requirements

Materials shall comply with the SNiP 2.05.03-84, SNiP 3.06.04-91, Russian Standard Drawings and VSN 24-88.

In the following are additions to some of the standards. The additions precede what is written above:

- Concrete shall be composed of Portland cement, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, water and admixtures as specified, all well mixed and brought to the proper consistency.

- Storage of aggregates: After washing, fine aggregate shall be stored in stockpiles with a free draining base for at least 72 hours and shall be subsequently handled to ensure that sand delivered to the batching plant has a uniform and stable moisture content.
- Storage of Cement: Cement that has not been used within three (3) months from the date of initial sampling shall not be used in the Works unless it has been retested and is shown to conform to the specified requirements.

The following requirements shall apply to the storage and handling of cement at the Site or at any intermediate Take-Over or storage point:

- All methods for transporting, handling and storing bulk and bagged cement shall be designed beforehand.
- All storage bins and silos shall be drawn down (so as to be substantially empty) at least once every three (3) months.
- All bagged cement shall be stored at all times, up to its use in the Works, in completely weatherproof structures, which shall include a raised floor and be adequately ventilated to prevent the accumulation of moisture. Cement of different types shall be stored separately.
- Do not use cement that: **a**) has become partially set **b**) contains lumps or caked cement **c**) is salvaged from discarded or previously opened bags.

Addition of water to overcome stiffening of the concrete before placing will not be permitted.

Aggregate shall not be batched for concrete or mortar when free water is dripping from the aggregate.

Cement shall be sampled at the source and tested by the manufacturer and certified as conforming to the requirements of this Specification before being dispatched from the factory of the cement manufacturer. All costs associated with the sampling and testing shall be included in the rates for furnishing and handling cement.

The concrete mixture

The maximum ballast size shall be 32 mm. No aggregates that can cause alkali reactions can be used. The grading scale of the aggregates can be as follows:

- 38 % 0 mm 4 mm sand (i.e washed quarts)
- 60 % 5 mm 32 mm (i.e basalt or granite).

All the components and aggregates used in the concrete mix must be laboratory tested according to GOST standards. Moreover, the contractor must specify:

- Place of origin of components and aggregates
- Petrography analysis and chemical composition of all components, including water
- Quality and compressive strength of the aggregates
- Water absorption capabilities of all fractions used (<1 % weight percent)

All reinforced concrete tests, certifications, verifications and documents required by GOST for bridge construction must be complied with.

Requirements for the composite parts of concrete

The composite parts of the structural concrete mass, including filler, sand, rock, additives or plastifiers must have known documented origin and documented properties. The composite parts may not contain any items that can endanger or diminish the structural concrete's or reinforcement's properties and function.

The chloride content of the composite materials must be so low that the total free chloride content (Cl^{-}) of the structural concrete not exceeds 0,1% of the binder weight. An independent laboratory must test this criterion.

Cement

The cement must be Standard Portland 400 and comply with the GOST standards and quality requirements.

The chemical composition of the Portland cement 400 must convey to GOST standard. However, the cement type used must be low alkali and high sulphate resistance, LA/SR. The upper C_3A limit must be 5%. The requirements of the Tables 1 and 2 must be fulfilled, too.

able1:	Maximum values for certain chemical componer	its in the cement.
	Chemical composition	Weight
		percentage
	Cl	0,1
	Gravimetric SO ₃ ,	4,0
	Inorganic correction materials	5,0
	MgO	5,0

 Table1: Maximum values for certain chemical components in the cement.

Table 2: Complying values for certain properties of the cement.

Cement qualities		
Cementation	3 hours	8 hours
Heat development	Maximum	Maximum
	210 J/g	250 J/g
	days 1-3	days 1-7
Compressive strength	Minimum	Minimum
	16 MPa	29 MPa
	day 7	day 28
Bend / Shear	Minimum	Minimum
	3 MPa	5 MPa
	day 7	day 28

Mineral additives

If mineral additives are used in the concrete, the Contractor must present a special report containing the physical properties of the mineral additives and their chemical composition together with their variation. This report must include:

- Specific Area
- Combined Aggregate Grading
- Production Certificate

Fly ash is not permitted as mineral additive. Other mineral additives will only be allowed in factory-produced concrete. In-situ use of mineral additives is only permitted after the written permission of the Project Manager. Before the use in the structural concrete, the mineral additives have to be tested and analysed and the results presented to the Project Manager. The test results may not exceed the values shown in Table 3.

Table 3: The maximum content values for some products accepted in mineral additives. (Values expressed in weight percentage of dry material).

	Silica	Slag
Cl	0,2	0,1
SO ₃ , CaO	4,0	4,0
CaO	2,0	
MgO	5,0	
Equivalent alkali content (Calculated as $Na_2O + 0,66K_2O$)	0,6	0,6
Glow, loss	5,0	

Concrete casting

TheContractor shall make a work plan for the concrete casting. When necessary, the work plan shall be revised before each casting. Work Plan shall include at least the following items:

- General description of structures
- Special requirements for concrete, e.g. frost resistance
- Requirements for work conditions, e.g. readiness for hot weather conditions
- Available equipment
- Management of works and personnel
- Preparations for concrete casting
- Arrangements to avoid cracks formation
- Mixing
- Casting
- Vibration
- Construction joints
- Temperature measurements during concrete hardening
- Strength measurements
- Repair and finishing

The Contractor shall, where necessary, employ effective means such as pre-cooling the aggregates, refrigerating the mixing water, adding chipped or flaked ice into the mixing water, placing at night or a combination of these, to ensure that the concrete does not exceed the temperature of 35° C or is less than 5° C during curing.

Under no circumstances will concrete be accepted if the temperature of the concrete, as deposited into the formwork, is not within these limits.

The Contractor shall provide for the cooling of mixing water and for the efficient insulation of any storage tanks and pipelines for mixing water.

Aggregate bins, batching and mixing equipment shall be painted white and protected from sunshine as far as practicable.

Appropriate measures shall be taken with respect to transporting and placing the concrete to control the temperature of concrete. Pipelines for conveying concrete shall be shaded and insulated or painted white; the elapsed time from mixing to placing shall be minimised. Concrete shall be placed promptly when delivered and finishing operations shall not be delayed. Concrete surfaces shall be protected from wind and sun, if directed by the Project Manager, during placing, finishing or curing operations.

Immediately before placing concrete, all surfaces upon or against which the concrete is to be placed shall be free from standing water, mud, debris, oil, objectionable coatings and loose, semi-detached fragments. Where directed by the Project Manager, the surfaces shall be cleaned with water jet.

The surfaces of construction joints shall be clean when covered with fresh concrete or mortar. Cleaning shall consist of the removal of all laitance, loose or defective concrete, coatings, sand, curing compound if used, and other foreign material to the satisfaction of the Project Manager.

Construction joints shall be wet usually for 12-14 hours before casting, so that moisture will not be drawn from the freshly placed concrete. Wooden forms shall be wet few days before casting and tightened just before casting.

The Contractor shall place all concrete in structures as shown on the Drawings, or as directed by the Project Manager, in accordance with this Specification, or as approved by the Project Manager. Concrete shall be deposited continuously and at a rate, which will give the prescribed rise of the fresh concrete in the formwork, while a block of concrete is being completed.

At every place where concreting is in progress, one of the Contractor's supervisors, well experienced in concrete works, shall be present and responsible for the work. All concreting shall be carried out by skilled workmen under the supervision of a foreman with sound technical knowledge and experience. During concreting, a sufficient number of workmen shall be present to handle the concrete and an adequate number of steel fixers and carpenters shall keep the steel reinforcement and form work under surveillance.

If and when concreting is carried out in the dark, ample lighting shall be provided at the mixing station and at every place where concrete is being deposited.

The concrete shall be handled and placed in such a manner that it will have an approximately horizontal, plastic surface throughout the casting. The rise of concrete in the formwork shall not be less than 100 mm per hour. The maximum permitted rise of concrete in formwork shall not exceed 750 mm per hour, unless otherwise approved by the Project Manager.

When casting the concrete, it must be vibrated so that homogenous construction is obtained. Concrete shall be vibrated in layers 250...300 mm in thickness. At the same time previously placed layer shall be vibrated. Vertical structures shall be vibrated with vibrators with D=25...48 mm.

Vibrator should be kept as vertical as possible. Vibrating time is at least 10 minutes per cubic meter. The Project Manager shall approve vibrators.

Concrete shall be protected against damage from sunshine and rainfall. Concrete may not be placed in water, unless specifically indicated on the Drawings or approved by the Project Manager. The Contractor shall deal with all water encountered during concreting operations in such a manner that the water is prevented from flowing over or exerting pressure against the concrete, until such time after depositing as approved by the Project Manager.

While the concrete is at an early age, the surface of the joint shall be prepared for the subsequent deposition of fresh concrete by the application of high velocity water jet with a pressure of at least 3 atmospheres at the nozzle. The jet shall be applied so that laitance and foreign matters are removed and the clean aggregate exposed, but not so that the edges of the larger particles of the aggregate are undercut.

The Contractor shall inform the Project Manager when concrete will be placed.

Sprinkling of the surfaces with dry cement or any other material during finishing operations for drying off the concrete, to facilitate towelling or for any other purpose will not be permitted.

Curing, protection and finishing the surfaces

At least fourteen (14) days before placing concrete in any structure to be water cured, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager details of the equipment and methods he proposes to use for water curing. Water used for curing shall meet the requirements of this Specification for water used in concrete, but with the additional requirement that the water shall not contain any chemicals or other substances that will cause staining of concrete surfaces.

Concrete cured with water shall be kept continuously wet for at least fourteen (14) days immediately following placement of the concrete, or until covered with fresh concrete.

In case of sunshine or windy weather concrete shall be covered with plastic sheeting. Immediately after curing period surfaces will be checked for cracks. Maximum acceptable width of crack is 0.2 mm. In parapets and sidewalk areas cracks 0.1 mm or more in width shall be injected or grouted.

Prefabricated beams

A certificate that states their conformity with the requirements according to Standard drawings and Russian Standards shall accompany the beams. The required concrete quality shall be at least B30.

The support for the beams shall be well prepared and approved by the Project Manager before placement of the beams as described in the drawings. The joints between the beams shall be cast according to the drawings with concrete of at least quality B30.

Tolerances

Dimensions shall conform to design documentation. Tolerance for bridge span clearances shall be \pm 30 mm. Falls on concrete surfaces shall be \pm 0.5 %. Bridge span surface acceptable evenness is

20 mm measured by a straight-line 4 m in length. Concrete cover shall not be less than 5 mm under minimum acceptable.

8.06 Repair of Small Concrete Damages without Forms

8.06.1 Description

This work consists of repair of small concrete damages caused by faulty pours and other poorly compacted places and local deterioration or breaks.

8.06.2 Materials

Following or equal cement based patch mortars should be used:

 Polymer cement mortar (Russia): Portland cement M 400-500; GOST 10178-85 Sand M 0.4-0.8; GOST 8736-85 44% emulsion divinyl styrene latex SKS-65 GP mark TU 38.103111-83 Water; GOST 23732-79 The ratio of the above mentioned mass parts in the polymer cement mixture is the following: 100:100:41:17.

2)	Structurite 300	Thoro N.V. (Belgium)
3)	Sika Top 122	Sika AG (Switzerland)
4)	Vandex CRS 05	Vandex GmbH (Germany)

Materials shall be approved by the Project Manager.

8.06.3 Construction Requirements

Patching works shall be made according to the instructions of the manufacturer.

Damaged concrete shall be chiseled. The boundaries of the concrete to be removed shall be saw cut to a depth just missing the reinforcing bars. Concrete within the marked boundaries shall be removed by high pressure water jet blasting equipment or light pneumatic hammer.

Concrete shall be removed to a depth of at least 20 mm behind the reinforcing bars. The bars shall be cleaned with steel brush and compressed air. Recommended temperature during works is +10...+15 °C. Air temperature must be at least +5 °C.

The work will be accepted for payment providing that it has been done in conformance to the drawings and specifications and is accepted by the Project Manager.

8.07 Painting of Steel Structures

8.07.1 Description

This work consists of cleaning, sand blasting and painting of steel structures. Works include construction and removal of scaffoldings and working platforms.

8.07.2 Materials and Construction Requirements

Paintwork materials shall comply with the SNiP 2.03.11-85 requirements. Touch-up painting should be done with the same paint material as was used before.

Surface treatment shall consist of at least three paint layers in total thickness not less than 160 μ m.

Works shall be carried out in accordance to requirements of SNiP 3.06.04-91. Works shall be carried out in dry weather at the temperature $+10 \text{ C}^{\circ}...+30 \text{ C}^{\circ}$. Relative air humidity shall not exceed 80% and the metal surface shall be clean and dry.

Final cleaning shall be done by sand blasting just before painting. Dry quartz sand of 0, 6... 1, 5 mm in grain size shall be used for sandblasting.

The Contractor shall submit the work plan of surface treatment and painting and description of proposed materials to the Project Manager for approval at least two weeks before planned procurement of paint materials. Design of necessary scaffoldings must be submitted within work plan.

8.08 Down Pipes

8.08.2 Description

This work consists of repair of the existing down pipes and construction of new down pipes.

8.08.3 Materials

Stainless steel should be used for down pipes, if possible. The Project Managermay accept also the following materials:

Cast iron pipe,TCK, GOST 69423-80–150-200 Cast iron funnel, GOST 1412-85 C415 Cast iron webbing, GOST 14122-85 C415

Polymer cement mortar shall be made according to GOST 28013-89 and SNiP 3.06.04-91

8.08.4 Construction Requirements

Down pipes installation works shall be executed according to the requirements of SNiP 3.06.04-91.

The rehabilitation of existing down pipes includes installation of new down pipes, funnels and webbings on the designed levels.

New down pipes will be constructed, where distance between the existing down pipes exceeds 10 m.

The location of new down pipes shall be approved by the Project Manager.

Down pipes shall be glued with stiff epoxy glue.

8.09 Bridge Railings

8.09.1 Description

This work comprises dismantling of railing sections, their re-installation, straightening or replacement of damaged railing elements including fixing details, sand blasting of existing railings and painting as well as manufacturing, installation and painting new railing sections.

8.09.2 Materials and Construction Requirements

Railing material, fixings and technical requirements shall comply with SNiP 3.503.1-81 and SNiP 3.06.04-91 under GOST 380.88. Paintwork materials shall comply with the SNiP 2.03.11-85 requirements. Cleaning of railings from corrosion and the old paint are done according to the VSN 24-88 requirements. Railing elements surface under lacquer coating shall be cleaned till I grade purification efficiency under GOST 9.402-80. Cleaning shall be done by sand blasting.

Surface treatment materials shall consist of two paint layers on two primer layers in total thickness not less than 160 μ m.

The quality of the paintwork layer shall correspond to the VI class under GOST 9.032-74.

The Contractor shall submit the work plan of surface treatment and painting and description of proposed materials to the Project Managerfor approval at least two weeks before planned procurement of paint materials.

8.10 Bearings

8.10.1 Description

The reinforced elastomer bearing is one of the most universally used types and should be given preference on account of its easy applicability and reliability. Due to the elastomer layer on the contact surface, it adjusts smoothly to minor irregularities of the bed of adjoining structural members, ensuring uniform force Take-Over. Therefore, reinforced elastomer bearings should be used, where possible. They are composed of elastomer layers hot vulcanised to steel plates between them (type Elastoplast or similar).

8.10.2 Calculation Assumption

Appropriate bearings should be selected on the basis of the following data.

Permissible stress for standard size bearings may be taken from the table below: (DIN 4141, part 14)

Bearing Area	Permissible Stress	
$A^{\sigma} m$ $10^2 mm^2$	N/ mm ²	
< 500	10.0	
< 1200	12.5	
≧1200	15.0	

The permissible stress is determined as the average bearing stress as follows:

$$\sigma_m = \frac{F}{A}$$
where
 σ_m = average bearing stress
F = maximum load
A = ground area for bearing

Prior to installation of the bearings, bearing design calculations and shop/execution drawings shall be submitted to the Project Managerfor approval.

8.10.3 Installation

Bridge bearings shall be installed according to the instructions of the bearing manufactory.

DIN 4141, part 14, section 7 contains very detailed guide lines for the installation of reinforced elastomeric bearings with an emphasis on the roughness of the area into which the bearings are to be placed. In order to prevent slipping of bearings under the action of force referred to above, it is indispensable that the seating of the structures shows this certain roughness. As a rule, cement bound concrete provides this roughness, whereas caution is to be exercised when plastic bound concrete is used. In order to achieve the required roughness of the seating, it may be advisable to cover surfaces with a 1-2 mm layer of sand mixed with corundum or quartz prior to setting.

8.11 Expansion Joints

8.11.1 Description

The work consists of removal of existing expansion joints, supply and installation of new expansion joints, including provision of data and drawings, adhesives and the like, and protective system.

8.11.2 Materials

Expansion joints structures shall be manufactured at plant conditions meeting SNiP 3.03.01-87, SNiP III-18-75 and SNiP 3.06.04-91 requirements. The joints constructions shall be manufactured with the control erection of all elements at the plant. Packages are completed with all the necessary elements including catch drains.

Storage and installation of joints, jointing materials, sealants and other associated items shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

The same joint system, seal or sealant shall continue across the full width of the deck including footway, verge, hard strip, hard shoulder and central reserve. Different joint systems shall not be combined at one end of a deck unless otherwise approved by the Project Manager.

8.11.3 Construction Requirements

Expansion joints are discontinuities in concrete designed to allow for thermal or other movements in the concrete. Expansion joints shall be formed in the positions and in accordance with the details shown on the Drawings or elsewhere in the Specifications.

Installation

The existing expansion joints shall be removed without damaging the adjacent concrete parts. Before installation of the joint, the concrete surfaces shall be free from laitance, sound, clean and comply with the manufacturer's requirements.

The expansion joint and the bridge deck waterproofing shall be formed so that a watertight seal is provided. Where prefabricated units are used, the seal between each unit shall be made watertight and in addition a secondary waterproofing system in the form of a continuous membrane shall be installed.

Expansion joints shall be of uniform width and straight alignment and shall be accurately set and finished and aligned with the finished surface.

During the placing and hardening of the bedding and bonding materials, movement between the joint and the substrate shall be prevented.

Installation works and welding erection joints shall be executed according to the SNiP 3.03.01-87, SNiP 3.06.04-91 requirements and "Expansion joints construction recommendations".

Before vehicles traffic the joints, temporary covers capable of withstanding vehicular loading shall be provided over expansion joints during and after their installation as appropriate for protection.

Corrosion Protection

Expansion joints shall be protected from corrosion in accordance to the requirements of SNIP2.03.11-85.

8.12 Waterproofing and Protective Layer

8.12.1 Description

This work consists of preparation of concrete surface for applying sheet membrane waterproofing and construction of protective layer on the carriageway.

8.12.2 Materials

The bridge deck shall be waterproofed by two watertight layers to ensure protection against damage caused by moisture, frost action and de-icing salts. The waterproofing shall be protected by a protection course. The waterproofing shall conform to the following requirements:

Thickness of layer	$\geq 6 \text{ mm}$
Water pressure resistance	300 kPa
Temporary heat resistance	200 °C
Tensile strength, longitudinal c	lirection at 23 °C 10 kN/m and in cross direction 8 kN/m

Concrete B 30 shall be applied for leveling and protection layer. Protection layer shall be reinforced in accordance to the Typical Design 3.503.1-101.

All materials shall be approved by the Project Manager and conform to the requirements of SNiP 3.06.04-91, SNiP 2.05.03-85, VSN 32-81. The Contractor shall submit to the approval of the Project Manager at least 2 weeks prior to the commencement of the works technical details and specifications, together with the working drawings of the waterproofing and protective layers. Materials shall be stored according to the manufactures recommendations.

8.12.3 Construction Requirements

The works shall be carried out according to the requirements of SNIP 3.06.04-91.

Concrete surface

The surface that is to be waterproofed must be blasted in order to obtain a thoroughly roughened and clean surface. Cracks wider than 0.2 mm shall be sealed by a method approved by the Project Manager. The work shall be carried out so that no particles over 1.5 mm protrude from the concrete surface. Prior to the waterproofing, the entire surface of the concrete shall be cleaned with compressed air. No vehicle traffic is allowed on the cleaned parts. Only personal that are involved in the waterproofing works are permitted on the cleaned parts of the bridge deck. It is important that no execution works that can generate dust or dirt are to be carried out in the vicinity of the waterproofing area.

The surface of the drain outlet must be sanded slightly in such a way that a mat surface is obtained.

Working conditions

All the waterproofing work shall be done on dry and clean surface, at least 21 days after the concreting work. No stains of oil, petrol or other fluids are allowed on the surface of the concrete.

The protective and binder course are to be applied within 12 hours after the waterproofing has been placed on the concrete surface. No vehicles, tools or other personal are allowed to stand on the waterproofing.

Texture of waterproofing

The bridge deck will be waterproofed with two layers of waterproofing mat. The clean concrete surface will be at first primed with bitumen solution, 0.3 kg/m^2 .

The first waterproofing mat can be either welded or glued to the deck with bitumen. In both cases great care should be taken in the amount of heat applied.

The execution must start at the lowest point of the structure. The mat is to be rolled out in such a manner that there is a wave of melted bitumen in front of it.

The waterproofing mat must withstand the minimum bond strength. This will be verified by cutting a rectangle of the waterproofing mat with the dimensions 0.1×0.3 m. The waterproofing mat and the underlying layer must have the same temperature. The rectangle will be cut into 3 parts with the length of 0.3 m. Thereafter, the short ends will by pulled evenly. The minimum bond strength of 0.5 MPa must be achieved.

Extent of waterproofing and sealing

The waterproofing mat will be rolled out in such a way that the longitudinal overlapping will be 100 mm and the transversal overlapping of 120 mm. Waterproofing at deck joints shall be fully sealed.

Weather limitations

Primers and waterproofing shall not be laid during rain and snowfall. It is desirable to apply temporary covers when working. No waterproofing, seal or protective course works are allowed if the temperature of the underlying concrete surface, waterproofing material or outside air temperature is below $+5 \text{ C}^0$. During isolation works the relative humidity of the air shall not exceed 85 %.

9. Rockfall Protection

9.01 Wire Mesh and Cable Net Drapery

9.01.1 Description

Rock-fall protection (wire mesh and cable net drapery) shall consist of furnishing and constructing a wire mesh and cable net drapery as shown on the drawings or as specified, or as instructed by the manufacturer.

The drapery shall not allow rocks greater than 120 mm in minimum dimension to pass through the wire mesh. The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall have demonstrated satisfactory performance in similar applications and capacities. Results of said performances shall be made available to the Project Manager.

The wire mesh and cable net drapery design shall have the structural strength to retain the load imposed by the rocks in the configuration shown in the plans with no distress of connecting elements. Engineering calculations demonstrating such shall be made available to the Project Manager 10 days prior to the installation at each location. The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be comprised of standard components to the extent practical and shall require minimal maintenance when subjected to the design parameters. The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be resistant to corrosion, UV degradation, and thermal deterioration. The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be capable of being pulled on/out at the bottom for rock removal.

9.01.2 Slopes and foundation conditions

The Contractor should expect to encounter a broad range of foundation materials, from very hard rock to soil, when installing drapery anchor.

9.01.3 Material

The wire mesh and cable net drapery and all hardware shall be protected from corrosion by galvanization. All structural steel components, including anchors and clamps, shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: A36. All bolts, nuts, and washers shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: A 325. The wire ropes, cable net, and support ropes shall be galvanized in conformance with the requirements BS EN 10244-2.

All miscellaneous hardware shall be supplied by the manufacturer with the system and shall be galvanized. All materials shall be labelled by the manufacturer in order for the Contractor to identify the materials on the manufacturer's working drawings.

Wire mesh

Wire mesh fabric shall be double twisted, 12 gage and zinc coated (244g per square meter). Individual wires of mesh shall meet the following minimum requirements:

Property	Test Method	Test Value
Tensile Strength (MPa)	ASTM A 370	414 Min.

Tensile area includes galvanization.

The mesh shall form a uniform hexagonal pattern and shall be formed with a nonraveling twist. The major axis of any opening shall not exceed 120 mm. The area of hexagonal opening, 82.6 mm by 114 mm, shall not exceed 73.5 square cm.

The wire mesh shall be securely fastened to each cable net panel and to the cable infrastructure. Spacing of the tie wires or connectors shall be every 300 mm. The wire mesh and cable net shall be flush with no gaps to exceed 100 mm. There shall be no discontinuity in the wire mesh. Tie wires or connectors used to fasten the wire mesh to cable net or adjacent panels shall have a connection strength equal to or greater than the strength of the mesh. The wire mesh and cable net shall be connected prior to placing the drapery on the slope. The wire mesh shall be placed between the slope and the cable net.

Cable net

Cable net shall be comprised of square or rectangular cable mesh panels joined at the panel boundaries to form a continuous drapery.

Each cable mesh panel shall incorporate a uniform grid pattern of square openings approximately 300 mm by 300 mm formed by the woven crossing of nearly continuous cable strands. The major axis of any opening shall not exceed 300 mm and the area of any opening shall not exceed 930 square cm. Each perpendicular cable crossing shall be securely fastened at an angle of approximately 90 degrees using a crossing clip of sufficient strength to resist slippage or breakage of the crossing connection when subject to the loads generated by the controlled rock fall. Cable mesh fabric shall have a minimum diameter of 8 mm and have a minimum breaking strength of 1.95 kN. Connection of the cable mesh panels shall be made with 8 mm lacing cable. The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be placed on the slope in a manner that will follow the contours of the slope and minimize gaps and large spaces between the drapery and the ground surface as determined by during the detaled design.

The top of the wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be secured to a top support cable. The top support cable shall be wire rope with a minimum diameter of 18 mm and shall be positioned a minimum of 1.5 meters above the top of the cut slope. The tag line cable used to connect the perimeter cable to the anchors shall be wire rope having a minimum diameter of 18 mm.

Anchors

The Contractor shall submit working drawings for the anchor based on the geological conditions at the site, as shown on the drawings and as provided in these special provisions. Anchors shall be placed at the spacing and locations proposed by the Contractor or as directed by the Project Managerbut not to exceed 15 m apart. The anchors shall be composed of a bonded and an unbonded length. The unbonded length of the anchors shall penetrate the thickness of the weak material and shall extend at least 1.8 m below the ground surface. The bonded length shall be determined by the pullout test as specified in these special provisions. All anchors shall be installed in drilled or hand dug holes using centralizers. Centralizers shall adequately support the anchor in the center of the drilled hole and shall be spaced at a maximum of 600 mm. The drill hole diameter shall be a minimum of 55 mm. Hand dug hole diameters shall be a minimum of 175 mm. The anchor holes in soil may encounter running/caving conditions. The Contractor shall have casing available on site for use in such conditions. Anchor holes may also encounter very hard rock. The Contractor shall have heavy on site drilling equipment capable of installing the anchors

in very hard rock, under the access limitations as later provided under "Installation" of these specifications.

The full length of the anchors below ground shall be encased in concrete or grout. All anchors shall be galvanized. Prior to pouring the concrete in the drilled hole, the Contractor shall moisten the subgrade to a minimum depth of 50 mm from the soil concrete interface and remove all loose soil or rocks from the hole. The Contractor shall cure the concrete at a minimum temperature of 10 degrees C for a period of 72 hours and at a minimum temperature of 0 degrees C for an additional period of 72 hours.

For grouting, fine aggregate may be added to the grout mixture of Portland cement and water for use in drilled holes 100 mm in diameter or greater, but only to the extent that the cement content of the grout is not less than 502 kilograms per cubic meter of grout.

Selected anchors shall be tested by the Contractor at 1.5 times the allowable design load in accordance with the testing section in these special provisions. The allowable design load shall be as shown on the working drawings. The minimum allowable design load shall be 98 kN. A minimum of 20 percent of the total number of anchors shall be tested and the Project Manager shall select the location of each test anchor. If more than 20 percent of the anchors tested fail, 50 percent of the total number of anchors shall be tested. All failed anchors shall be replaced and retested at the Contractor's expense. The shear force acting on the anchor bar shall be limited to 80 percent of the allowable design load (pullout load).

Miscellaneous metal

All miscellaneous hardware such as bolts, nuts, connectors, clamps, tie wires, and appurtenances shall be galvanized.

9.01.4 Testing

Testing shall be performed against a temporary yoke or load frame. No part of the yoke or load frame shall bear within 0.9 m of the anchor.

Anchor assemblies selected for testing shall be pullout tested by the Contractor in the presence of the Project Manager. A pullout test consists of incrementally loading the anchor assembly to the maximum test load or failure point, whichever occurs first. Failure point shall be the point where the movement of the anchor continues without an increase in the load or when the anchor has displaced 50 mm. The failure load corresponding to the failure point shall be recorded as part of the test data.

During the load test, the Contractor shall monitor and record displacement of the anchors relative to a stable reference point which is founded a minimum distance of 0.9 m from the anchor and test load reaction points. The pullout test shall be conducted by measuring the test load applied to the anchor and the anchor end movement at each load.

Applied test loads shall be measured by the Contractor with either a calibrated pressure gage or a load cell. Movements of the end of the anchor shall be measured and recorded during the load tests.

The pressure gage shall have an accurately reading dial at least 150 mm in diameter and each jack and its gage shall be calibrated as a unit with the cylinder extension in the approximate position that it will be at final jacking force, and shall be accompanied by a certified calibration chart. The gauge shall have been calibrated within one year prior to use on the project. The anchor shall be unloaded only after completion of the test.

9.01.5 Installation

The wire mesh and cable net drapery shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the manufacturer, as shown on the drawings, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Project Manager.

Vegetation encountered on slopes on which the wire mesh and cable net drapery is to be placed shall be preserved whenever possible. Vegetation shall be removed or pruned only when anchoring is required, the effectiveness of the wire mesh and cable net drapery is compromised, or as directed by the Project Manager. Vegetation from the hinge point of the slope to 10 m upslope from the hinge point shall be removed or pruned only as required or as directed by the Project Manager. Root systems shall be left in-place. Vegetation shall not be removed beyond this limit unless directed by the Project Manager. Access to the top of the cut slope and to the anchor installation area shall be limited to 10 m upslope of the wire mesh and cable net drapery limits. The Contractor shall not conduct operations that disturb vegetation beyond the area required for installation.

The Contractor shall scatter excess excavated anchor material around the vicinity of the wire mesh and cable net drapery and dress it out to match the existing ground surface to prevent unwanted jumping ramps for falling rocks.

PART 3 – CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT FORMS

Section VII. General Conditions (GC)

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A. CONTRACT AND INTERPRETATION

Bill of Quantities means the priced and completed Bill of Quantities forming part of the Contractor's Bid.

The **Certificate of Completion** is a document issued by the Project Manager upon completion of Rehabilitation Works, Improvement Works and Emergency Works, or parts thereof, as applicable, in accordance with GC 54.1

The **Completion Date** is the date of completion of the Services and Works as certified by the Project Manager, in accordance with Sub-Clause 10.2.

The **Contract** is the Contract between the Employer and the Contractor to perform the services to be provided by the Contractor, and to execute, complete, and maintain the Works. It consists of the documents listed in Clause 3 below.

The **Contractor** is a person or corporate body whose Bid to carry out the Works and Services has been accepted by the Employer.

The **Contractor's Bid** is the completed bidding document submitted by the Contractor to the Employer.

The **Contract Price** is the price stated in the Letter of Acceptance and thereafter as adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

Days are calendar days; months are calendar months.

A **Defect** is any part of the Works and Services not completed in accordance with the Contract.

The **Defects Liability Certificate** is the certificate issued by Project Manager upon correction of defects by the Contractor.

The **Defects Liability Period** is the period specified in the Contract and is applicable for Rehabilitation Works and Improvement Works, with exclusions identified in the PC, if any..

Dispute Review Board (DRB) is a board of three members selected and act in accordance with rules and procedures defined in the Contract to seek to resolve any dispute of any kind that may arise between the Employer and the Contractor in connection with or arising out of the Contract, as provided for in Clause 6 hereunder.

Dispute Review Expert (DRE) is one expert selected and acting in accordance with rules and procedures defined in the Contract to seek to resolve any dispute of any kind that may arise between the

Employer and the Contractor in connection with or arising out of the contract, as provided for in Clause 6 hereunder.

Drawings include calculations and other information provided by the Contractor for the execution of the Contract.

Emergency Works is a set of necessary and sufficient activities to reinstate the Road and reconstruct its structure or right of way strip damaged as a result of natural phenomena with imponderable consequences, such as strong storms, flooding and earthquakes. The need for execution of Emergency Works is jointly identified by the Employer and the Contractor and for starting of execution of Emergency Works the Employer shall issue a Work Order.

The **Employer** is the party who employs the Contractor to carry out the Works and Services.

Equipment is the Contractor's machinery and vehicles brought temporarily to the Site to construct the Works and to carry out the Services.

Improvement Works consists of a set of interventions that add new characteristics to the Road in response to existing or new traffic, safety or other conditions, as defined in the Specifications.

Rehabilitation Works are specific and clearly defined civil works the Contractor is required to carry out under the conditions of the Contract, as defined in the Specifications. Rehabilitation Works quantities were estimated by the Contractor to achieve the performance standards defined by the Service Levels and offered at a Lump-Sum price.

The **Intended Completion Date** is the date on which it is intended that the Contractor shall complete the Works and Services. The Intended Completion Date is specified in the Particular Conditions (PC). The Intended Completion Date may be revised only by the Project Manager by issuing an extension of time.

Materials are all supplies, including consumables, used by the Contractor for incorporation in the Works and for provision of Services.

The **Project Manager** is the person named in the PC who is responsible for the overall administration of the Contract on behalf of the Employer, and the supervision of works and services to be performed thereunder. The Project Manager may delegate through a written instrument some of his functions to any other competent person, retaining however the overall responsibility for the actions of that person. The Project Manager may not delegate the overall administrative control of the Contract. **Road** means the road or network of roads for which the Works and Services are contracted under the Contract.

The **Road Management Office** is the location indicated by the Contractor from which the Road Manager operates, and where the Contractor shall receive notifications.

The **Road Manager** is a person appointed by the Contractor who is in charge of managing all activities of the Contractor under the Contract. He is also the Contractor's Representative for the purposes of this contract.

Services means all interventions on the Road under the Contract and all activities related to the management and evaluation of the Road which shall be carried out by the Contractor in order to achieve and keep the Road Performance Standards as defined by the Service Levels, and to receive full payment of the monthly fee under the contract

Service Levels are the minimum performance standards for the level of quality of conditions of the Road defined in the Specifications which the Contractor shall comply with.

The **Site** is the area defined as such in the PC.

Site Investigation Reports are those that were included in the bidding documents and are factual and interpretative reports about the surface and subsurface conditions at the Site.

The **Start Date** is the date when the Contractor has started the physical execution of the Works and Services on the site. It does not necessarily coincide with any of the Site Possession Dates.

A **Subcontractor** is a person or corporate body who has a contractual agreement with the Contractor to carry out certain activities related to the services to be provided under the contract, which may include work on the Site.

Specifications means the Specifications of the Works and Services included in the Contract and any modification or addition made or approved by the Project Manager.

A **Variation** is an instruction given by the Project Manager which varies the Works or Services.

The **Works** are what the Contract requires the Contractor to construct, install, and turn over to the Employer, as covered under Rehabilitation Works, Improvement Works and Emergency Works.

Work Order is an order issued by the Project Manager to the Contractor authorizing the execution of Improvement Works and Emergency Works, as provided for in Clause 27 hereunder.

2. Interpretation	2.1	In interpreting these General Conditions (GC), singular also means
		plural, male also means female or neuter, and vice versa. Headings
		have no significance. Words have their normal meaning under the
		language of the Contract unless specifically defined. The Project
		Manager will provide instructions clarifying queries about
		theseGeneral Conditions (GC).

3. Documents 3.1 The documents forming the Contract shall be interpreted in the following order of priority:

Contract

- (1) Agreement,
- (2) Letter of Acceptance,
- (3) Contractor's Bid,
- (4) Particular Conditions (PC),
- (5) General Conditions (GC),
- (6) Specifications,
- (7) Drawings,
- (8) Bill of Quantities, and
- (9) any other document listed in the PC as forming part of the Contract.
- **4. Language and** 4.1 The language of the Contract and the law governing the Contract are stated in the PC.

5. Notices5.1 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, all notices to be given under the Contract shall be in writing, and shall be sent by personal delivery, airmail post, special courier, fax or E-mail to the address of the relevant party set out in the PC, with the following provisions:

- 5.1.1 Any notice sent by fax or E-mail shall be confirmed within two(2) days after dispatch by notice sent by airmail post or special courier, except as otherwise specified in the Contract.
- 5.1.2 Any notice sent by airmail post or special courier shall be deemed (in the absence of evidence of earlier receipt) to have been delivered ten (10) days after dispatch. In proving the fact of dispatch, it shall be sufficient to show that the envelope containing such notice was properly addressed, stamped and conveyed to the postal authorities or courier service for transmission by airmail or special courier.
- 5.1.3 Any notice delivered personally or sent by fax or E-mail shall be deemed to have been delivered on date of its dispatch.
- 5.1.4 Either party may change its postal, fax or E-mail address or addressee for receipt of such notices by ten (10) days' notice to the other party in writing.
- 5.2 Notices shall be deemed to include any approvals, consents, instructions, orders and certificates to be given under the Contract.

- 5.3 The Contractor shall provide at its own cost, and maintain in operation permanently during the duration of the Contract, such communications equipment which ensures that both written (fax or E-mail) and oral (voice) communications can be established at all times
 - (a) between the Road Manager and his senior field staff;
 - (b) between the Project Manager and the Road Manager;
 - (c) between the public telephone system and the Road Manager;
 - (d) The equipment to be provided and maintained includes the equipment located at the Project Manager's office.
- 5.4 At the Start Date of the Contract, the Contractor must communicate to the Employer the address of his office, including the postal, fax and E-mail address, which for the purposes of this contact is called the Road Management Office, where Notices will be addressed to. The Employer may require that the physical location of the Road Management Office is within the close geographical area of the Road. If the Contractor fails to communicate the address of his Road Management Office, and the Employer is otherwise unable to locate the Road Manager, all notifications to the Contractor shall be valid if they are deposited at a designated location within the office of the Project Manager, and if a copy is sent to the Contractor's legal address.
- 6.1 Dispute Review Board
 - 6.1.1 If any dispute of any kind whatsoever shall arise between the Employer and the Contractor in connection with or arising out of the Contract, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any question regarding its existence, validity or termination, or the execution of the Works and Services—whether during the progress of the execution or after completion and whether before or after the termination, abandonment or breach of the Contract—the parties shall seek to resolve any such dispute or difference by mutual consultation. If the parties fail to resolve such a dispute or difference by mutual consultation, then the matter in dispute shall, in the first place, be referred in writing by either party to the Disputes Review Board ('the Board'), with a copy to the other party.
 - 6.1.2 The Board shall be established when each of the three Board Members has signed a Board Member's Declaration of Acceptance as required by the DRB's Rules and Procedures (which, along with the Declaration of Acceptance form, are attached to the Contract). The Board shall comprise three Members experienced with the type of construction and services involved in the Contract and with the interpretation of contractual documents. One Member shall be selected by each of the Employer and the Contractor and approved by the other. If either

6. Settlement of Disputes (Alternative when using a Dispute Review Board) of these Members is not so selected and approved within 28 days of the date of the Letter of Acceptance, then upon the request of either or both parties such Member shall be selected as soon as practicable by the Appointing Authority specified in the PC. The third Member shall be selected by the other two and approved by the parties. If the two Members selected by or on behalf of the parties fail to select the third Member within 14 days after the later of their selections, or if within 14 days after the selection of the third Member, the parties fail to approve that Member, then upon the request of either or both parties such third Member shall be selected promptly by the same Appointing Authority specified in the PC who shall seek the approval of the proposed third Member by the parties before selection but, failing such approval, nevertheless shall select the third Member. The third Member shall serve as Chairman of the Board.

- 6.1.3 In the event of death, disability, or resignation of any Member, such Member shall be replaced in the same manner as the Member being replaced was selected. If for whatever other reason a Member shall fail or be unable to serve, the Chairman (or failing the action of the Chairman then either of the other Members) shall inform the parties and such nonserving Member shall be replaced in the same manner as the Member being replaced was selected. Any replacement made by the parties shall be completed within 28 days after the event giving rise to the vacancy on the Board, failing which the replacement shall be made by the Appointing Authority in the same manner as described above. Replacement shall be considered completed when the new Member signs the Board Member's Declaration of Acceptance. Throughout any replacement process the Members not being replaced shall continue to serve and the Board shall continue to function and its activities shall have the same force and effect as if the vacancy had not occurred, provided, however, that the Board shall not conduct a hearing nor issue a Recommendation until the replacement is completed.
- 6.1.4 Either the Employer or the Contractor may refer a dispute to the Board in accordance with the provisions of the DRB's Rules and Procedures, attached to the Contract. The Recommendation of the Board shall be binding on both parties, who shall promptly give effect to it unless and until the same shall be revised, as hereinafter provided, in an arbitral award. Unless the Contract has already been repudiated or terminated, the Contractor shall continue to proceed with the Works and Services in accordance with the Contract.
- 6.1.5 If either the Employer or the Contractor is dissatisfied with any Recommendation of the Board, or if the Board fails to issue its Recommendation within 56 days after receipt by the Chairman of the Board of the written Request for Recommendation, then

either the Employer or the Contractor may, within 14 days after his receipt of the Recommendation, or within 14 days after the expiry of the said 56-day period, as the case may be, give notice to the other party of his intention to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to the matter in dispute. Such notice shall establish the entitlement of the party giving the same to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to such dispute and, subject to Sub-Clause 6.3, no arbitration in respect thereof may be commenced unless such notice is given.

- 6.1.6 If the Board has issued a Recommendation to the Employer and the Contractor within the said 56 days and no notice of intention to commence arbitration as to such dispute has been given by either the Employer or the Contractor within 14 days after the parties received such Recommendation from the Board, the Recommendation shall become final and binding upon the Employer and the Contractor.
- 6.1.7 Whether or not it has become final and binding upon the Employer and the Contractor, a Recommendation shall be admissible as evidence in any subsequent dispute resolution procedure, including any arbitration or litigation having any relation to the dispute to which the Recommendation relates.
- 6.1.8 All Recommendations that have become final and binding shall be implemented by the parties forthwith.

- 6.2.1 If either the Employer or the Contractor is dissatisfied with the Board's decision, then either the Employer or the Contractor may, in accordance with Sub-Clause 6.1.5, give notice to the other party of its intention to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to the matter in dispute, and no arbitration in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given. The arbitral tribunal shall have full power to open up, review, and revise any decision, opinion, instruction, determination, certificate, and any Recommendation(s) of the Board.
- 6.2.2 Any dispute in respect of which a notice of intention to commence arbitration has been given, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 6.2.1, shall be finally settled by arbitration. Neither party shall be limited in the proceedings before such arbitration tribunal to the evidence or arguments put before the Board for the purpose of obtaining his Recommendation(s) pursuant to Sub-Clause 6.2.1. No Recommendation shall disqualify the Board from being called as a witness and giving evidence before the arbitrator(s) on any matter whatsoever relevant to the dispute Arbitration may be commenced prior to or after completion of the Works and Services.
- 6.2.3 Arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure designated in the PC.
- 6.3 Where neither the Employer nor the Contractor has given notice of intention to commence arbitration of a dispute within the period stated in Sub-Clause 6.1.5 and the related Recommendation has become final and binding, either party may, if the other party fails to comply with such Recommendation and without prejudice to any other right it may have, refer the failure to arbitration in accordance with Sub-Clause 6.2. The provisions of Sub-Clause 6.1 shall not apply to any such reference
- 6.4 Notwithstanding any reference to the Board or Arbitration herein,
 - (a) the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the Contract unless they otherwise agree
 - (b) the Employer shall pay the Contractor any monies due the Contractor.
- 6.1 Dispute Review Expert
 - 6.1.1 If any dispute of any kind whatsoever shall arise between the Employer and the Contractor in connection with or arising out of the Contract, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any question regarding its existence, validity or termination, or the execution of the Works and Services—whether during the progress of the execution or after completion and whether before or after the termination, abandonment or

6. Settlement of Disputes (Alternative when using a Dispute Review Expert) breach of the Contract—the parties shall seek to resolve any such dispute or difference by mutual consultation. If the parties fail to resolve such a dispute or difference by mutual consultation, then the matter in dispute shall, in the first place, be referred in writing by either party to the Disputes Review Expert ('DRE'), with a copy to the other party.

- 6.1.2 The DRE shall take up his functions after having signed a DRE's Declaration of Acceptance as required by the DRE's Rules and Procedures (which, along with the Declaration of Acceptance form, are attached to the Contract). The DRE shall be a person experienced with the type of construction and services involved in the Contract and with the interpretation of contractual documents and shall be selected by agreement between the Employer and the Contractor. If the DRE is not selected within 28 days of the date of the Letter of Acceptance, then upon the request of either or both parties the DRE shall be selected as soon as practicable by the Appointing Authority specified in thePC.
- 6.1.3 In the event of death, disability, or resignation of the DRE, the latter shall be replaced by agreement between the Employer and the Contractor. Any replacement made by the parties shall be completed within 28 days after the event giving rise to the need for a replacement, failing which the replacement shall be made by the same international appointing authority as above.
- 6.1.4 Either the Employer or the Contractor may refer a dispute to the DRE in accordance with the provisions of the DRE's Rules and Procedures, attached to the Contract. The Recommendation of the DRE shall be binding on both parties, who shall promptly give effect to it unless and until the same shall be revised, as hereinafter provided, in an arbitral award. Unless the Contract has already been repudiated or terminated, the Contractor shall continue to proceed with the Works and Services in accordance with the Contract.
- 6.1.5 If either the Employer or the Contractor is dissatisfied with any Recommendation of the DRE, or if the DRE fails to issue his Recommendation within 56 days after he has received the written Request for Recommendation, then either the Employer or the Contractor may, within 14 days after his receipt of the Recommendation, or within 14 days after the expiry of the said 56-day period, as the case may be, give notice to the other party of his intention to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to the matter in dispute. Such notice shall establish the entitlement of the party giving the same to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to such dispute and, subject to Sub-Clause 6.3, no arbitration in respect thereof may be commenced unless such notice is given.

- 6.1.6 If the DRE has issued a Recommendation to the Employer and the Contractor within the said 56 days and no notice of intention to commence arbitration as to such dispute has been given by either the Employer or the Contractor within 14 days after the parties received such Recommendation from the DRE, the Recommendation shall become final and binding upon the Employer and the Contractor.
- 6.1.7 Whether or not it has become final and binding upon the Employer and the Contractor, a Recommendation shall be admissible as evidence in any subsequent dispute resolution procedure, including any arbitration or litigation having any relation to the dispute to which the Recommendation relates.
- 6.1.8 All Recommendations that have become final and binding shall be implemented by the parties forthwith.
- 6.2 Arbitration
 - 6.2.1 If either the Employer or the Contractor is dissatisfied with the DRE's decision, then either the Employer or the Contractor may, in accordance with Sub-Clause 6.1.5, give notice to the other party of its intention to commence arbitration, as hereinafter provided, as to the matter in dispute, and no arbitration in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given. The arbitral tribunal shall have full power to open up, review, and revise any decision, opinion, instruction, determination, certificate, and any Recommendation(s) of the DRE.
 - 6.2.2 Any dispute in respect of which a notice of intention to commence arbitration has been given, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 6.2.1, shall be finally settled by arbitration. Neither party shall be limited in the proceedings before such arbitration tribunal to the evidence or arguments put before the DRE for the purpose of obtaining his Recommendation(s) pursuant to Sub-Clause 6.2.1. No Recommendation shall disqualify the DRE from being called as a witness and giving evidence before the arbitrator(s) on any matter whatsoever relevant to the dispute Arbitration may be commenced prior to or after completion of the Works and Services.
 - 6.2.3 Arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure designated in the PC.
- 6.3 Where neither the Employer nor the Contractor has given notice of intention to commence arbitration of a dispute within the period stated in Sub-Clause 6.1.5 and the related Recommendation has become final and binding, either party may, if the other party fails to comply with such Recommendation and without prejudice to any other right it may have, refer the failure to arbitration in accordance

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with Sub-Clause 6.2. The provisions of Sub-Clause 6.1 shall not apply to any such reference

- 6.4 Notwithstanding any reference to the DRE or Arbitration herein,
 - (a) the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the Contract unless they otherwise agree
 - (b) the Employer shall pay the Contractor any monies due the Contractor.

B. Assignment of Responsibilities

- 7. Scope of Works Unless otherwise expressly limited in the Specifications, the 7.1 Contractor's obligations cover the Design, the carrying out of all and Services Works and the performance of all Services required for keeping the Road in accordance with the Service Levels defined in the Specifications, while at the same time respecting the plans, procedures, specifications, drawings, codes and any other documents as identified in the Specifications. Such specifications include, but are not limited to, the provision of supervision and engineering services; the supply of labor, materials, equipment; Contractor's Equipment; construction utilities and supplies; temporary materials, structures and facilities; transportation (including, without limitation, unloading and hauling to, from and at the Site); and storage, except for those supplies, works and services that will be provided or performed by the Employer, if any, as set forth in the corresponding Specifications.
 - 7.2 The Contractor shall, unless specifically excluded in the Contract, perform all such work, services and/or supply all such items and materials not specifically mentioned in the Contract but that can be reasonably inferred from the Contract as being required for attaining the Performance Standards (as specified in Clause 24 of GC) as if such work, services and/or items and materials were expressly mentioned in the Contract.
 - 8.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for the design and programming of the Works and Services, and for the accuracy and completeness of the information used for that design and programming in accordance with the requirements established in the Specifications.
 - 8.2 Specifications and Drawings
 - 8.2.1 The Contractor shall execute the basic and detailed design and the engineering work in compliance with the provisions of the Contract and the Specifications, or where not so specified, in accordance with good engineering practice.

The Contractor shall be responsible for any discrepancies, errors or omissions in the specifications, drawings and other

8. Design Responsibility technical documents that it has prepared, whether such specifications, drawings and other documents have been approved by the Project Manager or not, provided that such discrepancies, errors or omissions are not because of inaccurate information furnished in writing to the Contractor by or on behalf of the Employer.

- 8.2.2 The Contractor shall be entitled to disclaim responsibility for any design, data, drawing, specification or other document, or any modification thereof, provided or designated by, or on behalf of, the Employer, by giving a notice of such disclaimer to the Project Manager.
- 8.3 Codes and Standards

Wherever references are made in the Contract to codes and standards in accordance with which the Contract shall be executed, the edition or the revised version of such codes and standards current at the date twenty-eight (28) days prior to date of bid submission shall apply unless otherwise specified. During Contract execution, any changes in such codes and standards shall be applied after approval by the Employer and shall be treated in accordance with GC Clause 63.

- 8.4 Approval/Review of Technical Documents by Project Manager
 - 8.4.1 For those Works specified in the PC, the Contractor shall prepare (or cause its Subcontractors to prepare) and furnish to the Project Manager the documents listed in the Specifications (List of Documents for Approval or Review) for its approval or review.

Unless otherwise specified in the PC, the Contractor shall not be required to submit for the Employer's approval the Design or other technical documents concerning the Maintenance Services remunerated through monthly lump-sum payments.

Any part of the Works covered by or related to the documents to be approved by the Project Manager shall be executed only after the Project Manager's approval thereof.

GC Sub-Clauses 8.4.2 through 8.4.7 shall apply only to those documents requiring the Project Manager's approval, but not to those furnished to the Project Manager for his information or review only.

8.4.2 Within fourteen (14) days after receipt by the Project Manager of any document requiring the Project Manager's approval in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 8.4.1, the Project Manager shall either return one copy thereof to the Contractor with its approval endorsed thereon or shall notify the Contractor in writing of its disapproval thereof and the reasons therefore and the modifications that the Project Manager proposes.

If the Project Manager fails to take such action within the said fourteen (14) days, then the said document shall be deemed to have been approved by the Project Manager.

- 8.4.3 The Project Manager shall not disapprove any document, except on the grounds that the document does not comply with some specified provision of the Contract or that it is contrary to good engineering practice.
- 8.4.4 If the Project Manager disapproves the document, the Contractor shall modify the document and resubmit it for the Project Manager's approval in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 8.4.2. If the Project Manager approves the document subject to modification(s), the Contractor shall make the required modification(s), whereupon the document shall be deemed to have been approved.
- 8.4.5 If any dispute or difference occurs between the Employer and the Contractor in connection with or arising out of the disapproval by the Project Manager of any document and/or any modification(s) thereto that cannot be settled between the parties within a reasonable period, then such dispute or difference may be referred to the DRB (or DRE) for determination in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 6.1 hereof. If such dispute or difference is referred to the DRB (or DRE), the Project Manager shall give instructions as to whether and if so, how, performance of the Contract is to proceed. The Contractor shall proceed with the Contract in accordance with the Project Manager's instructions, provided that if the DRB (or DRE) upholds the Contractor's view on the dispute and if the Employer has not given notice under GC Sub-Clause 6.1.5 hereof, then the Contractor shall be reimbursed by the Employer for any additional costs incurred by reason of such instructions and shall be relieved of such responsibility or liability in connection with the dispute and the execution of the instructions as the DRB (or DRE) shall decide, and the Time for Completion shall be extended accordingly.
- 8.4.6 The Project Manager's approval, with or without modification of the document furnished by the Contractor, shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility or liability imposed upon it by any provisions of the Contract except to the extent that any subsequent failure results from modifications required by the Project Manager.
- 8.4.7 The Contractor shall not depart from any approved document unless the Contractor has first submitted to the Project Manageran amended document and obtained the Project

Manager's approval thereof, pursuant to the provisions of this GC Sub-Clause 8.4.

If the Project Manager requests any change in any already approved document and/or in any document based thereon, the provisions of GC Clause 63.2 shall apply to such request.

9. Copyright
 9.1 The copyright in all drawings, documents and other materials containing data and information furnished to the Employer by the Contractor herein shall remain vested in the Contractor or, if they are furnished to the Employer directly or through the Contractor by any third party, including suppliers of materials, the copyright in such materials shall remain vested in such third party.

- 10. Start Date and Completion
 10.1 The Contractor shall start the Works and Services within the period specified in the PC. Upon request from the Contractor, the Employer shall confirm in writing the Start Date, after verifying that works and services have started on the Site.
 - 10.2 The Contractor shall attain the required Service Levels and the Completion of the Rehabilitation and Improvement Works (or of a part where a separate time for Completion of such part is specified in the Contract) within the time schedules included in the PC and the Specifications, or within such extended time to which the Contractor shall be entitled under GC Clause 64 hereof.
- 11. Contractor's Responsibilities 11.1 The Contractor shall design and carry out the Works and Services (including associated purchases and/or subcontracting) necessary to comply with the requirements established in the Specifications with due care and diligence in accordance with the Contract.
 - 11.2 The Contractor confirms that it has entered into this Contract on the basis of a proper examination of the data relating to the Works and Services required, including any data and tests provided by the Employer, and on the basis of information that the Contractor could have obtained from a visual inspection of the Site and of other data readily available to it relating to the Road as of the date twenty-eight (28) days prior to bid submission. The Contractor acknowledges that any failure to acquaint itself with all such data and information shall not relieve its responsibility for properly estimating the difficulty or cost of successfully performing the Works and Services.
 - 11.3 The Contractor shall acquire in its name all permits, approvals and/or licenses from all local, state or national government authorities or public service undertakings in the country of the Employer that are necessary for the performance of the Contract, including, without limitation, visas for the Contractor's and Subcontractor's personnel and entry permits for all imported Contractor's Equipment. The Contractor shall acquire all other permits, approvals and/or licenses that are not the responsibility of

the Employer under GC Sub-Clause 14.3 hereof and that are necessary for the performance of the Contract.

- 11.4 The Contractor shall comply with all laws in force in the country of the Employer and where the Works and Services are carried out. The laws will include all local, state, national or other laws that affect the performance of the Contract and bind upon the Contractor. The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Employer from and against any and all liabilities, damages, claims, fines, penalties and expenses of whatever nature arising or resulting from the violation of such laws by the Contractor or its personnel, including the Subcontractors and their personnel, but without prejudice to GC Sub-Clause 14.1 hereof.
- 11.5 Any Plant, Material and Services that will be incorporated in or be required for the Works and Services and other supplies shall have their origin in an eligible Country as defined under the Bank's procurement guidelines.
- 11.6 The Contractor shall permit the Bank and/or persons appointed by the Bank to inspect the Site and/or the accounts and records of the Contractor and its subcontractors relating to the performance of the Contract, and to have such accounts and records audited by auditors appointed by the Bank if required by the Bank. The Contractor's attention is drawn to Sub-Clause 59.2.1 which provides, inter alia, that acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank's inspection and audit rights provided for under Sub-Clause 11.6 constitute a prohibited practice subject to contract termination (as well as to a determination of ineligibility under the Procurement Guidelines).
- 12. Subcontracting 12.1 The Contractor may subcontract activities listed in the PC. Any other activity under the Contract may be subcontracted only when approved by the Project Manager. The Contractor may not assign the entire Contract without the approval of the Employer in writing. Subcontracting shall not alter the Contractor's obligations nor relieve the Contractor from any liability or obligation under the Contract and he shall be responsible for the acts, defaults and neglects of any Subcontractor, his agents, servants or workmen as fully as if they were the acts, defaults or neglects of the Contractor, his agents, servants or workmen.
 - 12.2 Notwithstanding GC Sub-Clause 12.1, the Contractor may subcontract under his own responsibility and without prior approval of the Employer the small Works and Services also listed in the PC.
- 13. Assignment of Contract
 13.1 Neither the Employer nor the Contractor shall, without the express prior written consent of the other party (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), assign to any third party the Contract or any part thereof, or any right, benefit, obligation or interest therein or thereunder, except that the Contractor shall be entitled to assign

either absolutely or by way of charge any monies due and payable to it or that may become due and payable to it under the Contract.

14. Employer's Responsibilities14.1 The Employer shall apply due diligence to ensure the accuracy of all information and/or data to be supplied to the Contractor as described in the Specifications, except when otherwise expressly stated in the Contract.

- 14.2 The Employer shall be responsible for acquiring and providing legal and physical possession of the Site and access thereto, and for providing possession of and access to all other areas reasonably required for the proper execution of the Contract, including all requisite rights of way, as specified in the corresponding Specifications. The Employer shall give full possession of and accord all rights of access thereto on or before the date(s) specified in the PC.
- 14.3 The Employer shall acquire and pay for all permits, approvals and/or licenses from all local, state or national government authorities or public service undertakings in the country where the Site is located, when such authorities or undertakings require the Employer to obtain them in the Employer's name, are necessary for the execution of the Contract, and are specified in the corresponding Specifications.
- 14.4 If requested by the Contractor, the Employer shall use its best endeavors to assist the Contractor in obtaining in a timely and expeditious manner all permits, approvals and/or licenses necessary for the execution of the Contract from all local, state or national government authorities or public service undertakings that such authorities or undertakings require the Contractor or Subcontractors or the personnel of the Contractor or Subcontractors, as the case may be, to obtain.
- 14.5 The Employer shall be responsible for the continued operation of the Road after Completion, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 28, and shall be responsible for facilitating the Guarantee Test(s) for the Road, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 20.
- 14.6 All costs and expenses involved in the performance of the obligations under this GC Clause 14 shall be the responsibility of the Employer, save those to be incurred by the Contractor with respect to the performance of Guarantee Tests, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 20.
- 15. Confidential Information
 15.1 The Employer and the Contractor shall keep confidential and shall not, without the written consent of the other party hereto, divulge to any third party any documents, data or other information furnished directly or indirectly by the other party hereto in connection with the Contract, whether such information has been furnished prior to, during or following termination of the Contract. Notwithstanding the above, the Contractor may furnish to its Subcontractor(s) such

documents, data and other information it receives from the Employer to the extent required for the Subcontractor(s) to perform its work under the Contract, in which event the Contractor shall obtain from such Subcontractor(s) an undertaking of confidentiality similar to that imposed on the Contractor under this GC Clause 15.

- 15.2 The Employer shall not use such documents, data and other information received from the Contractor for any purpose other than the operation and maintenance of the Road. Similarly, the Contractor shall not use such documents, data and other information received from the Employer for any purpose other than the design, procurement of Plant and Equipment, construction or such Works and Services as are required for the performance of the Contract.
- 15.3 The obligation of a party under GC Sub-Clauses 15.1 and 15.2 above, however, shall not apply to that information which
 - (a) now or hereafter enters the public domain through no fault of that party;
 - (b) can be proven to have been possessed by that party at the time of disclosure and which was not previously obtained, directly or indirectly, from the other party hereto;
 - (c) otherwise lawfully becomes available to that party from a third party that has no obligation of confidentiality.
- 15.4 The above provisions of this GC Clause 15 shall not in any way modify any undertaking of confidentiality given by either of the parties hereto prior to the date of the Contract in respect of the Works and Services or any part thereof.
- 15.5 The provisions of this GC Clause 15 shall survive termination, for whatever reason, of the Contract.

C. EXECUTION OF WORKS AND SERVICES

16.Representatives 16.1 Project Manager

If the Project Manager is not named in the Contract, then within fourteen (14) days of the issuance of the Letter of Acceptance by the Employer, the Employer shall appoint and notify the Contractor in writing of the name of the Project Manager. The Employer may from time to time appoint some other person as the Project Manager in place of the person previously so appointed, and shall give a notice of the name of such other person to the Contractor without delay. No such appointment shall be made at such a time or in such a manner as to impede the progress of the Works and Services. Such appointment shall only take effect upon receipt of such notice by the Contractor. The Project Manager shall represent and act for the Employer at all times during the period of the Contract. All notices, instructions, orders, certificates, approvals and all other communications under the Contract shall be given by the Project Manager, except as herein otherwise provided.

All notices, instructions, information and other communications given by the Contractor to the Employer under the Contract shall be given to the Project Manager, except as herein otherwise provided.

The Project Manager may delegate any of his duties and responsibilities to other people, except to the Adjudicator, after notifying the Contractor, and may cancel any delegation after notifying the Contractor.

- 16.2 Road Manager
 - 16.2.1 If the Road Manager is not named in the Contract, then the Contractor shall appoint the Road Manager before the Start Date and shall request the Employer in writing to approve the person so appointed. If the Employer makes no objection to the appointment within fourteen (14) days, the Road Manager shall be deemed to have been approved. If the Employer objects to the appointment within fourteen (14) days giving the reason therefore, then the Contractor shall appoint a replacement within fourteen (14) days of such objection, and the foregoing provisions of this GC Sub-Clause 16.2.1 shall apply thereto.
 - 16.2.2The Road Manager shall represent and act for the Contractor at all times during the period of the Contract and shall give to the Project Manager all the Contractor's notices, instructions, information and all other communications under the Contract. The Road Manager shall be in charge of the day-to-day management of the works and services to be provided under the contract on behalf of the Contractor, and shall have legal and all other faculties to take all necessary decisions related to the execution of the contract.

All notices, instructions, information and all other communications given by the Employer or the Project Manager to the Contractor under the Contract shall be given to the Road Manager or, in its absence, its deputy, except as herein otherwise provided.

The Contractor shall not revoke the appointment of the Road Manager without the Employer's prior written consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If the Employer consents thereto, the Contractor shall appoint some other person as the Road Manager, pursuant to the procedure set out in GC Sub-Clause 16.2.1. 16.2.3 The Road Manager may, subject to the approval of the Employer (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), at any time delegate to any person any of the powers, functions and authorities vested in him or her. Any such delegation may be revoked at any time. Any such delegation or revocation shall be subject to a prior notice to the Project Manager signed by the Road Manager, and shall specify the powers, functions and authorities thereby delegated or revoked. No such delegation or revocation shall take effect unless and until a copy thereof has been delivered to the Project Manager.

Any act or exercise by any person of powers, functions and authorities so delegated to him or her in accordance with this GC Sub-Clause 16.2.3 shall be deemed to be an act or exercise by the Road Manager.

- 16.2.4From the Start Date until Completion, the Road Manager shall supervise all work and services done at the Site by the Contractor and shall be present at the Site throughout normal working hours except when on leave, sick or absent for reasons connected with the proper performance of the Contract. Whenever the Road Manager is absent from the Site, a suitable person shall be appointed to act as his or her deputy.
- 16.2.5The Employer may by notice to the Contractor object to any representative or person employed by the Contractor in the execution of the Contract who, in the reasonable opinion of the Employer, may behave inappropriately, may be incompetent or negligent, or may commit a serious breach of the Site regulations provided under the Specifications. The Employer shall provide evidence of the same, whereupon the Contractor shall remove such person from the Site.
- 16.2.6If any representative or person employed by the Contractor is removed in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 16.2.5, the Contractor shall, where required, promptly appoint a replacement.

17. Work Program 17.1 Contractor's Organization

The Contractor shall supply to the Project Manager a chart showing the proposed organization to be established by the Contractor for carrying out the Works and Services. The chart shall include the identities of the key personnel together with the curricula vitae of such key personnel to be employed as included in the Contractor's Bid. The Contractor shall promptly inform the Project Manager in writing of any revision or alteration of such an organization chart.

17.2 Program of Performance

Not later than the Start Date, the Contractor shall prepare and supply to the Project Manager a program of performance of the Contract, made in the form specified in the Specifications and showing the sequence in which it proposes to design and carry out the Works and Services, as well as the date by which the Contractor reasonably requires that the Employer shall have fulfilled its obligations under the Contract so as to enable the Contractor to execute the Contract in accordance with the program and to achieve Completion in accordance with the Contract. The Contractor shall update and revise the program as and when appropriate, but without modification in the Times for Completion given in the PC and any extension granted in accordance with GC Clause 64, and shall supply all such revisions to the Project Manager.

17.3 Progress Report

The Contractor shall monitor progress of all the activities specified in the program referred to in GC Sub-Clause 17.2 above, and supply a progress report to the Project Manager every month together with his Monthly Statement. The progress report shall be in a form acceptable to the Project Manager in accordance with the Specifications.

17.4 Progress of Execution

If at any time the Contractor's actual progress falls behind the program referred to in GC Sub-Clause 17.2, or it becomes apparent that it will so fall behind, the Contractor shall prepare and supply to the Project Manager a revised program, taking into account the prevailing circumstances, and shall notify the Project Manager of the steps being taken to expedite progress so as to attain Completion of the Works and Execution of Services activities within the Time for Completion under GC Sub-Clause 10.2, any extension thereof entitled under GC Sub-Clause 64, or any extended period as may otherwise be agreed upon between the Employer and the Contractor.

17.5 Work Procedures

The Contract shall be executed in accordance with the Contract Documents and the procedures given in the Specifications.

18. Execution of 18.1 Setting Out/Supervision/Labor

18.1.1*Bench Mark.* The Contractor shall be responsible for the true and proper setting-out of the Works in relation to bench marks, reference marks and lines provided to it in writing by or on behalf of the Employer.

If, at any time during the progress of execution of the Works, any error shall appear in the position, level or alignment of the Works, the Contractor shall forthwith notify the Project Manager of such error and, at its own expense, immediately

Works

rectify such error to the reasonable satisfaction of the Project Manager. If such error is based on incorrect data provided in writing by or on behalf of the Employer, the expense of rectifying the same shall be borne by the Employer.

- 18.1.2 Contractor's Supervision. The Contractor shall give or provide all necessary supervision during the execution of the Works, and the Road Manager or its deputy shall be on the Site to provide full-time supervision of the execution. The Contractor shall provide and employ only technical personnel who are skilled and experienced in their respective callings and supervisory staff who are competent to adequately supervise the work at hand.
- 18.2 Contractor's Equipment
 - 18.2.1 All Contractor's Equipment brought by the Contractor onto the Site shall be deemed to be intended to be used exclusively for the execution of the Contract. The Contractor shall not remove the same from the Site without informing the Project Manager.
 - 18.2.2Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, upon completion of the Works and Services, the Contractor shall remove from the Site all Equipment brought by the Contractor onto the Site and any surplus materials remaining thereon.
 - 18.2.3The Employer will, if requested, use its best endeavors to assist the Contractor in obtaining any local, state or national government permission required by the Contractor for the export of the Contractor's Equipment imported by the Contractor for use in the execution of the Contract that is no longer required for the execution of the Contract.
- 18.3 Site Regulations and Safety

The Employer and the Contractor shall establish Site regulations setting out the rules to be observed in the execution of the Contract at the Site and shall comply therewith. The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Employer, with a copy to the Project Manager, proposed Site regulations for the Employer's approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

Such Site regulations shall include, but shall not be limited to, rules in respect of security, safety, traffic control, accident response, gate control, sanitation, medical care, and fire prevention.

- 18.4 Access to site for Other Contractors
 - 18.4.1The Contractor shall, upon written request from the Employer or the Project Manager, give site access to other contractors employed by the Employer on or near the site.

- 18.5 Site Clearance
 - 18.5.1*Site Clearance in Course of Execution*: In the course of carrying out the Contract, the Contractor shallkeep theSite reasonably free from all unnecessary obstruction, store or remove any surplus materials, clear away any wreckage, rubbish or temporary works from the Site, and remove any Contractor's Equipment no longer required for execution of the Contract.
 - 18.5.2*Clearance of Site after Completion*: After Completion of all parts of the Works and Services, the Contractor shall clear away and remove all wreckage, rubbish and debris of any kind from the Site, and shall leave the Site and the Road clean and safe.
- 18.6 Watching and Lighting

The Contractor shall provide and maintain at its own expense allighting, fencing, and watching when and where necessary for the proper execution and the protection of the Works and Services, for the protection of his own installations and his equipment, for the safety of the owners and occupiers of adjacent property and for the safety of the public.

18.7 Access to the Site

The Contractor shall allow the Project Manager and any person authorized by the Project Manager access to the Site and to any place where work in connection with the Contract is being carried out or is intended to be carried out.

- 18.8 Management Meetings
 - 18.8.1 Either the Project Manager or the Contractor may require the other to attend a management meeting. The business of a management meeting shall be to review the plans for remaining work and to deal with matters raised by either the Contractor or the Employer.
 - 18.8.2 The Project Manager shall record the business of management meetings and provide copies of the record to those attending the meeting and to the Employer. The responsibility of the parties for actions to be taken shall be decided by the Project Manager either during or after the management meeting and stated in writing to all who attended the meeting.
- 19. Staff and Labor
 19.1 The Contractor shall employ the key personnel named in the Contractor's Bid, to carry out the functions stated in the Specifications or other personnel approved by the Project Manager. The Project Manager will approve any proposed replacement of key

personnel only if their relevant qualifications and abilities are substantially equal to or better than those of the personnel listed in the Contractor's Bid.

- 19.2 Labor
 - (a) The Contractor shall provide and employ on the Site for the execution of the Works and Services such skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled labor as is necessary for the proper and timely execution of the Contract. The Contractor is encouraged to use local labor that has the necessary skills.
 - (b) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall be responsible for the recruitment, transportation, accommodation and catering of all labor, local or expatriate, required for the execution of the Contract and for all payments in connection therewith.
 - (c) The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary permit(s) and/or visa(s) from the appropriate authorities for the entry of all labor and personnel to be employed on the Site into the country where the Site is located.
 - (d) The Contractor shall at its own expense provide the means of repatriation to all of its and its Subcontractor's personnel employed on the Contract at the Site to their various home countries. It shall also provide suitable temporary maintenance of all such persons from the cessation of their employment on the Contract to the date programmed for their departure. In the event that the Contractor defaults in providing such means of transportation and temporary maintenance, the Employer may provide the same to such personnel and recover the cost of doing so from the Contractor.
 - (e) The Contractor shall at all times during the progress of the Contract use its best endeavors to prevent any unlawful, riotous or disorderly conduct or behavior by or amongst its employees and the labor of its Subcontractors.
 - (f) The Contractor shall provide lodging, medical assistance, alimentation and sanitary installations for the employees living in the contractor's base camps to comply with the Social, Sanitary and Health Conditions of Labor requirements established in the Specifications.
 - (g) The Contractor shall, in all dealings with its labor and the labor of its Subcontractors currently employed on or connected with the Contract, pay due regard to all recognized festivals, official holidays, religious or other customs and all local laws and regulations pertaining to the employment of labor.

- HIV-AIDS Prevention. If so indicated in the PC, the Contractor (h) shall conduct an HIV-AIDS awareness programme via an approved service provider or specialized NGO, and shall undertake such other measures as are specified in this Contract to reduce the risk of the Take-Over of the HIV virus between and among the Contractor's Personnel and the local community, to promote early diagnosis and to assist affected individuals. The Contractor shall throughout the contract: (i) conduct Information, Education and Consultation Communication (IEC) campaigns, at least every other month, addressed to all the Site staff and labor (including all the Contractor's employees, all Sub-Contractors and consultants' employees working on the Site, and truck drivers and crew making deliveries to the Site for Works and Services executed under the contract, and to the immediate local communities, concerning the risks, dangers and impact, and appropriate avoidance behavior with respect to of Sexually Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD)-or Transmitted Infections (STI) in general and HIV/AIDS in particular; (ii) provide male or female condoms for all Site staff and labor as appropriate; and (iii) provide for STI and HIV/AIDS screening, diagnosis, counseling and referral to a dedicated national STI and HIV/AIDS program, (unless otherwise agreed) of all Site staff and labor.
- (i) If so indicated in the PC, the Contractor shall include in the program to be submitted for the execution of the Works and Services under Sub-Clause 17 a program for Site staff and labour and their families in respect of Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) and Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) including HIV/AIDS. The STI, STD and HIV/AIDS alleviation program shall indicate when, how and at what cost the Contractor plans to satisfy the requirements of this Sub-Clause and the related specification. For each component, the program shall detail the resources to be provided or utilized and any related sub-contracting proposed. The program shall also include provision of a detailed cost estimate with supporting documentation. Payment to the Contractor for preparation and implementation this program shall not exceed the Provisional Sum dedicated for this purpose.
- 19.3 Removal of staff

If the Project Manager asks the Contractor to remove a person who is a member of the Contractor's staff or work force, stating the reasons, the Contractor shall ensure that the person leaves the Site within seven days and has no further connection with the work in the Contract.

- 19.4 Work at Night and on Holidays
 - 19.4.1Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, if and when the Contractor considers it necessary to carry out work at night

20. Test and

Inspection

or on public holidays so as to meet the Service Levels and the Time for Completion, and requests the Employer's consent thereto (if such consent is needed), the Employer shall not unreasonably withhold such consent.

- 20.1 The Contractor shall at its own expense carry out on the Site all such tests and/or inspections as are specified in the Specifications, and in accordance with the procedures described in the Specifications.
 - 20.2 The Employer and the Project Manager or their designated representatives shall be entitled to attend the aforesaid test and/or inspection.
 - 20.3 For tests to be carried out on the initiative of the Contractor, whenever the Contractor is ready to carry out any such test and/or inspection, he shall give a reasonable advance notice of such test and/or inspection and of the place and time thereof to the Project Manager. The Contractor shall provide the Project Manager with a signed report of the results of any such test and/or inspection.
 - 20.4 If the Employer or Project Manager (or their designated representatives) fails to attend a scheduled test and/or inspection, or if it is agreed between the parties that such persons shall not attend, then the Contractor may proceed with the test and/or inspection in the absence of such persons, and may provide the Project Manager with a signed report of the results thereof.
 - 20.5 The Project Manager may require the Contractor to carry out any test and/or inspection not required by the Contract, provided that the Contractor's reasonable costs and expenses incurred in the carrying out of such test and/or inspection shall be added to the Contract Price. Further, if such test and/or inspection impedes the progress of the works and/or the Contractor's performance of its other obligations under the Contract, due allowance will be made in respect of the Time for Completion and the other obligations so affected.
 - 20.6 If Rehabilitation Works, Improvement Works or Emergency Works fail to pass any test and/or inspection, the Contractor shall either rectify or replace such works and shall repeat the test and/or inspection upon giving a notice under GC Sub-Clause 20.3.
 - 20.7 If any dispute or difference of opinion shall arise between the parties in connection with or arising out of the test and/or inspection of the Works and Services, or part of them, that cannot be settled between the parties within a reasonable period of time, it may be referred to the RDB (or DRE) for determination in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 6.1.
 - 20.8 The Contractor agrees that neither the execution of a test and/or inspection of the Works and Services or any part of them, nor the attendance by the Employer or the Project Manager, nor the issue

of any test certificate pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 20.4, shall release the Contractor from any other responsibilities under the Contract.

- 20.9 No part or foundations shall be covered up on the Site without the Contractor carrying out any test and/or inspection required under the Contract. The Contractor shall give a reasonable notice to the Project Manager whenever any such part or foundations are ready or about to be ready for test and/or inspection; such test and/or inspection and notice thereof shall be subject to the requirements of the Contract.
- 20.10 The Contractor shall uncover any part of the Works or foundations, or shall make openings in or through the same as the Project Manager may from time to time require at the Site, and shall reinstate and make good such part or parts.

If any parts of the Works or foundations have been covered up at the Site after compliance with the requirement of GC Sub-Clause 20.9 and are found to be executed in accordance with the Contract, the expenses of uncovering, making openings in or through, reinstating, and making good the same shall be borne by the Employer, and the Time for Completion shall be reasonably adjusted to the extent that the Contractor has thereby been delayed or impeded in the performance of any of its obligations under the Contract.

- 21. Rehabilitation
 Works
 21.1 If so indicated in the PC, specific Rehabilitation Works shall be carried out explicitly in accordance with the Specifications and as specified in the bidding documents and in the Contractor's Bid. Input quantities for Rehabilitation Works were estimated by the Contractor to achieve the performance criteria for Rehabilitation Works given in the Specifications. The specific Rehabilitation Works were offered by the Contractor at a Lump-Sum price.
- 22. Improvement Works22.1 If so indicated in the PC, Improvement Works are required and will consist of a set of interventions that add new characteristics to the roads in response to new traffic and safety or other conditions. Improvement Works quantities were offered at unit prices included in the Bill of Quantities.
 - 22.2 The execution of Improvement Works shall be requested by the Project Manager, who will issue a Work Order defining the requested works to be carried out by the Contractor, based on the activities priced in the Bill of Quantities. The Work order shall specify the activities to be carried out and the corresponding price. The Road Manager shall confirm his acceptance by signing the Work Order.
- 23. Maintenance
 Services
 23.1 Maintenance Services are those activities necessary for keeping the Road in compliance with the Performance Standards pursuant to GC Clause 24. Maintenance Services shall include all activities required to achieve and keep the Road Performance Standards and Service

Levels. These Services will be remunerated by Lump-Sum amount for the period of the contract paid in fixed monthly payments during the entire Contract period.

- 24. Performance Standards24.1 The Contractor shall carry out the Maintenance Services to achieve and keep the Road complying with the Service Levels defined in the Specifications. He will carry out all Works in accordance with the performance standards indicated in the Specifications.
- 25. Contractor's Self-Control of Quality and Safety
 25.1The Contractor shall, throughout the execution and completion of the Works and Services, maintain a System which shall ensure that the work methods and procedures are adequate and safe at all times and do not pose any avoidable risks and dangers to the health, safety and property of the workers and agents employed by him or any of his subcontractors, of road users, of persons living in the vicinity of the roads under contract, and any other person who happens to be on or along the roads under contract.
 - 25.2 Unless specified otherwise in the PC, the Contractor shall establish, within his own organizational structure, a specific Unit staffed with qualified personnel, whose task is to verify continuously the degree of compliance by the Contractor with the required Service Levels. That Unit will also be responsible for the generation and presentation of the information needed by the contractor for the documentation required as defined in the Specifications. The Unit will be responsible for maintaining a detailed and complete knowledge of the condition of the Road and to provide to the Road Manager all the information needed in order to efficiently manage and maintain the Road. The Unit shall also carry out, in close collaboration with the Project Manager, the verifications on the Service Levels.
 - 25.3 The Contractor's Self-Control Unit mentioned in GC Sub-Clause 25.2 shall report the level of compliance with the required Service Levels in the standard format presented in the Specifications.
 - tal 26.1 The Contractor shall, throughout the design, execution and completion of the Works and Services, and the remedying of any defects therein:
 - (a) have full regard for the safety of all persons employed by him and his subcontractors and keep the Site (so far as the same is under his control) in an orderly state appropriate to the avoidance of danger to such persons;
 - (b) provide and maintain at his own cost all guardrails, fencing, warning signs and watching, when and where necessary or required by Sub-Clause 18.3 of the Contract or by any duly constituted authority, for the protection of the Works and Services or for the safety and convenience of his workers and road users, the public or others; and

26. Environmental and Safety Requirements

- (c) take all reasonable steps to protect the environment (both on and off the Site) and to limit damage and nuisance to people and property resulting from pollution, noise and other results of his operations.
- 27. Work Orders for Improvement Works and Emergency Works
- 27.1 Improvement Works and Emergency Works shall be executed by the Contractor on the basis of Work Orders issued by the Project Manager.
- 27.2 Work Orders shall be issued in writing and shall include the date on which the Work Order was issued and the signature of the Project Manager. Two copies of the Work Order shall be transmitted by the Project Manager to the Contractor, who shall immediately countersign one copy, including the date of acceptance, and return it to the Project Manager.
- 27.3 If the Contractor has any objection to a Work Order, the Road Manager shall notify the Project Manager of his reasons for such objection within ten (10) days) of the date of issuing the Work Order. Within five (5) days of the Road Manager's objection, the Project Manager shall cancel, modify or confirm the Work Order in writing.
- 28.1 When the whole of the Works and Services have been substantially 28. Taking Over completed and have satisfactorily passed any Tests on Completion **Procedures** prescribed by the Contract, the Contractor may give a notice to that effect to the Project Manager, accompanied by a written undertaking to finish with due expedition any outstanding work during the Defects Liability Period. Such notice and undertaking shall be deemed to be a request by the Contractor for the Project Manager to issue a Taking-Over Certificate in respect of the Works and Services. The Project Manager shall, within twenty-one (21) days of the date of delivery of such notice, either issue to the Contractor a Taking-Over Certificate, stating the date on which the Works and Services were substantially completed in accordance with the Contract, or give instructions in writing to the Contractor specifying all the conditions to be complied with and all the work which is required to be done by the Contractor before the issue of such Certificate. The Project Manager shall also notify the Contractor of any defects in the Works and Services affecting substantial completion that may appear after such instructions and before completion of Taking-Over Certificate within twenty-one (21) days of completion, to the satisfaction of the Project Manager, of the Works and Services so specified and remedying any defects so notified.
 - 28.2 Similarly, in accordance with the procedure set out in Sub-Clause 28.1, the Contractor may request and the Project Manager shall issue a Taking-Over Certificate in respect of:
 - (a) any Section in respect of which a separate Time for Completion is provided in the contract,

29. Emergency

Works

- (b) any substantial part of the Works and Services which has been both completed to the satisfaction of the Project Manager and, otherwise than as provided for in the Contract, occupied or used by the Employer, or
- (c) any part of the Works and Services which the Employer has elected to occupy or use prior to completion (where such prior occupation or use is not provided for in the Contract or has not been agreed by the Contractor as a temporary measure).
- 29.1 The need for execution of Emergency Works is jointly identified by the Employer and the Contractor and the starting of the execution of Emergency Works shall always require a Work Order issued by the Project Manager.
 - 29.2 The execution of Emergency Works shall be requested by the Contractor based on losses or damages occurred as a result of natural phenomena (such as strong storms, flooding or earthquakes) with imponderable consequences, or on the possibility of damages or losses occurring, or the safety of individuals, works, services or equipment being at risk as result of the natural phenomena. In order to characterize the Emergency Works, the Contractor shall forward a Technical Report to the Project Manager requesting the execution of Emergency Works and characterizing the situation. On the basis of the said report, and of his own judgment of the situation, the Project Manager may issue a Work Order to the Contractor.
 - 29.3 The Employer or even Government authorities may declare an Emergency Situation on the basis of local legislation. In those cases, the Project Manager may issue a Work Order for Emergency Works to the Contractor even without a request by the Contractor.
 - 29.4 If the Contractor is unable or unwilling to do such work immediately, the Employer may do or cause such work to be done as the Employer may determine necessary in order to prevent damage to the Road. In such event the Employer shall, as soon as practicable after the occurrence of any such emergency, notify the Contractor in writing of such emergency, the work done and the reasons therefore. If the work done or caused to be done by the Employer is work that the Contractor was liable to do at its own expense under the Contract, the reasonable costs incurred by the Employer in connection therewith shall be paid by the Contractor to the Employer. Otherwise, the cost of such remedial work shall be borne by the Employer.
- 30. Quality of materials used30.1 The quality of materials used by the Contractor for the execution of the Contract shall be in compliance with the requirements of the Specifications. If the Contractor is of the opinion that materials of higher quality than those stated in the Specifications need to be used in order to ensure compliance with the Contract, he shall use

such better materials, without being entitled to higher prices or remunerations.

- 30.2 Under no circumstances may the Contractor make any claim based on the insufficient quality of materials used by him, even if the material used was authorized by the Project Manager.
- 30.3 The Contractor shall carry out at his own cost the laboratory and other tests that he needs to verify if materials to be used comply with the Specifications, and shall keep records of such tests. If requested by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall hand over the results of the tests.
- 31. Signalling and demarcation of work zones and bypasses31.1 To ensure the safety of road users, including non-motorized road users and pedestrians, the Contractor is responsible to install and maintain at his cost the adequate signalling and demarcation of work sites, which in addition must comply with the applicable legislation.
 - 31.2 If the execution of services and works under the contract is likely to interfere with traffic, the Contractor shall take at his cost the measures necessary to limit such interference to the strict minimum, or any danger to the workers or others. For that purpose, he is entitled to install, within the right-of-way of the road, temporary bypasses, structures or other modifications to be used by traffic during the execution of works and services. The Contractor shall notify the Project Manager of any such temporary installations.
 - 31.3 If the execution of Works and Services by the Contractor makes it necessary to temporarily close a road section, and a traffic detour has to be implemented over other public roads or streets, the Contractor shall be responsible for the adequate signalling of the detour, under the same conditions as stated in GC Sub-Clause 31.1.
 - 31.4 The Contractor shall inform the local authorities and the local police about such activities to be carried out by him which may cause any significant interruptions or changes to the normal traffic patterns. Such information shall be made in writing and at least seven (7) days before the beginning of such activities. Upon request from the Contractor, the Employer shall assist the Contractor in the coordination with the local authorities and the local police.

D. ALLOCATION OF **RISKS**

32. Employer's 32.1 From the Start Date until the Defects Correction Certificate has been issued, the following are Employer's risks insofar as they directly affect the execution of the Works and Services included in this Contract:

- (a) war, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), invasion, act of foreign enemies;
- (b) rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or civil war;
- (c) ionising radiations, contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel, or any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel, radioactive toxic explosive or other hazardous properties of any explosive nuclear assembly or nuclear component thereof;
- (d) riot, commotion or disorder, unless solely restricted to employees of the Contractor or of his Subcontractors and arising from the conduct of the Works and Services;
- (e) loss or damage due to the use or occupation by the Employer of any unfinished Section or part of the Works, except as may be provided for in the Contract;
- (f) any operation of the forces of nature against which an experienced contractor could not reasonably have been expected to take precautions.
- **33. Contractor's** 33.1 The Employer carries the risks which this Contract states are Employer's risks, and the remaining risks are the Contractor's risks.
- 34. Loss of or 34.1 Subject to GC Sub-Clause 34.3, the Contractor shall indemnify and Damage to hold harmless the Employer and its employees and officers from and **Property;** against any and all suits, actions or administrative proceedings, claims, demands, losses, damages, costs, and expenses of whatsoever Accident or nature, including attorney's fees and expenses, in respect of the death **Injury** to or injury of any person or loss of or damage to any property arising Workers: Indemnificain connection with the execution and by reason of the negligence of tion the Contractor or its Subcontractors, or their employees, officers or agents, except any injury, death or property damage caused by the negligence of the Employer, its contractors, employees, officers or agents.
 - 34.2 If any proceedings are brought or any claim is made against the Employer that might subject the Contractor to liability under GC Sub-Clause 34.1, the Employer shall promptly give the Contractor a notice thereof and the Contractor may at its own expense and in the Employer's name conduct such proceedings or claim and any negotiations for the settlement of any such proceedings or claim.

If the Contractor fails to notify the Employer within twenty-eight (28) days after receipt of such notice that it intends to conduct any such proceedings or claim, then the Employer shall be free to conduct the same on its own behalf. Unless the Contractor has so failed to notify the Employer within the twenty-eight (28) day period, the Employer

The Employer shall, at the Contractor's request, afford all available assistance to the Contractor in conducting such proceedings or claim, and shall be reimbursed by the Contractor for all reasonable expenses incurred in so doing.

- 34.3 The Employer shall indemnify and hold harmless the Contractor and its employees, officers and Subcontractors from any liability for loss of or damage to property of the Employer, other than the Works not yet taken over, that is caused by fire, explosion or any other perils, in excess of the amount recoverable from insurances procured under GC Clause 35, provided that such fire, explosion or other perils were not caused by any act or failure of the Contractor.
- 34.4 The party entitled to the benefit of an indemnity under this GC Clause 34 shall take all reasonable measures to mitigate any loss or damage which has occurred. If the party fails to take such measures, the other party's liabilities shall be correspondingly reduced.
- **35. Insurance** 35.1 To the extent specified in the PC, the Contractor shall at its expense take out and maintain in effect, or cause to be taken out and maintained in effect, during the performance of the Contract, the insurances set forth below in the sums and with the deductibles and other conditions specified in the said PC. The identity of the insurers and the form of the policies shall be subject to the approval of the Employer, who should not unreasonably withhold such approval.
 - (a) Loss of or damage to the Plant and Materials

Covering loss or damage occurring prior to Completion.

(b) Third Party Liability Insurance

Covering bodily injury or death suffered by third parties (including the Employer's personnel) and loss of or damage to property occurring in connection with Works and Services.

(c) Automobile Liability Insurance

Covering use of all vehicles used by the Contractor or its Subcontractors (whether or not owned by them) in connection with the execution of the Contract.

(d) Workers' Compensation

In accordance with the statutory requirements applicable in any country where the Contract or any part thereof is executed.

(e) Employer's Liability

In accordance with the statutory requirements applicable in any country where the Contract or any part thereof is executed.

(f) Other Insurances

Such other insurances as may be specifically agreed upon by the parties.

- 35.2 The Employer shall be named as co-insured under all insurance policies taken out by the Contractor pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 35.1, except for the Third Party Liability, Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurances, and the Contractor's Subcontractors shall be named as co-insured under all insurance policies taken out by the Contractor pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 35.1 except for the Cargo Insurance During Transport, Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurances. All insurer's rights of subrogation against such co-insured for losses or claims arising out of the performance of the Contract shall be waived under such policies.
- 35.3 The Contractor shall deliver to the Employer certificates of insurance (or copies of the insurance policies) as evidence that the required policies are in full force and effect. The certificates shall provide that no less than twenty-one (21) days' notice shall be given to the Employer by insurers prior to cancellation or material modification of a policy.
- 35.4 The Contractor shall ensure that, where applicable, its Subcontractor(s) shall take out and maintain in effect adequate insurance policies for their personnel and vehicles and for work executed by them under the Contract, unless such Subcontractors are covered by the policies taken out by the Contractor.
- 35.5 If the Contractor fails to take out and/or maintain in effect the insurances referred to in GC Sub-Clause 35.1, the Employer may take out and maintain in effect any such insurances and may from time to time deduct from any amount due the Contractor under the Contract any premium that the Employer shall have paid to the insurer, or may otherwise recover such amount as a debt due from the Contractor.
- 35.6 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall prepare and conduct all and any claims made under the policies effected by it pursuant to this GC Clause 35, and all monies payable by any insurers shall be paid to the Contractor. The Employer shall give to the Contractor all such reasonable assistance as may be required by the Contractor. With respect to insurance claims in which the Employer's interest is involved, the Contractor shall not give any release or make any compromise with the insurer without the prior written consent of the Employer. With respect to insurance claims in which the Contractor's interest is involved, the Employer shall not give any release or make any compromise with the insurer without the prior written consent of the Contractor.

- **36.** Unforeseen 36.1 If, during the execution of the Contract, the Contractor shall encounter on the Site any physical conditions (other than climatic conditions) or **Conditions** artificial obstructions that could not have been reasonably foreseen prior to the date of the Contract Agreement by an experienced contractor on the basis of reasonable examination of the data relating to the Road (including any data and tests provided by the Employer), and on the basis of information that it could have obtained from a visual inspection of the Site or other data readily available to it relating to the Road, and if the Contractor determines that it will in consequence of such conditions or obstructions incur additional cost and expense or require additional time to perform its obligations under the Contract that would not have been required if such physical conditions or artificial obstructions had not been encountered, the Contractor shall promptly, and before performing additional work or using additional Plant and Equipment or Contractor's Equipment, notify the Project Manager in writing of
 - (a) the physical conditions or artificial obstructions on the Site that could not have been reasonably foreseen;
 - (b) the additional work and/or Plant and Equipment and/or Contractor's Equipment required, including the steps which the Contractor will or proposes to take to overcome such conditions or obstructions;
 - (c) the extent of the anticipated delay;
 - (d) the additional cost and expense that the Contractor is likely to incur.

On receiving any notice from the Contractor under this GC Sub-Clause 36.1, the Project Manager decides upon the actions to be taken to overcome the physical conditions or artificial obstructions encountered. Following such consultations, the Project Manager shall instruct the Contractor, with a copy to the Employer, of the actions to be taken.

- 36.2 Any reasonable additional cost and expense incurred by the Contractor in following the instructions from the Project Manager to overcome such physical conditions or artificial obstructions referred to in GC Sub-Clause 36.1 shall be paid by the Employer to the Contractor as an addition to the Contract Price.
- 36.3 If the Contractor is delayed or impeded in the performance of the Contract because of any such physical conditions or artificial obstructions referred to in GC Sub-Clause 36.1, the Time for Completion shall be extended in accordance with GC Clause 64.

37. Change in Laws and Regulations37.1 If, after the date twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date of Bid submission, in the country where the Site is located, any law, regulation, ordinance, order or by-law having the force of law is enacted, promulgated, abrogated or changed (which shall be deemed

to include any change in interpretation or application by the competent authorities) that subsequently affects the costs and expenses of the Contractor and/or the Time for Completion, the Contract Price shall be correspondingly increased or decreased, and/or the Time for Completion shall be reasonably adjusted to the extent that the Contractor has thereby been affected in the performance of any of its obligations under the Contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, such additional or reduced costs shall not be separately paid or credited if the same has already been accounted for in the price adjustment provisions where applicable, in accordance with the PC.

- 38. Force Majeure
 38.1 "Force Majeure" shall mean any event beyond the reasonable control of the Employer or of the Contractor, as the case may be, insofar as they directly affect the execution of the Services and Works included in this Contract and which is unavoidable notwithstanding the reasonable care of the party affected, and shall include, without limitation, the following:
 - (a) war, hostilities or warlike operations (whether a state of war be declared or not), invasion, act of foreign enemy and civil war;
 - (b) rebellion, revolution, insurrection, mutiny, usurpation of civil or military government, conspiracy, riot, civil commotion and terrorist acts;
 - (c) confiscation, nationalization, mobilization, commandeering, requisition by or under the order of any government or de jure or de facto authority or ruler or any other act or failure to act of any local state or national government authority;
 - (d) strike, sabotage, lockout, embargo, import restriction, port congestion, lack of usual means of public transportation and communication, industrial dispute, shipwreck, shortage or restriction of power supply, epidemics, quarantine and plague;
 - (e) earthquake, landslide, volcanic activity, fire, flood or inundation, tidal wave, typhoon or cyclone, hurricane, storm, lightning, or other inclement weather condition, nuclear and pressure waves or other natural or physical disaster;
 - (f) shortage of labor, materials or utilities where caused by circumstances that are themselves Force Majeure.
 - 38.2 If either party is prevented, hindered or delayed from or in performing any of its obligations under the Contract by an event of Force Majeure, then it shall notify the other in writing of the occurrence of such event and the circumstances thereof within fourteen (14) days after the occurrence of such event.
 - 38.3 The party who has given such notice shall be excused from the performance or punctual performance of its obligations under the Contract for so long as the relevant event of Force Majeure continues

and to the extent that such party's performance is prevented, hindered or delayed. The Time for Completion shall be extended in accordance with GC Clause 64.

- 38.4 The party or parties affected by the event of Force Majeure shall use reasonable efforts to mitigate the effect thereof upon its or their performance of the Contract and to fulfill its or their obligations under the Contract, but without prejudice to either party's right to terminate the Contract under GC Sub-Clause 38.6.
- 38.5 No delay or non-performance by either party hereto caused by the occurrence of any event of Force Majeure shall
 - constitute a default or breach of the Contract; (a)
 - (b) give rise to any claim for damages or additional cost or expense occasioned thereby;

if and to the extent that such delay or non-performance is caused by the occurrence of an event of Force Majeure.

- 38.6 If the performance of the Contract is substantially prevented, hindered or delayed for a single period of more than sixty (60) days or an aggregate period of more than one hundred and twenty (120) days on account of one or more events of Force Majeure during the currency of the Contract, the parties will attempt to develop a mutually satisfactory solution, failing which either party may terminate the Contract by giving a notice to the other, but without prejudice to either party's right to terminate the Contract under GC Clause 59.
- 38.7 In the event of termination pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 38.6, the rights and obligations of the Employer and the Contractor shall be as specified in GC Sub-Clauses 59.1.2 and 59.1.3.
- 38.8 Notwithstanding GC Sub-Clause 38.5, Force Majeure shall not apply to any obligation of the Employer to make payments to the Contractor herein.

E. GUARANTEES AND LIABILITIES

39. Completion 39.1 The Contractor guarantees that it shall attain specified Service Levels Time and the Completion of Rehabilitation and Improvement Works (or a Guarantee part for which a separate time for completion is specified in the PC) within the time schedules specified in the PC and the Specifications, and Liability pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 10.2, or within such extended time to which the Contractor shall be entitled under GC Clause 64 hereof.

> 39.2 If the Contractor fails to attain specified Service Levels within the contractually agreed time schedules as given in the Specifications, the contractor shall receive reduced payments for Maintenance Services,

for such default and not as a penalty, in accordance with the Specifications.

- 39.3 If the Contractor fails to attain the Completion of Rehabilitation and Improvement Works (or a part for which a separate time for completion is specified in the PC clause 39.1) within the contractually required time schedules, the contractor shall shall pay to the Employer liquidated damages for such default and not as a penalty, in accordance with the PC and the Specifications.
- 39.4 The payment reductions and liquidated damages indicated in GC 39.2 and 39.3 shall be the only monies due from the Contractor for such defaults, and they will be applied for every day of delay, in accordance with the PC and the Specifications. The aggregate amount of such liquidated damages and payment reductions shall in no event exceed the "aggregate liability" in accordance with GC Clause 42. The payment or deduction of such sums shall not relieve the Contractor from his obligation to complete the Works and Services, or from any other of his obligations and liabilities under the Contract.
- 40. Performance Guarantee and Liability40.1 The Contractor guarantees that during the Performance Tests or Inspections for Rehabilitation and Improvement Works, and for Emergency Works, the Road and all parts thereof shall attain the Performance Standards specified in the corresponding Specifications.
 - 40.2 If, for reasons attributable to the Contractor, the minimum level of the Performance Standards specified in the corresponding Specifications are not met either in whole or in part, the Contractor shall at its cost and expense make such changes, modifications and/or additions to the Road or any part thereof as may be necessary to meet at least the minimum level of such Standards. The Contractor shall notify the Employer upon completion of the necessary changes, modifications and/or additions, and shall request the Employer to repeat the Test or Inspection until the minimum level of the Standards has been met. If the Contractor eventually fails to meet the minimum level of Performance Standard, the Employer may consider termination of the Contract, pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 59.2.2.
 - 40.3 If, for reasons attributable to the Contractor, the Performance Standards relating to Rehabilitation and Improvement Works specified in the corresponding Specifications are not attained either in whole or in part, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's choice, either
 - (a) make such changes, modifications and/or additions to the Works and Services or any part thereof that are necessary to attain the Performance Standards at its cost and expense, and shall request the Employer to repeat the Test, or
 - (b) pay liquidated damages to the Employer in respect of the Works and Services which fail to meet the Performance Standards in

41. Defect

- 40.4 The payment of liquidated damages under GC Sub-Clause 40.3, up to the limitation of liability specified in the PC, shall completely satisfy the Contractor's guarantees under GC Sub-Clause 40.1, and the Contractor shall have no further liability whatsoever to the Employer in respect thereof. Upon the payment of such liquidated damages by the Contractor, the Project Manager shall issue the Certificate of Completion for the Works or any part thereof in respect of which the liquidated damages have been so paid.
- 41.1 The Contractor warrants that the Works and Services or any part thereof shall be free from defects in the design, engineering, materials Liability and workmanship of the Works and Services executed.
 - 41.2 The Defect Liability Period shall be twelve (12) months from the date of Completion of the Contract, or eighteen (18) months from the date of Certificate of Completion of the Works (or any part thereof), whichever occurs first, unless specified otherwise in the PC.

If during the Defect Liability Period any defect should be found in the design, engineering, materials and workmanship of the Works and Services executed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall promptly, in consultation and agreement with the Employer regarding appropriate remedying of the defects, and at its cost, repair, replace or otherwise make good (as the Contractor shall, at its discretion, determine) such defect as well as any damage to the Road caused by such defect. The Contractor shall not be responsible for the repair, replacement or making good of any defect or of any damage to the Road arising out of or resulting from improper operation or maintenance of the Road by the Employer after taking over.

- 41.3 The Contractor's obligations under this GC Clause 41 shall not apply to
 - (a) any works or materials that have a normal life shorter than the Defect Liability Period stated herein;
 - (b) any designs, specifications or other data designed, supplied or specified by or on behalf of the Employer or any matters for which the Contractor has disclaimed responsibility herein;
 - (c) any other materials supplied or any other work executed by or on behalf of the Employer, except for the work executed by the Employer under GC Sub-Clause 41.6.
- 41.4 The Employer shall give the Contractor a notice stating the nature of any such defect together with all available evidence thereof, promptly following the discovery thereof. The Employer shall afford all reasonable opportunity for the Contractor to inspect any such defect.

- 41.5 The Employer shall afford the Contractor all necessary access to the Site to enable the Contractor to perform its obligations under this GC Clause 41. The Contractor may remove from the Site any Plant and Equipment that are defective if the nature of the defect is such that repairs cannot be expeditiously carried out at the Site.
- 41.6 If the Contractor fails to commence the work necessary to remedy such defect or any damage to the Road caused by such defect within a reasonable time (which shall in no event be considered to be less than fifteen (15) days), the Employer may, following notice to the Contractor, proceed to do such work, and the reasonable costs incurred by the Employer in connection therewith shall be paid to the Employer by the Contractor or may be deducted by the Employer from any monies due the Contractor or claimed under the Performance Security.
- 41.7 If the Road or any part thereof cannot be used by reason of such defect and/or making good of such defect, the Defect Liability Period of the Road or such part, as the case may be, shall be extended by a period equal to the period during which the Road or such part cannot be used because of any of the aforesaid reasons.
- 41.8 Except as provided in GC Clauses 40 and 41, the Contractor shall be under no liability whatsoever and howsoever arising, and whether under the Contract or at law, in respect of defects in the Road or any part thereof, the Plant and Equipment, design or engineering or work executed that appear after Completion of the Works and Services, except where such defects are the result of the gross negligence, fraud, criminal or willful action of the Contractor.
- 42. Limitation of 42.1 Except in cases of criminal negligence or willful misconduct,
 - the Contractor shall not be liable to the Employer, whether in (a) contract, tort, or otherwise, for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs, provided that this exclusion shall not apply to any obligation of the Contractor to pay liquidated damages to the Employer and
 - the aggregate liability of the Contractor to the Employer, (b) whether under the Contract, in tort or otherwise, shall not exceed the limit specified in the PC.
- 43.1 The Contractor cannot be held liable for losses or damages of any 43. Liability for kind arising out of traffic accidents on the roads included in the Damages Contract, unless those traffic accidents have been caused directly by through potholes or other major defects of the Road covered by the Contract Traffic Accidents he failed to repair in a timely manner, criminal acts, wilful misconduct or gross negligence of the Contractor. and Traffic
 - 43.2 Under no circumstances can the Contractor be held liable for losses or damages of any kind and to anyone arising out of interruptions of
- Interruptions

Liability

traffic or traffic delays on the road included in the Contract, including any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs.

F. PAYMENT

44. Contract	44.1 The Contract Price shall be as specified in the Form of Contract
Price	Agreement to be paid in the currencies indicated in the PC.

- 44.2 Unless indicated otherwise in the PC, and except in the event of a Change as provided for in the Contract, the Contract Price shall be:
 - (a) For Rehabilitation Works, a firm lump sum not subject to any alteration, to be paid according to work progress;
 - (b) For Maintenance Services, a firm lump sum to be paid in monthly installments;
 - (c) For Improvement Works, the total price stated in the Bill of Quantities for this item;
 - (d) For Emergency Works, the Provisional Sum reserved for this purpose.
- 44.3 The Contractor shall be deemed to have satisfied itself as to the correctness and sufficiency of the Contract Price, which shall, except as otherwise provided for in the Contract, cover all its obligations under the Contract.
- 45. Advance Payment 45.1 The Employer shall make advance payment to the Contractor of the amounts and by the date stated in the PC, against provision by the Contractor of an Unconditional Bank Guarantee in a form and by a bank acceptable to the Employer in amounts and currencies equal to the advance payment. The Guarantee shall remain effective until the advance payment has been repaid, but the amount of the Guarantee shall be progressively reduced by the amounts repaid by the Contractor. Interest will not be charged on the advance payment.
 - 45.2 The Contractor is to use the advance payment only to pay for Equipment, Plant, Materials, and mobilization expenses required specifically for the execution of the Contract. The Contractor shall demonstrate that advance payment has been used in this way by supplying copies of invoices or other documents to the Project Manager.
 - 45.3 The advance payment shall be repaid by deducting proportionate amounts from payments otherwise due to the Contractor, following the schedule of completed percentages of the Works and Services on a payment basis as indicated in the PC.

- 46. Bill of which include the provision of Services (measured by performance Quantities standards) and Works(measured by unit of outputs or of products). The Bill of Quantities for Works shall include, where applicable, the lump-sum and unit price for Rehabilitation Works, and unit rates for Improvement Works and for Emergency Works.
 - 46.2 Maintenance Services shall be measured and billed separately and will be remunerated by lump-sum amount for the period of the contract, and paid in fixed monthly payments during the entire Contract period. The values for remuneration of the Maintenance Services are those stated in the Bill of Quantities.
 - 46.3 Rehabilitation Works will be remunerated by Lump-Sum amount for the period of the contract, however, indicating the quantities of measurable outputs to be executed in order that the Road achieves the performance standards specified in the bidding documents. Payments will be made in accordance with the execution of those measured outputs paid by executed works output. The prices shall be those stated in the Bill of Quantities.
 - 46.4 Improvement Works will be remunerated after acceptance by the Employer and shall be paid according to the product unit price using the prices included in the Bill of Quantities.
 - 46.5 Each Emergency Work Order issued by the Project Manager will include a lump-sum price for the works to be performed. The Lump-Sum price for the Emergency Works will be submitted by the Contractor to the Project Manager in each emergency pursuant to GC Clauses 29 and 61 and will be prepared based on the Specifications and on the unit prices included in the Bill of Quantities for Emergency Works, and will remunerate all Emergency Activities. The prices include compliance with all Performance Indices described in the Specifications. Once approved, Emergency Works will be paid as lump sum in accordance with the schedule of payment proposed by the Contractor for the specific Emergency and approved by the Employer.
 - 46.6 The Bill of Quantities is used to calculate the Contract Price. The amounts for Maintenance Services and Rehabilitation Works are the Lump-Sum prices offered in the Contractor's Bid. The Improvement Works amount included in the Contract is an estimate on the basis of the unit prices included in the Contractor's Bid. The Provisional Sum included in the Contract Price is an estimate for use when authorized by the Employer for Emergency Works and contingencies.
- 47. Measurement 47.1 Maintenance Services will not be measured in volume; however its payment will be affected by compliance with the Performance Standards pursuant to GC Clause 24. Maintenance Services shall be billed in fixed monthly amounts as per the Bill of Quantities Lump-Sum amount for Maintenance Services, beginning from the Start

Date. Payments will be made with Reductions if the Performance Standards are not achieved, as defined in the Specifications. The Reductions for non-compliance with the Performance Standards will be applied on a daily basis for the period under which the Road does not achieve the Performance Standards, in accordance with the methodology specified in the Specifications.

- 47.2 Rehabilitation Works will be measured on the basis indicated in the PC, based on the quantity of actual work outputs as defined in the Specifications, concluded by the Contractor and approved by the Project Manager. 47.3 Improvement Works will be measured on the basis indicated in the PC and in accordance with the unit of measurement used for product unit price included in the Bill of Quantities. The prices shall be those stated in the Bill of Quantities.
- 47.4 Emergency Works will not be measured and shall be billed in accordance with the Schedule of Payments agreed for each specific Emergency Work as approved by the Employer.
- 48. Price Adjustments48.1 Prices shall be adjusted for fluctuations in the cost of inputs only if provided for in the PC. If so provided, the amounts certified in each payment certificate, after deducting for Advance Payment, shall be adjusted by applying the respective price adjustment factor to the payment amounts due in each currency. A separate formula of the type indicated below applies to each Contract currency:

$P_c = A_c + B_c Imc/Ioc$

where:

- P_c is the adjustment factor for the portion of the Contract Price payable in a specific currency "c"
- A_c and B_c are coefficients¹⁵ specified in the PC, representing the nonadjustable and adjustable portions, respectively, of the Contract Price payable in that specific currency "c", and
- Imc is the index prevailing at the end of the month being invoiced and Ioc is the index prevailing twenty-eight (28) days before Bid opening for inputs payable; both in the specific currency "c".
- 48.2 If the value of the index is changed after it has been used in a calculation, the calculation shall be corrected and an adjustment made in the next payment certificate. The index value shall be deemed to take account of all changes in cost due to fluctuations in costs.
- 49. Monthly Statements49.1 The Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager monthly statements in the format indicated in the Specifications, of the estimated value of Maintenance Services, Rehabilitation Works,

¹⁵ The sum of the two coefficients A_c and B_c should be 1 (one) in the formula for each currency. Normally, both coefficients will be the same in the formulae for all currencies, since coefficient A, for the nonadjustable portion of the payments, is a very approximate figure (usually 0.15) to take account of fixed cost elements or other nonadjustable components. The sum of the adjustments for each currency is added to the Contract Price.

and Payments Improvement Works, and Emergency Works in separated items covering the Works and Services for the corresponding month.

- 49.2 The Project Manager shall check the Contractor's monthly statement and certify within fourteen (14) days the amount to be paid to the Contractor.
- 49.3 The value of Services executed shall be certified by the Project Manager taking into account the monthly amount included in the Bill of Quantities for Maintenance Services and the achievement of the Performance Standards for the Maintenance Services adjusted for any payment reductions in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 47.1.
- 49.4 The value of Works executed shall be certified by the Project Manager taking into account the value of the quantities of products executed and the prices in the Bill of Quantities.
- 49.5 The Project Manager may exclude any item certified in a previous certificate or reduce the proportion of any item previously certified in any certificate in the light of later information.
- 50. Payments
 50.1 Payments shall be adjusted for deductions for advance payments, retention, and reductions for not achieving Performance Standards for Maintenance Services. The Employer shall pay the Contractor the amounts certified by the Project Manager in accordance with GC Clause 49, within twenty-eight (28) days of the date of each certificate. If the Employer makes a late payment, the Contractor shall be paid interest on the late payment in the next payment. Interest shall be calculated from the date by which the payment should have been made up to the date when the late payment is made at the prevailing rate of interest for commercial borrowing for each of the currencies in which payments are made.
 - 50.2 If an amount certified is increased in a later certificate or as a result of an award by the Adjudicator or an Arbitrator, the Contractor shall be paid interest upon the delayed payment as set out in this clause. Interest shall be calculated from the date upon which the increased amount would have been certified in the absence of dispute. The interest rate shall be determined as per Sub-Clause 50.1.
 - 50.3 Unless otherwise stated, all payments and deductions will be paid or charged in the proportions of currencies comprising the Contract Price.
 - 50.4 Items of the Works for which no rate or price has been entered in the Bill of Quantities will not be paid for by the Employer and shall be deemed covered by other rates and prices in the Contract.
- 51. Retention and Reductions
 51.1 The Employer shall retain the percentage indicated in the PC from each payment due to the Contractor for Rehabilitation Works and Improvement Works, except for the types of works specified in the PC. The regular monthly lump-sum payments for performance-based

Maintenance Services will not be subject to retentions, unless indicated in the PC.

- 51.2 On completion of the Rehabilitation and Improvement Works, half the total amount retained shall be repaid to the Contractor and the other half after twelve (12) months have passed and the Project Manager has certified that all Defects notified by the Project Manager to the Contractor have been corrected before the end of this period.
- 51.3 On completion of the whole Works and Services, the Contractor may substitute retention money with an "on demand" Bank guarantee.
- 51.4 Reduction of monthly payments for Maintenance Services due to non compliance with the Service Levels will be made as indicated in GC Sub-Clause 47.1. The amount of Reduction for the days in which the Road was not complying with the Performance Standards will not be paid or repaid, even after the Contractor re-establishes the quality levels to the standards required by the contract.
- 52. Taxes and Duties
 52.1 Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall bear and pay all taxes, duties, levies and charges assessed on the Contractor, its Subcontractors or their employees by all municipal, state or national government authorities in connection with the Works and Services in and outside of the country where the Site is located.
 - 52.2 If any tax exemptions, reductions, allowances or privileges may be available to the Contractor in the country where the Site is located, the Employer shall use its best endeavors to enable the Contractor to benefit from any such tax savings to the maximum allowable extent.
 - 52.3 For the purpose of the Contract, it is agreed that the Contract Price specified in the Form of Contract Agreement is based on the taxes, duties, levies and charges prevailing at the date twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date of bid submission in the country where the Site is located (hereinafter called "Tax"). If any rates of Tax are increased or decreased, a new Tax is introduced, an existing Tax is abolished, or any change in interpretation or application of any Tax occurs in the course of the performance of the Contract, which was or will be assessed on the Contractor, Subcontractors or their employees in connection with performance of the Contract, an equitable adjustment of the Contract Price shall be made to fully take into account any such change by addition to the Contract Price or deduction therefrom, as the case may be, in accordance with GC Clause 37 hereof.

53. Securities 53.1 Issuance of Securities

The Contractor shall provide the securities specified below in favor of the Employer at the times, and in the amount, manner and form specified below.

53.2 Advance Payment Security

- 53.2.1The Contractor shall, within twenty-eight (28) days of the notification of contract award, provide a security in an amount equal to the advance payment calculated in accordance with the corresponding PC to the Contract Agreement, and in the same currency or currencies.
- 53.2.2The security shall be in the form provided in the bidding documents or in another form acceptable to the Employer. The amount of the security shall be reduced in proportion to the value of the Works and Services executed by and paid to the Contractor from time to time, and shall automatically become null and void when the full amount of the advance payment has been recovered by the Employer. The security shall be returned to the Contractor immediately after its expiration.

53.3 Performance Security

- 53.3.1The Contractor shall, within twenty-eight (28) days of the notification of contract award, provide a security for the due performance of the Contract in the amount specified in the PC.
- 53.3.2 The security shall be denominated in the currency or currencies of the Contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer, and shall be in one of the forms of guarantees provided in the bidding documents, as stipulated by the Employer in the PC, or in another form acceptable to the Employer.
- 53.3.3The security shall automatically become null and void, twelve (12) months after Completion of all Works and Services under the Contract, provided however, that if the Defects Liability Period has been extended on any part of the Works pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 41.8 hereof, the Contractor shall issue an additional security in an amount proportionate to the Contract Price of that part. The security shall be returned to the Contractor immediately after its expiration.
- 54. Certificate of Completion54.1 The Contractor shall request the Project Manager to issue a Certificate of Completion of the Rehabilitation Works, Improvement Works and Emergency Works, or parts thereof, as applicable, and the Project Manager will do so upon deciding that the work is completed.
- 55. Final Statement
 55.1 The Contractor shall supply the Project Manager with a detailed account of the total amount that the Contractor considers payable under the Contract before the end of the Defects Liability Period. The Project Manager shall issue a Defects Liability Certificate and certify any final payment that is due to the Contractor within fifty-six (56) days of receiving the Contractor's account if it is correct and complete. If it is not, the Project Manager shall issue within fifty-six (56) days a schedule that states the scope of the corrections or additions that are necessary. If the Final Account is still unsatisfactory after it has been resubmitted, the Project Manager shall

decide on the amount payable to the Contractor and issue a payment certificate.

- 56. Discharge
 56.1 Upon submission of the Final Statement, the Contractor shall give to the Project Manager, a written discharge confirming that the total of the Final Statement represents full and final settlement of all monies due to the Contractor arising out of or in respect of the Contract. Provided that such discharge shall become effective only after payment due under the Final Payment Certificate issued pursuant to Sub-Clause 55 has been made and the performance security referred to in Sub-Clause 53.3, if any, has been returned to the Contractor.
 - 57.1 If "as built" Drawings and/or manuals are required, the Contractor shall supply them by the dates stated in the PC.
 - Drawings and Manuals

57. As Built

57.2 If the Contractor does not supply the Drawings and/or manuals by the dates stated in the PC, or they do not receive the Project Manager's approval, the Project Manager shall withhold the amount stated in the PC from payments due to the Contractor.

G. REMEDIES

58. Suspension
58.1 The Employer may request the Project Manager, by notice to the Contractor, to order the Contractor to suspend performance of any or all of its obligations under the Contract. Such notice shall specify the obligation of which performance is to be suspended, the effective date of the suspension and the reasons therefore. The Contractor shall thereupon suspend performance of such obligation (except those obligations necessary for the care or preservation of the Site and Works) until ordered in writing to resume such performance by the Project Manager.

If, by virtue of a suspension order given by the Project Manager, other than by reason of the Contractor's default or breach of the Contract, the Contractor's performance of any of its obligations is suspended for an aggregate period of more than ninety (90) days, then at any time thereafter and provided that at that time such performance is still suspended, the Contractor may give a notice to the Project Manager requiring that the Employer shall, within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt of the notice, order the resumption of such performance or request and subsequently order a change in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 63.1, excluding the performance of the suspended obligations from the Contract.

If the Employer fails to do so within such period, the Contractor may, by a further notice to the Project Manager, elect to treat the suspension as termination of the Contract under GC Sub-Clause 59.1.

- 58.2 If
 - (a) the Employer has failed to pay the Contractor any sum due under the Contract within the specified period, has failed to

approve any invoice or supporting documents without just cause pursuant to the Contract, or commits a substantial breach of the Contract, the Contractor may give a notice to the Employer that requires payment of such sum, with interest thereon as stipulated in GC Sub-Clause 50.1, requires approval of such invoice or supporting documents, or specifies the breach and requires the Employer to remedy the same, as the case may be. If the Employer fails to pay such sum together with such interest, fails to approve such invoice or supporting documents or give its reasons for withholding such approval, or fails to remedy the breach or take steps to remedy the breach within fourteen (14) days after receipt of the Contractor's notice; or

(b) the Contractor is unable to carry out any of its obligations under the Contract for any reason attributable to the Employer, including but not limited to the Employer's failure to provide possession of or access to the Site, or failure to obtain any governmental permit under the Employer's responsibility and necessary for the execution and/or completion of the Works and Services,

then the Contractor may by fourteen (14) days' notice to the Employer suspend performance of all or any of its obligations under the Contract, or reduce the rate of progress.

- 58.3 If the Contractor's performance of its obligations is suspended or the rate of progress is reduced pursuant to this GC Clause 58, then the Time for Completion shall be extended in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 64, and any and all additional costs or expenses incurred by the Contractor as a result of such suspension or reduction shall be paid by the Employer to the Contractor in addition to the Contract Price, except in the case of suspension order or reduction in the rate of progress by reason of the Contractor's default or breach of the Contract.
- 58.4 During the period of suspension, the Contractor shall not remove from the Site any Plant and Equipment or any Contractor's Equipment, without the prior written consent of the Employer.

- **59. Termination** 59.1 Termination for Employer's Convenience
 - 59.1.1 The Employer may at any time terminate the Contract for any reason by giving the Contractor a notice of termination that refers to this GC Sub-Clause 59.1.
 - 59.1.2 Upon receipt of the notice of termination under GC Sub-Clause 59.1.1, the Contractor shall either immediately or upon the date specified in the notice of termination
 - (a) cease all further work, except for such work as the Employer may specify in the notice of termination for the sole purpose of protecting that part of the Works and Services already executed, or any work required to leave the Site in a clean and safe condition,
 - (b) terminate all subcontracts, except those to be assigned to the Employer pursuant to paragraph (d) (ii) below,
 - (c) remove all Contractor's Equipment from the Site, repatriate the Contractor's and its Subcontractors' personnel from the Site, remove from the Site any wreckage, rubbish and debris of any kind, and leave the whole of the Site in a clean and safe condition.
 - (d) In addition, the Contractor, subject to the payment specified in GC Sub-Clause 59.1.3, shall
 - (i) deliver to the Employer the parts of the Works executed by the Contractor up to the date of termination,
 - (ii) to the extent legally possible, assign to the Employer all right, title and benefit of the Contractor to the Works and Services and to the Plant and Equipment as of the date of termination, and, as may be required by the Employer, in any subcontracts concluded between the Contractor and its Subcontractors
 - (iii) deliver to the Employer all non-proprietary drawings, specifications and other documents prepared by the Contractor or its Subcontractors as at the date of termination in connection with the Works.
 - 59.1.3 In the event of termination of the Contract under GC Sub-Clause 59.1.1, the Employer shall pay to the Contractor the following amounts:
 - (a) the Contract Price, properly attributable to the parts of the works and services executed by the Contractor as of the date of termination,

- (b) the costs reasonably incurred by the Contractor in the removal of the Contractor's Equipment from the Site and in the repatriation of the Contractor's and its Subcontractors' personnel,
- (c) any amounts to be paid by the Contractor to its Subcontractors in connection with the termination of any subcontracts, including any cancellation charges,
- (d) the costs incurred by the Contractor in protecting and leaving the Site in a clean and safe condition pursuant to paragraph (a) of GC Sub-Clause 59.1.2,
- (e) the cost of satisfying all other obligations, commitments and claims that the Contractor may in good faith have undertaken with third parties in connection with the Contract and that are not covered by paragraphs (a) through (d) above.
- 59.2 Termination for Contractor's Default
 - 59.2.1The Employer, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies it may possess, may terminate the Contract forthwith in the following circumstances by giving a notice of termination and its reasons therefor to the Contractor, referring to this GC Sub-Clause 59.2:
 - (a) if the Contractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent, has a receiving order issued against it, compounds with its creditors, or, if the Contractor is a corporation, a resolution is passed or order is made for its winding up (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purposes of amalgamation or reconstruction), a receiver is appointed over any part of its undertaking or assets, or if the Contractor takes or suffers any other analogous action in consequence of debt;
 - (b) if the Contractor assigns or Take-Overs the Contract or any right or interest therein in violation of the provision of GC Clause 13;
 - (c) if the Contractor, in the judgment of the Employer has engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive or coercive practices in competing for or in executing the Contract.

For the purpose of this Sub-Clause:

(i) "corrupt practice"¹⁶ is the offering, giving, receiving or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party;

¹⁶ "Another party" refers to a public official acting in relation to the procurement process or contract execution]. In this context, "public official" includes World Bank staff and employees of other organizations taking or reviewing procurement decisions.

- (ii) "fraudulent practice"¹⁷ is any act or omission, including a misrepresentation, that knowingly or recklessly misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party to obtain a financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation;
- (iii) "collusive practice"¹⁸ is an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including to influence improperly the actions of another party;
- (iv) "coercive practice"¹⁹ is impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party;
- (v) "obstructive practice" is
 - (aa) deliberately destroying, falsifying, altering or concealing of evidence material to the investigation or making false statements to investigators in order to materially impede a Bank investigation into allegations of a corrupt, fraudulent, coercive or collusive practice; and/or threatening, harassing or intimidating any party to prevent it from disclosing its knowledge of matters relevant to the investigation or from pursuing the investigation, or
 - (bb) acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank's inspection and audit rights provided for under Sub-Clause 1.15 [Inspections and Audits by the Bank].

59.2.2 If the Contractor

- (a) has abandoned or repudiated the Contract
- (b) has without valid reason failed to commence work on the Road promptly or has suspended (other than pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 58.2) the progress of Contract performance for more than twenty-eight (28) days after receiving a written instruction from the Employer to proceed,
- (c) persistently fails to execute the Contract in accordance with the Contract, such failure being defined in the PC, or persistently neglects otherwise to carry out its obligations under the Contract without just cause,
- (d) refuses or is unable to provide sufficient materials, services or labor to execute and complete the Works and

¹⁷ A "party" refers to a public official; the terms "benefit" and "obligation" relate to the procurement process or contract execution; and the "act or omission" is intended to influence the procurement process or contract execution.

¹⁸ "Parties" refers to participants in the procurement process (including public officials) attempting to establish bid prices at artificial, non competitive levels.

¹⁹ A "party" refers to a participant in the procurement process or contract execution.

Services in the manner specified in the program furnished under GC Clause 17 at rates of progress that give reasonable assurance to the Employer that the Contractor can attain completion of the works and services by the Time for Completion as extended,

then the Employer may, without prejudice to any other rights it may possess under the Contract, give a notice to the Contractor stating the nature of the default and requiring the Contractor to remedy the same. If the Contractor fails to remedy or to take steps to remedy the same within fourteen (14) days of its receipt of such notice, then the Employer may terminate the Contract forthwith by giving a notice of termination to the Contractor that refers to this GC Sub-Clause 59.2.

- 59.2.3Upon receipt of the notice of termination under GC Sub-Clauses 59.2.1 or 59.2.2, the Contractor shall, either immediately or upon such date as is specified in the notice of termination,
 - (a) cease all further work, except for such work as the Employer may specify in the notice of termination for the sole purpose of protecting that part of the Works and Services already executed, or any work required to leave the Site in a clean and safe condition
 - (b) terminate all subcontracts, except those to be assigned to the Employer based on the Employer's written request,
 - (c) deliver to the Employer all drawings, specifications and other documents prepared by the Contractor or its Subcontractors as of the date of termination in connection with the Works and Services.
- 59.2.4 The Contractor shall be entitled to be paid the Contract Price attributable to the Works and Services executed as of the date of termination, and the costs, if any, incurred in protecting and in leaving the Site in a clean and safe condition pursuant to paragraph (a) of GC Sub-Clause 59.2.3. Any sums due the Employer from the Contractor accruing prior to the date of termination shall be deducted from the amount to be paid to the Contractor under this Contract.
- 59.3 Termination by Contractor

59.3.1 If

(a) the Employer has failed to pay the Contractor any sum due under the Contract within the specified period, has failed to approve any invoice or supporting documents without just cause pursuant to GC Clause 50, or commits a substantial breach of the Contract, the Contractor may give a notice to the Employer that requires payment of such sum, with interest thereon as stipulated in GC Sub-Clause 50.2, requires approval of such invoice or supporting documents, or specifies the breach and requires the Employer to remedy the same, as the case may be. If the Employer fails to pay such sum together with such interest, fails to approve such invoice or supporting documents or give its reasons for withholding such approval, fails to remedy the breach or take steps to remedy the breach within fourteen (14) days after receipt of the Contractor's notice, or

(b) the Contractor is unable to carry out any of its obligations under the Contract for any reason attributable to the Employer, including but not limited to the Employer's failure to provide possession of or access to the Site or other areas or failure to obtain any governmental permit under the Employer's responsibility and necessary for the execution and/or completion of the Works and Services,

then the Contractor may give a notice to the Employer thereof, and if the Employer has failed to pay the outstanding sum, to approve the invoice or supporting documents, to give its reasons for withholding such approval, or to remedy the breach within twenty-eight (28) days of such notice, or if the Contractor is still unable to carry out any of its obligations under the Contract for any reason attributable to the Employer within twenty-eight (28) days of the said notice, the Contractor may by a further notice to the Employer referring to this GC Sub-Clause 59.3.1, forthwith terminate the Contract.

- 59.3.2 The Contractor may terminate the Contract forthwith by giving a notice to the Employer to that effect, referring to this GC Sub-Clause 59.3.2, if the Employer becomes bankrupt or insolvent, has a receiving order issued against it, compounds with its creditors, or, being a corporation, if a resolution is passed or order is made for its winding up (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purposes of amalgamation or reconstruction), a receiver is appointed over any part of its undertaking or assets, or if the Employer takes or suffers any other analogous action in consequence of debt.
- 59.3.3 If the Contract is terminated under GC Sub-Clauses 59.3.1 or 59.3.2, then the Contractor shall immediately
 - (a) cease all further work, except for such work as may be necessary for the purpose of protecting that part of the Road already executed, or any work required to leave the Site in a clean and safe condition,

- (b) terminate all subcontracts, except those to be assigned to the Employer pursuant to paragraph (d) (ii),
- (c) remove all Contractor's Equipment from the Site and repatriate the Contractor's and its Subcontractors' personnel from the Site.
- (d) In addition, the Contractor, subject to the payment specified in GC Sub-Clause 59.3.4, shall
 - (i) deliver to the Employer the parts of the Road executed by the Contractor up to the date of termination,
 - (ii) to the extent legally possible, assign to the Employer all right, title and benefit of the Contractor to the Road and to the Plant and Equipment as of the date of termination, and, as may be required by the Employer, in any subcontracts concluded between the Contractor and its Subcontractors,
 - (iii) deliver to the Employer all drawings, specifications and other documents prepared by the Contractor or its Subcontractors as of the date of termination in connection with the Works and Services.
- 59.3.4 If the Contract is terminated under GC Sub-Clauses 59.3.1 or 59.3.2, the Employer shall pay to the Contractor all payments specified in GC Sub-Clause 59.1.3, and reasonable compensation for all loss, except for loss of profit, or damage sustained by the Contractor arising out of, in connection with or in consequence of such termination.
- 59.3.5 Termination by the Contractor pursuant to this GC Sub-Clause 59.3 is without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Contractor that may be exercised in lieu of or in addition to rights conferred by GC Sub-Clause 59.3.
- 59.4 In this GC Clause 59, in calculating any monies due from the Employer to the Contractor, account shall be taken of any sum previously paid by the Employer to the Contractor under the Contract, including any advance payment paid pursuant to the Contract.

H. PROVISIONAL SUM

60. Provisional Sum60.1 "Provisional Sum" means a sum included in the Contract for use when authorized by the Employer for Emergency Works and for contingencies, which sum may be used, in whole or in part, or not at all, on the instructions of the Employer. The Contractor shall be entitled to only such amounts in respect of the work, supply or

contingencies to which such Provisional Sums relate as the Project Manager shall determine in accordance with this Clause.

61. Use of Provisional Sum for Emergency Works
61.1 After detecting a situation which in the opinion of the Contractor justifies the execution of Emergency Works or otherwise as defined in GC Clause 29, the Contractor shall submit a Technical Report to the Project Manager characterizing the situation, and state estimated works quantities to correct the emergency situation, and a Lump Sum price quotation for the Emergency Works to be carried out. The price quotation should be based on the Specifications stated in Section VII using the unit prices included in the Bill of Quantities.

- 61.2 If the execution of the Emergency Works require any activity not priced in the Bill of Quantities, the Contractor will use the price breakdowns included in the Contractor's Bid in order to form the unit prices of the unpriced items to be included in the Price Quotation of the Emergency Works, all in accordance with agreed methodology for approving new prices.
- 61.3 Upon receiving the request for Emergency Works including a Price Quotation, the Project Manager may issue a Work Order in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 29.2 for execution of the Emergency Works for a Lump-Sum amount with a payment Schedule agreed with the Contractor. The cost of these Works will be covered by the amounts included in the Provisional Sum.
- 62.1 The use of the Provisional Sum to cover for Contingencies will be done under the control and initiative of the Project Manager in accordance with the conditions of the Contract.

I. CHANGE IN CONTRACT ELEMENTS

63.1 Introducing a Change

- 63.1.1 If so indicated in the PC, the Employer shall have the right to propose, and subsequently require, that the Project Manager order the Contractor from time to time during the performance of the Contract to make any change, modification, addition or deletion to, in or from the Assignments to the Contractor (hereinafter called "Change"), provided that such Change falls within the general scope of the Assignment and does not constitute unrelated work and that it is technically practicable, taking into account both the state of advancement of the Works and Services and the technical compatibility of the Change envisaged with the nature of the Works and Services as specified in the Contract.
 - 63.1.2 If so indicated in the PC, the Contractor may from time to time during its performance of the Contract propose to the

63. Change in Assignments to Contractor

62. Use of

cies

Provisional

Sum for ContingenEmployer (with a copy to the Project Manager) any Change that the Contractor considers necessary or desirable to improve the quality, efficiency or safety of the Works and Services. The Employer may at its discretion approve or reject any Change proposed by the Contractor.

- 63.1.3Notwithstanding GC Sub-Clauses 63.1.1 and 63.1.2, no change made necessary because of any default of the Contractor in the performance of its obligations under the Contract shall be deemed to be a Change, and such change shall not result in any adjustment of the Contract Price or the Time for Completion.
- 63.1.4The procedure on how to proceed with and execute Changes is specified in GC Sub-Clauses 63.2 and 63.3, further details and sample forms are provided in the Sample Forms and Procedures section in the bidding documents.
- 63.2 Changes Originating from Employer
 - 63.2.1 If the Employer proposes a Change pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 63.1.1, it shall send to the Contractor a "Request for Change Proposal," requiring the Contractor to prepare and furnish to the Project Manager, as soon as reasonably practicable, a "Change Proposal," which shall include the following:
 - (a) brief description of the Change
 - (b) effect on the Time for Completion
 - (c) estimated cost of the Change
 - (d) effect on Functional Guarantees (if any)
 - (e) effect on any other provisions of the Contract
 - 63.2.2Prior to preparing and submitting the "Change Proposal," the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager an "Estimate for Change Proposal," which shall be an estimate of the cost of preparing and submitting the Change Proposal.

Upon receipt of the Contractor's Estimate for Change Proposal, the Employer shall do one of the following:

- (a) accept the Contractor's estimate with instructions to the Contractor to proceed with the preparation of the Change Proposal,
- (b) advise the Contractor of any part of its Estimate for Change Proposal that is unacceptable and request the Contractor to review its estimate,
- (c) advise the Contractor that the Employer does not intend to proceed with the Change.

- 63.2.3 Upon receipt of the Employer's instruction to proceed under GC Sub-Clause 63.2.2 (a), the Contractor shall, with proper expedition, proceed with the preparation of the Change Proposal, in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 63.2.1.
- 63.2.4 The pricing of any Change shall, as far as practicable, be calculated in accordance with the rates and prices included in the Contract. If such rates and prices are inequitable, the parties thereto shall agree on specific rates for the valuation of the Change.
- 63.2.5 If before or during the preparation of the Change Proposal it becomes apparent that the aggregate effect of compliance therewith, and with all other Change Orders that have already become binding upon the Contractor under this GC Clause 63, would be to increase or decrease the Contract Price as originally set forth in the Contract Agreement by more than fifteen percent (15%), the Contractor may give a written notice of objection thereto prior to furnishing the Change Proposal as aforesaid. If the Employer accepts the Contractor's objection, the Employer shall withdraw the proposed Change and shall notify the Contractor in writing thereof.

The Contractor's failure to so object shall neither affect its right to object to any subsequent requested Changes or Change Orders herein, nor affect its right to take into account, when making such subsequent objection, the percentage increase or decrease in the Contract Price that any Change not objected to by the Contractor represents.

63.2.6 Upon receipt of the Change Proposal, the Employer and the Contractor shall mutually agree upon all matters therein contained. Within fourteen (14) days after such agreement, the Employer shall, if it intends to proceed with the Change, issue the Contractor with a Change Order.

If the Employer is unable to reach a decision within fourteen (14) days, it shall notify the Contractor with details of when the Contractor can expect a decision.

If the Employer decides not to proceed with the Change for whatever reason, it shall, within the said period of fourteen (14) days, notify the Contractor accordingly. Under such circumstances, the Contractor shall be entitled to reimbursement of all costs reasonably incurred by it in the preparation of the Change Proposal, provided that these do not exceed the amount given by the Contractor in its Estimate for Change Proposal submitted in accordance with GC Sub-Clause 63.2.2.

63.2.7 If the Employer and the Contractor cannot reach agreement on the price for the Change, an equitable adjustment to the Time

Upon receipt of a Pending Agreement Change Order, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with effecting the Changes covered by such Order. The parties shall thereafter attempt to reach agreement on the outstanding issues under the Change Proposal.

If the parties cannot reach agreement within sixty (60) days from the date of issue of the Pending Agreement Change Order, then the matter may be referred to the Dispute Review Expert in accordance with the provisions of GC Sub-Clause 6.1.

- 63.3 Changes Originating from Contractor
 - 63.3.11f the Contractor proposes a Change pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 63.1.2, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager a written "Application for Change Proposal," giving reasons for the proposed Change and including the information specified in GC Sub-Clause 63.2.1.

Upon receipt of the Application for Change Proposal, the parties shall follow the procedures outlined in GC Sub-Clauses 63.2.6 and 63.2.7. However, should the Employer choose not to proceed, the Contractor shall not be entitled to recover the costs of preparing the Application for Change Proposal.

- 64.1 The Time(s) for Completion specified in the PC shall be extended if Time for the Contractor is delayed or impeded in the performance of any of its obligations under the Contract by reason of any of the following: Completion
 - any Change in the Works and Services as provided in GC Clause (a) 63,
 - any occurrence of Force Majeure as provided in GC Clause 38 (b) and unforeseen conditions as provided in GC Clause 36,
 - any suspension order given by the Employer under GC Clause (c) 58.
 - (d) any changes in laws and regulations as provided in GC Clause 37, or
 - any default or breach of the Contract by the Employer, or any (e) activity, act or omission of any other contractors employed by the Employer, or
 - (f) any other matter specifically mentioned in the Contract

64. Extension

by such period as shall be fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and as shall fairly reflect the delay or impediment sustained by the Contractor.

- 64.2 Except where otherwise specifically provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager a notice of a claim for an extension of the Time for Completion, together with particulars of the event or circumstance justifying such extension as soon as reasonably practicable after the commencement of such event or circumstance. As soon as reasonably practicable after receipt of such notice and supporting particulars of the claim, the Employer and the Contractor shall agree upon the period of such extension. In the event that the Contractor does not accept the Employer's estimate of a fair and reasonable time extension, the Contractor shall be entitled to refer the matter to anDispute Review Expert, pursuant to GC Sub-Clause 6.1.
- 64.3 The Contractor shall at all times use its reasonable efforts to minimize any delay in the performance of its obligations under the Contract.
- **65. Release from Performance 65.1** If the Contract is frustrated by the outbreak of war or by any other event entirely outside the control of either the Employer or the Contractor, the Project Manager shall certify that the Contract has been frustrated. The Contractor shall make the Site safe and stop work as quickly as possible after receiving this certificate and shall be paid for all work carried out before receiving it and for any work carried out afterwards to which a commitment was made.

Section VIII. Particular Conditions (PC)

The following Particular Conditions shall supplement the GC. They are to be completed by the Employer and presented as part of the Bidding Documents. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions herein shall prevail over those in the GC.

Reference to GC clauses

	GC clauses		
1.	At the start of Clause 1 insert the following additional definition:		
"Adjudicator shall mean either Dispute Review Board (DRB) or Dispute Expert (DRE) as appropriate in accordance with the terms of Clause 6."			
	The site is the road betweenChinti and Tvalivi as detailed in the conceptual design and shown on the drawings. The area of the site shall extend for the full length of road and, at any location, shall extend to the width on either side of the road centre line which is required for the execution of permanent works.		
	Start Date: Delete the definition in Clause 1.1 and substitute: The Start Date is the date upon which the Contractor should have started the physical execution of the Works and Services on the site in accordance with an instruction of the Employer. It does not necessarily coincide with any of the dates on which the Employer has given the Contractor possession of the site or part of the site under Subclause 14.2.		
	The name of the Project Manager is: to be advised when the Project Manager is appointed.		
3.	The following documents are also part of the Contract:		
	No special document is annexed to this contract		
4.	The language of the Contract is English and the laws governing the Contract arethe laws of Georgia		
5.	The address of the Employer is:		
	Roads Department of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia, Kazbegi Avenue 12 0160 Tbilisi, Georgia E-mail: info@georoad.ge		
	Attention: Mr. Giorgi Seturidze		
	Note: All correspondence exchange should be in English with attached Georgian translation.		

	The address of the Contractor is: [insert exact street address, including telephone and fax numbers, and E-Mail address] To be completed following the selection of the perfered bidder
6.	Dispute Resolution Method used: <u>DRE</u> (<i>Dispute Review Expert</i>) based on GCC Clauses 6.1.1 up to and including GCC Clause 6.1.8 will be applicable
6.1.2	The Appointing Authority is: Georgian Chamber of Commerce
6.2.3	Arbitration Proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the following rules of procedure:
	Any dispute not settled amicably and in respect of which the decision of the Dispute Review Expert (DRE) (if any) has not become final and binding shall be finally settled by arbitration. Unless otherwise agreed by both Parties:
	(a) Institution whose arbitration procedures shall be used:
	"International Arbitration Court of the Georgian Chamber of Commerce and Industry". Address: 29 Berdzeni Str, Tbilisi, Georgia The place of arbitration shall be: Tbilisi, Georgia The arbitration shall be conducted in the language of the Contract.
	The arbitrators shall have full power to open up, review and revise any certificate, determination, instruction, opinion or valuation of the Project Manager, and any decision of the DRE, relevant to the dispute. Nothing shall disqualify representatives of the Parties and the Project Manager from being called as a witness and giving evidence before the arbitrators on any matter whatsoever relevant to the dispute.
	Neither Party shall be limited in the proceedings before the arbitrators to the evidence nor arguments previously put before the DRE to obtain its decision, or to the reasons for dissatisfaction given in its notice of dissatisfaction. Any decision of the DB shall be admissible in evidence in the arbitration.
	Arbitration may be commenced prior to or after completion of the Project. The obligations of the Parties, the Project Manager and the DRE shall not be altered by reason of any arbitration being conducted during the progress of the Project.
8.4.1	At the Start of the Contract and thereafter when required by the contract or requested by the Project Manager the Contractor shall provide for Comment/Approval:• Programme of Performance with associated Plans • Quality Assurance Plan • Traffic Management Plan • Health and Safety Plan • Emergency Procedures and Contingency Plan
	When putting forward for approval his proposals for the Rehabilitation the Contractor shall prepare and to furnish to the Project Manager for Approval, as a minimum, documents and drawings showing the following:

	 Geometric design, alignments and cross-sections Detailed calculation and design for pavement structure Junction designs Hydrological survey and calculations Drainage and Culvert designs Geotechnical survey Topographical survey Proposed Material Sources Detailed designs for Bridges and Structures Proposed road signage and pavement markings Any other required safety provisions
9.1	Delete the whole of Clause 9 and replace with the following: "The copyright in all drawings, documents and other materials containing data and information prepared for or gathered in the course of this contract and furnished to the Employer by the Contractor, whether prepared by the Contractor or by a third party acting on the Contractor's instructions, shall remain vested in the Employer or, if they are materials, not prepared specifically for this Contract, furnished to the Employer directly or through the Contractor by any third party, including suppliers of materials, the copyright in such materials shall remain vested in such third party."
10.1	The Start Date shall be: upon notification by the Employer & Project Manager.
10.2	Completion Date of Rehabilitation Works is after 17 months from the start date or as amended as per the provisions of the Contract.
12.1	Activity under the contract may be subcontracted only when approved by the Project Manager and the Engineer.
12.2	The Contractor may subcontract under his own responsibility and without prior approval of the Employer, small works related to culverts, guardrail, minor concrete works and vegetation cleaning provided that the value of any such subcontract shall not exceed 10% of the contract value.
14.2	The Employer shall give full possession of and access to the Site not later than 1 week from Start Date.
16.1	 Delete the whole of Clause 16.1 and replace with the following: The Employer will appoint a Supervision consultant as "The Project Manager". The Project Manager shall recommend to the Employer the approval of all of the designs and drawings prepared by the Contractor however no construction work will start until the Project Manager has been authorized by the Employer, in writing, to issue to the Contractor permission to proceed. The Employer shall not, unreasonably, withhold the approval. If the approval is not provided within 28 days, following the request to the Project Manager, the request shall be deemed to have been approved. The Project Manager may also test and inspect the works in progress or cause it to be done by its delegates. In case the Project Manager determines, at any time,

design or not being done in a manner that is likely to achieve the requirements of the approved design, specifications or levels of service, the Project Manager will advise the undertaking of either or both of the following actions: Stopping the work until corrections are made to its satisfaction Rejecting the work and requiring that defective work is removed within 5 working days of its instruction to do so. If the Road Manager named in the Bidding forms (schedule F) cannot, for any reason, fulfill his designated post, then the Contractor shall appoint a different Road Manager, which must be approved by the Employer in advance, before the start Date. The Project Manager will review the Contractor's request will be in accordance with sub-clause 19.1. Nothing set forth in Clause 16.2 shall be deemed as relieving Contractor of any of its obligations, including but not limited to completing all the applicable Works and Services, in a timely manner. At the end of sub-lause 17.2 insert the following additional wording to supplement the clause: The Programme of Performance shall be submitted within 28 days of signing the Agreement or by the Start Date, whichever shall be the later. The Programme of Performance shall include milestones for completion of Rehabilitation works for the following items: First 4 km of road rehabilitation Bridge #3 – at km 4+517 Bridge #4 – at km 5+317 The Programme of Performance shall be agreed with the same procedure as the original Programme. The Contractor shall carry out the following Rehabilitation Works, which are detailed in the Spec		
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 23.1 No maintenance works are included in the Contract. 25.2 The Contractor shall not establish a Self Control Unit. 	22.	Improvement works does not apply.
		No maintenance works are included in the Contract.
26. Insert sub-clause 26.1 (d) with the following wording:		
	26.	Insert sub-clause 26.1 (d) with the following wording:

	The Contract is obligated to comply with the environmental legislation of Georgia
	and the Environmental and Social Management Plan of the Client, which is part of
	the present Contract.
35.1	The Contractor shall take out and maintain in effect the following insurances in the sums and deductibles shown below:
	 (a) Professional indemnity insurance for design liability Covering 110% of the contract value (b) Loss of or damage to the Plant and Materials Covering loss or damage occurring prior to Completion. An amount equal to the estimated cost of the Plant and Materials and their transportation cost to the site shall be insured. (c) Third Party Liability Insurance Covering bodily injury or death suffered by third parties (including the Employer's personnel) and loss of or damage to property occurring in connection with Works and Services for not less than GEL 500,000.00 (d) Automobile Liability Insurance Covering use of all vehicles used by the Contractor or its Subcontractors (whether or not owned by them) in connection with the execution of the
	Contract with a minimum coverage of GEL 50,000.00 per vehicle
39.1	The Time for Completion are the following:
	Completion of all rehabilitation works is 17 months after start date of the contract.
39.3	 The liquidated damages are 0.1% of the total value of the works affected per calendar day of delay beyond the period permitted for completion of all contract works. The total amount of liquidated damages under the Contract shall not exceed 10% of the Contract Price.
41.2	The Defect Liability Period shall be twenty four (24) months from the date of Completion of the Works.
42.1	The aggregate liability of the Contractor to the Employer shall not exceed the contract amount.
44.1	The payment of the Contract Price will be made in the following currencies: TBD in accordance with schedule of payment currencies as submitted by the Successful Bidder.
44.2 46.3 47.2	 The Contract price for rehabilitation Works shall be paid according to work progress as follows: Road Construction - paid by each two-kilometre section completed (except of Road Signage, Marking & Furniture); Bridges - paid for each bridge completed; Road Signage, Marking & Furniture – paid for every two kilometre section completed;
	In the event of minor outstanding works related to Road Construction and/or Bridges, payment for respective two-kilometre section and/or each bridge

	completed will be made with a 10% reduction – releasable when all outstanding work is complete.
	Payment for Road Signage, Marking & Furniture will be made only after fully completing any two kilometre section.
45.1	The amount of the Advance Payment is 20 % of the total value of the lump sum bid for Rehabilitation Works (item A. Contract Works of the Letter of Bid plus respective amount of VAT). The Advance payment will be made in two equal installments, 10% + 10% in the following manner:
	Installment I – will be paid not later than 28 days after receipt and approval of the Advance Payment Guarantee on the same amount and currencies as the Advance Payment (first 10%).
	 Installment II – payment of the second 10% of the Advance Payment has two preconditions: 1. Receipt and approval by the Project Manager and the Employer of the Detailed Design for first 4km section of the road (as per sub-clause 1 SERVICE LEVELS: DESIGN of PART A3: LEVEL OF SERVICE of Section VI: Specifications)
	2. Receipt and approval of the respective Advance Payment Guarantee on the same amount and currencies as the Advance Payment (second 10%).The payment will be made not later than 28 days after both (latest) of above preconditions will be fulfilled.
45.2	First sentence of Clause 45.2 of the GCC is deleted and replaced by the following: The Contractor is to use the advance payment only to pay for Equipment, Plant, Materials, and mobilization expenses required specifically for the execution of the Contract and expenses incurred for and during preparation of Detailed Design for the execution of the Contract.
45.3	Formula to calculate the amount of advance payment to be deducted in each payment:
	$z = \frac{A^*(x\% - y\%)}{80\% - B\%}$
	 Z= The amount to be deducted in the calculated period; A= Expresses amount of deposited Advance Payment; X= Cumulative value of works performed in the calculated period divided by the initial total value of the lump sum bid for Improvement/Construction Worksexpressed in percentage. This value shall not exceed 80%. Y= The same as above but for the previous period. B= 20%

	The Employer will start deduction of the Advance Payment when the value of the Works executed reaches 20% of the works value and will finish deduction when the same reaches 80%.
47.1	Not applicable
47.2	Rehabilitation Works will be measured on the basis of lengths (units in case of bridges) as defined in the Specifications, Section VI, and Clause 44.2 of Particular Conditions
47.3	Not applicable
48.	Price adjustment does not apply.
51.	The retention for Rehabilitation Works is fixed at five percent (5%).
53.2.1	The amount of the Advance Payment security shall be of the same value and currency as the Advance Payment amount, and shall be in the form provided in the bidding documents. Advance Payment Security can be submitted either for the whole 20% of the total value of the contract (Covering both installment I & II) or separately for each installment as per PCC 45.1 Advance Payment Security shall be issued ONLY from local commercial Banks operating on the territory of Georgia.
53.3.1 53.3.2	The form of the Performance Security shall be in the form provided in the bidding documents in the amount of ten percent 10% of the Total Contract amount. Performance Security shall be issued ONLY from local commercial Banks operating on the territory of Georgia.
57.1	The following Drawings and/or Manuals are required at the following dates: As-built drawings of all Rehabilitation Works are to be submitted within 30 (Thirty) days after the Project Manager has certified payment for whole Road Section.
57.2	If the required documents are not supplied in accordance with PC 57.1, the amount to be withheld is GEL 500 per day of delay.
59.2.2(c)	The condition of persistent failure to execute the contract is reached if the Contractor has failed to achieve any milestone of the Rehabilitation Works as specified in PCC sub-clause 17.2 within sixty (60) days after the date when the Milestone should have been reached according to the agreed Programme of Performance.
	The condition of persistent failure to execute the contract is also reached if and when the total amount of payment reductions and liquidated damages applied under the contract reaches ten (10) percent of the total contract amount.
63.1.1	The Employer has the right to propose a change in the contract: Yes
63.1.2	Contractor's right to propose a change in the contract: Yes

63.1.4	Delete the words "further details and sample forms are provided in the Sample		
	Forms and Procedures section in the bidding documents" and replace with		
	"Proposals and Instructions for Changes shall be in a format instructed by the		
	Project Manager."		

Section IX. Annex to the Particular Conditions - Contract Forms

Table of Forms

Notification of Award	
Contract Agreement	
Performance Security	
Advance Payment Security	
Retention Money Security	

LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

[letterhead paper of the Employer]

[date]

To: [name and address of the Contractor]

This is to notify you that your Bid dated [date] for execution of the [name of the Contract and identification number, as given in the Contract Data] for the Accepted Contract Amount of the equivalent of [amount in numbers and words] [name of currency], as corrected and modified in accordance with the Instructions to Bidders, is hereby accepted by our Agency.

You are requested to furnish the Performance Security within 28 days in accordance with the Conditions of Contract, using for that purpose one of the Performance Security Forms included in Section IX, Annex to the Particular Conditions - Contract Forms, of the Bidding Document

Authorized Signature:	
Name and Title of Signatory:	
Name of Agency:	

Attachment: (i) Contract Agreement (ii) Forms for Required Securities

Contract Agreement

THIS AGREEMENT made the day of	,, between
0	f (hereinafter
"the Employer"), of the one part, and	of
(hereinafter "the Contractor"), of the other part:	

The Employer and the Contractor agree as follows:

1. In this Agreement words and expressions shall have the same meanings as are respectively assigned to them in the Contract documents referred to.

2. The following documents shall be deemed to form and be read and construed as part of this Agreement. This Agreement shall prevail over all other Contract documents.

- (i) the Letter of Acceptance
- (ii) the Letter of Bid
- (iii) the addenda Nos _____(if any)
- (iv) the Particular Conditions
- (v) the General Conditions;
- (vi) the Specification
- (vii) the Drawings; and

(viii) the completed Schedules,

3. In consideration of the payments to be made by the Employer to the Contractor as indicated in this Agreement, the Contractor hereby covenants with the Employer to execute the Works and Servics, and to remedy defects therein in conformity in all respects with the provisions of the Contract.

4. The Employer hereby covenants to pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution and completion of the Works and Services, and the remedying of defects therein, the Contract Price or such other sum as may become payable under the provisions of the Contract at the times and in the manner prescribed by the Contract.

IN WITNESS whereof the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed in accordance with the laws of ______ on the day, month and year indicated above.

Signed by	(for the Employer)
-----------	--------------------

Signed by ______ (for the Contractor)

Performance Security

Demand Guarantee

______ [Bank's Name, and Address of Issuing Branch or Office]
Beneficiary: ______ [Name and Address of Employer]
Date: ______

PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE No.:

We have been informed that _____ [name of Contractor] (hereinafter called "the Contractor") has entered into Contract No. _____ [reference number of the contract] dated _____ with you, for the execution of _____ [name of contract and brief description of Works and Services](hereinafter called "the Contract").

Furthermore, we understand that, according to the conditions of the Contract, a performance guarantee is required.

At the request of the Contractor, we _____ [name of Bank] hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you any sum or sums not exceeding in total an amount of ______ [amount in figures]()[amount in words],¹ such sum being payable in the types and proportions of currencies in which the Contract Price is payable, upon receipt by us of your first demand in writing accompanied by a written statement stating that the Contractor is in breach of its obligation(s) under the Contract, without your needing to prove or to show grounds for your demand or the sum specified therein.

This guarantee shall expire, no later than the Day of, $2...^2$, and any demand for payment under it must be received by us at this office on or before that date.

This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, ICC Publication No. 458, except that subparagraph (ii) of Sub-article 20(a) is hereby excluded.

¹ The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the percentage of the Contract Price specified in the Contract and denominated either in the currency(cies) of the Contract or a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer.

² Insert the date twenty-eight days after the expected completion date. The Employer should note that in the event of an extension of the time for completion of the Contract, the Employer would need to request an extension of this guarantee from the Guarantor. Such request must be in writing and must be made prior to the expiration date established in the guarantee. In preparing this guarantee, the Employer might consider adding the following text to the form, at the end of the penultimate paragraph: "The Guarantor agrees to a one-time extension of this guarantee for a period not to exceed [six months][one year], in response to the Employer's written request for such extension, such request to be presented to the Guarantor before the expiry of the guarantee."

[signature(s)]

Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

Advance Payment Security

Demand Guarantee

______ [Bank's Name, and Address of Issuing Branch or Office]
Beneficiary: ______ [Name and Address of Employer]
Date: ______
ADVANCE PAYMENT GUARANTEE No.: ______

We have been informed that _____ [name of Contractor] (hereinafter called "the Contractor") has entered into Contract No. _____ [reference number of the contract]dated _____ with you, for the execution of _____ [name of contract and brief description of Worksand Services](hereinafter called "the Contract").

Furthermore, we understand that, according to the conditions of the Contract, an advance payment in the sum ______ [amount in figures]()[amount in words] is to be made against an advance payment guarantee.

At the request of the Contractor, we _____ [name of Bank] hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you any sum or sums not exceeding in total an amount of ______ [amount in figures]()[amount in words]¹ upon receipt by us of your first demand in writing accompanied by a written statement stating that the Contractor is in breach of its obligation under the Contract because the Contractor used the advance payment for purposes other than the costs of mobilization in respect of the Works.

It is a condition for any claim and payment under this guarantee to be made that the advance payment referred to above must have been received by the Contractor on its account number ______ at _____ [name and address of Bank].

The maximum amount of this guarantee shall be progressively reduced by the amount of the advance payment repaid by the Contractor as indicated in copies of interim statements or payment certificates which shall be presented to us. This guarantee shall expire, at the latest, upon our receipt of a copy of the interim payment certificate indicating that eighty (80) percent of the Contract Price has been certified for payment, or on the ____ day of _____, 2___,²whichever is

¹ The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the amount of the advance payment and denominated either in the currency(ies) of the advance payment as specified in the Contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer.

² Insert the expected expiration date of the Time for Completion. The Employer should note that in the event of an extension of the time for completion of the Contract, the Employer would need to request an extension of this guarantee from the Guarantor. Such request must be in writing and must be made prior to the expiration date established in the guarantee. In preparing this guarantee, the Employer might consider adding the following text to the form, at the end of the penultimate paragraph: "The

earlier.Consequently, any demand for payment under thisguarantee must be received by us at this office on or before that date..

This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, ICC Publication No. 458.

[signature(s)]

Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

Guarantor agrees to a one-time extension of this guarantee for a period not to exceed [six months][one year], in response to the Employer's written request for such extension, such request to be presented to the Guarantor before the expiry of the guarantee."

Retention Money Security

Demand Guarantee

_____ [Bank's Name, and Address of Issuing Branch or Office]
Beneficiary: _____ [Name and Address of Employer]
Date: _____
RETENTION MONEY GUARANTEE No.:

We have been informed that _____ [name of Contractor] (hereinafter called "the Contractor") has entered into Contract No. _____ [reference number of the contract]dated ______ with you, for the execution of _____ [name of contract and brief description of Works and Services](hereinafter called "the Contract").

Furthermore, we understand that, according to the conditions of the Contract, when the Taking-Over Certificate has been issued for the Works and the first half of the Retention Money has been certified for payment, payment of *[insert* thesecond half of the Retention Money*orifthe amount guaranteed under the Performance Guarantee when the Taking-Over Certificate is issued is less than half of the Retention Money*, the difference between half of the Retention Money and the amount guaranteed under the Performance Security] is to be made against a Retention Money guarantee.

At the request of the Contractor, we ______ [name of Bank] hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you any sum or sums not exceeding in total an amount of ______ [amount in figures]()[amount in words]¹ upon receipt by us of your first demand in writing accompanied by a written statement stating that the Contractor is in breach of its obligation under the Contract because the Contractor used the advance payment for purposes other than the costs of mobilization in respect of the Works.

It is a condition for any claim and	payment under this guaran	tee to be made that the payment of
the second half of the Retention	Money referred to above	must have been received by the
Contractor on its account number _	at	[name and address of Bank].

¹ The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the amount of the second half of the Retention Money or or if the amount guaranteed under the Performance Guarantee when the Taking-Over Certificate is issued is less than half of the Retention Money, the difference between half of the Retention Money and the amount guaranteed under the Performance Security and denominated either in the currency(ies) of the second half of the Retention Money as specified in the Contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer.

This guarantee shall expire, at the latest, 21 days after the date when the Employer has received a copy of the Performance Certificate issued by the Engineer.Consequently, any demand for payment under this guarantee must be received by us at this office on or before that date.

This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, ICC Publication No. 458.

[signature(s)]

Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

ANNEXES

THE ANNEXES ARE FOR THE BIDDER'S INFORMATION ONLY. THEY ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT

All Annexes to this BDs are uploaded to the Dropbox data room and are open to all bidders at the following link:

https://www.dropbox.com/sh/tem46iummdem5uf/AACb3Jxb7v8_G9NS Aj70JxG1a?dl=0

ANNEX A

DESIGN REPORT OF CHINTI - TVALIVI SECTION REHABILITATION

SEE SEPARATE VOLUME

ANNEX B

CONCEPTUAL DESIGNDRAWINGS

SEE SEPARATE VOLUME